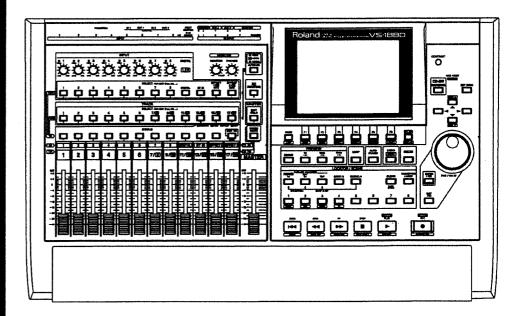
Roland®

24-bit DIGITAL STUDIO WORKSTATION

VS-1880

Appendices



Before using this unit, carefully read the sections entitled: "IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS" (Owner's Manual p. 2), "USING THE UNIT SAFELY" (Owner's Manual p. 3), and "IMPORTANT NOTES" (Owner's Manual p. 5). These sections provide important information concerning the proper operation of the unit. Additionally, in order to feel assured that you have gained a good grasp of every feature provided by your new unit, User Guide, Owner's Manual, and Appendices should be read in its entirety. These manuals should be saved and kept on hand as a convenient reference.

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About MIDI

This section explains the basic concepts of MIDI, and how the VS-1880 handles MIDI messages.

What is MIDI

MIDI stands for **Musical Instrument Digital Interface**. It is a worldwide standard that allows electronic musical instruments and personal computer to exchange musical performance data and messages such as sound selections. Any MIDI-compatible device can transmit musical data (as appropriate for the type of device) to any other MIDI-compatible device, regardless of its manufacturer or model type.

MIDI connectors

MIDI messages (the data handled by MIDI) are transmitted and received using the following three types of connectors. On the VS-1880, MIDI OUT and MIDI THRU are handled by a single connector, which can be switched to act as the desired connector. (Owner's Manual p. 251)

MIDI IN: This receives MIDI messages from external

MIDI devices.

MIDI OUT: This transmits MIDI messages from the

VS-1880.

MIDI THRU: This re-transmits all MIDI messages that were

received at MIDI IN, without modifying them.

MIDI channels

MIDI is able to send information over a single MIDI cable independently to two or more MIDI devices. This is made possible by the concept of MIDI channels. You can think of MIDI channels as being somewhat similar in function to the channels on a television. By changing the channel of a TV set, you can view a variety of programs being transmitted by different broadcast stations. This is because data is received only from the transmitter whose channel is selected on the receiver.

In the same way, a MIDI device whose receive channel is set to "1" will receive only the data being transmitted by another MIDI device whose transmit channel is also set to "1."

MIDI messages

The VS-1880 uses the following types of MIDI message.

Note messages:

These messages are used to play notes. On a keyboard, these message transmit the key (note number) that was pressed, and how strongly it was pressed (velocity). On the VS-1880,

these messages are used when you use a MIDI sound source to play the metronome sound.

Program Change messages:

These messages are for the purpose of selecting sounds, and contain a program number of 1–128. The VS-1880 uses these messages to select scenes and effects. (Owner's Manual p. 199)

Control Change messages:

In general, these messages are used to transmit information such as vibrato, hold, and volume etc., that makes a performance more expressive. The various functions are differentiated by a controller number from 0–127, and the controller number is defined for each function. The functions that can be controlled on any given device will depend on that device.

On the VS-1880, these messages are used in a completely different way than on most instruments; they are used to control mixer parameters.

Exclusive messages:

Unlike note messages and control change messages, exclusive messages are used to transmit settings that are unique to a particular device. On the VS-1880, exclusive messages can be used to control mixer parameters (in the same way as control change messages). Normally, control change messages are easier to handle, so they should be used rather than exclusive messages. Exclusive messages intended for different units are distinguished by their Device ID, rather than by MIDI channel. When exclusive messages are to be transmitted or received, you must set the Device ID of both units to a matching setting.

MIDI implementation chart

MIDI allows a variety of electronic musical instruments to communicate with each other. However it is not necessarily the case that all devices will be able to communicate using all types of MIDI message. They can only communicate using those types of MIDI message that they have in common. Each owner's manual for a MIDI device includes a MIDI Implementation Chart. This chart shows you at a glance the types of MIDI message that can be transmitted and received. By comparing the implementation charts of two devices, you will be able to see the types of message with which they will be able to communicate.

About SCSI

SCSI stands for **Small Computer System Interface**. It is a data transfer standard that allows large amounts of data to be sent and received. The VS-1880 comes prepared with a SCSI connectors allowing you to connect external SCSI devices such as hard disks and Zip drives. This section describes the procedures and precautions taken when using these devices.

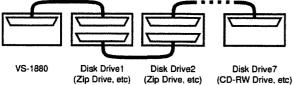
Disk drives are precision devices. If they are connected or used incorrectly, not only may they fail to operate correctly, but the data on the disk can be lost or, in the worst case, the disk drive itself may be damaged. Please be sure to read the manual for your disk drive.



A disk drive being used for the first time with the VS-1880 must be initialized by the VS-1880 (Owner's Manual p. 222). When a disk drive is initialized, all data on that disk drive is lost. Before using a disk drive that has been used by another device, make sure that it is all right to erase the data.

About Connections

Up to 7 disk drives can be connected to the SCSI connector of the VS-1880. Use SCSI cable to connect the disk drives, connecting as shown below. SCSI connectors are not distinguished by input and output ends, so you may attach either end of the cable to the devices. Devices connected in this fashion are referred to as a **SCSI chain** or **daisy chain**.



- The VS-1880 features a DB-25 type connector (female).
 After checking your disk drive to see what kind of SCSI connector it uses, connect it with the appropriate cable.
- Keep SCSI cables as short as possible, and use only cables which have an impedance that is compatible with the SCSI standard ($110\Omega + /-10\%$), and that are completely shield.
- Do not allow the total length of all SCSI cables connecting the chain of disk drives to exceed 6.5 meters.
- Do not connect or disconnect SCSI cables when the power of any device is turned on.

About Terminators

To protect against return noise, the device at each end of a SCSI chain must have a terminating resistance. This is referred to as a **terminator**. Since the VS-1880 is one end of the SCSI chain, its internal terminator is normally in effect. Connect a terminator only to the last external drive in the chain. There are two types of terminators, those that can be switched on and off (internal) and those that are attached using SCSI connections (externally attached). Select the method appropriate for the disk drive you are using.

- Your disk drive may feature a terminator switch that is normally left in the "On" position (i.e., the terminator is usually in effect). Use this type of device as the last piece in a daisy chain.
- Do not use double terminators. For example, don't attach an external terminator to a disk drive that already has and internal terminator.

Active Terminators

If you are using an external terminator, we recommend that you make it an active terminator. In this case, if you are using a disk drive that allows you to turn the power to the terminator on and off, be sure to turn this power on. For details on attaching an active terminator, refer to the owner's manual for your disk drive.



Active Terminator (p. 12), Terminator Power (p. 13)

About SCSI ID Numbers

Each disk drive is distinguished by its SCSI ID number (0–7). This means that when two or more disk drives are connected, you must make settings so that the SCSI ID numbers of the disk drives do not conflict (coincide). If the SCSI ID numbers conflict, the VS-1880 will not be able to correctly recognize the disk drives.

With the factory settings, the VS-1880 is set to SCSI ID number 7. Set the disk drives you are connected to ID numbers other than 7.

Troubleshooting

When the VS-1880 does not perform the way you expect, check the following points before you suspect a malfunction. If this does not resolve the problem, contact servicing by your dealer or qualified Roland Service Center.

Recording and Playback

No Sound

- The power of the VS-1880 and the connected devices is not turned on.
- · The audio cables are not connected correctly.
- · The audio cables are broken.
- The volume is turned down on the connected mixer or amp.
- · Each Levels of the VS-1880 is turned down.

Channel fader

Master fader

MONITOR knob

PHONES knob

- The output jacks which are connected are different than the output jacks selected in the master section of the mixer (Owner's Manual p. 73, 92).
- Short phrases less than 0.5 seconds cannot be played back
- The volume level of the instrument connected to the VS-1880 is too low.
 - → Could you be using a connection cable that contains a resistor? Use a connection cable that does not contain a resistor.
- I can't record or play back, even when I press [PLAY].
 - → Does the he PLAY indicator just blink green? When the EXT SYNC indicator is on, the VS-1880 is receiving MTC receive standby messages from the external MIDI device. Operate the external MIDI device or press [STOP].
 - → When "PowerOFF/RESTART" appears in the display it means that the shutdown procedure is being performed. Hold down [SHIFT] and press [PLAY (RESTART)]. This restarts the VS-1880.

A specific channels does not sound

- The input mixer or the track mixer has not selected correctly.
- · The volume level of the channel is turned down.
 - → When switching between the input mixer and track mixer, recalling Scenes, using Auto Mix, or in other such situation, the actual volume levels may not match the position of the faders. In such cases, bring the faders up or down to match the settings.
- The track is off (the STATUS indicator is off).
- · The Mix Send Switch is set to "Off."
- The Solo or Mute function (Owner's Manual p. 44) is being used.
- "Cntrl Local" is set to "Off."
 - → In this case, fader movements have no effect.
- The song with a recording mode of "MAS" or "CDR" is selected.
 - → When "MAS" is selected, the VS-1880 will function as a 8 track recorder. When "CDR" is selected, the VS-1880 will function as a four-pair stereo recorder (channel link is on: track a-d). Track 9-18 cannot be used.

Cannot record

- The recording track has not been selected (the STATUS indicator is not blinking red).
- Recording source tracks, playback tracks, or effects have not been assigned.
- The disk drive has insufficient capacity.
- The song has an insufficient number of events (Owner's Manual p. 27, 28).
- The number of tracks which can be simultaneously recorded will decrease.
 - → when set the Sample Rate to "48 kHz" or set the Vari Pitch to "On," up to 6 tracks can be recorded simultaneously.

Cannot record digitally

- The CD player's digital connection is not accepted (Owner's Manual p. 65).
- The master clock is set to "INT" (Owner's Manual p. 65).
- The DIGITAL IN connector (optical or coaxial) was not properly selected.



Troubleshooting

- The sampling rate of the recording destination song is different than the sampling rate of the digital audio device.
 - → Match the sample rate setting of the digital audio device to the setting of the song. If it is not possible to change the sample rate of the digital audio device, create a new song with that sample rate.
- The digital signal is not being transmitted from the digital audio device.
 - → Some digital audio devices do not output a digital signal unless they are in play mode. If this is the case, put your digital audio device in standby (pause) mode before putting the VS-1880 into record mode.
- The digital signal format is different.
 - → Some digital audio devices may use a special digital signal format. Please connect to a digital audio device that is compatible with S/P DIF.

Noise and distortion appear in the recorded sound

- · Input sensitivity settings are incorrect.
 - → If input sensitivity settings are too high, the recorded sound will be distorted. Conversely, if they are too low, the recorded sound will be obscured by noise. Adjust the INPUT knobs so that the level meters move at as high a level as possible, within the range of -12 dB to 0 dB.
- The equalizer is being used with the input mixer.
 - → Some equalizer settings may cause the sound to distort even if the PEAK indicator does not light. Readjust the equalizer.
- "ATT" (Attenuator) setting is incorrect. (Owner's Manual p. 55, 80, 87, 91)
 - → If noise or distortion occurred as a result of track bouncing, the track output levels were too high.

The playback pitch is strange

- The Vari-Pitch function is turned on (the VARI PITCH icon is appeared in the display).
- The time compression/expansion function is being used (Owner's Manual p. 147).

Disk drive problems

The internal hard disk is not being recognized

- The hard disk has not been installed correctly (User Guide p. 5).
- "IDE Drive" is set to "Off" (Owner's Manual p. 245).
- The "Partition" settings are not right (Owner's Manual p. 26, 212).
 - → When a high-capacity hard disk is installed in the VS-1880, we recommend setting the partition size to "2000MB."
- Although the Track Erase operation is finished, the available recording time does not increased.
 - → The audio data is erased by Track Cut, Track Erase or Phrase Delete etc., the data that is no longer played back is not actually erased from the hard disk. If you wish to increase the available recording time, please read "If "Disk Full!" appears in the display (Song Optimize)" (Owner's Manual p. 213).

The Zip drive is not recognized

- The Zip drive is not connected correctly.
- The same device ID number is assigned to two or more SCSI devices (Zip drives, CD-RW drives, etc.).
- The Zip drive has not been initialized (Owner's Manual p. 222).
- No Zip disk is inserted in the drive.
 - → When switching Zip disks, be sure to select the newly inserted disk as the current drive.
- · An archives copy Zip disk is inserted.
 - → Playable copies and archives copies have different disk formats. Take precautions such as sticking labels on disks saved as archive type data disks to distinguish the from other disks.
- The VS-1880 song data saved on Zip disks cannot use the computer's internal Zip drive.
 - → The VS-1880 song data format is particular to the VS-1880. Other than the other VS-series data ported (Song Export) to the VS-1880, the data cannot be handled by other devices.
- Initialization is cancelled, with error messages such as "Medium Error," "Not 512 bytes/sector," "Function Failed!" or other messages appearing in the display
 - → The Zip disk may scratched or be otherwise damaged. Try another (new) disk to check whether or not the same condition reappears.
 - → The Zip drive may be broken. Connect the Zip drive to a device other than the VS-1880 (e.g., your computer) to see if the drive can initialize disks, read files, and perform other operations normally.

Internal Effects

Effects cannot be used

- The VS8F-2 has not been installed correctly (User Guide p. 8, 11).
- Only one VS8F-2 has been installed (when EFFECT B cannot be used).
- You are attempting to select the algorithm for Reverb, Gated Reverb, Vocoder 2, Voice Transformer or Mastering Tool Kit with FX2 or FX4.
- You are already attempting to select the algorithm for Vocoder 2, Voice Transformer or Mastering Tool Kit with FX1 or FX3 (Owner's Manual p. 96).
- · I'd like to change the order of an effect algorithm.
 - → The connection orders cannot be altered. They can only be turned on or off. For more detailed information on what goes on with the algorithm orders, please refer to the "Algorithm List" (p. 25).

CD-RW Drive Problems

I made an audio CD on the CD-R/RW drive, but it doesn't play on a consumer CD player.

- The finalized process was not carried out. When making audio CDs, set "Finalize" to "On" or "OnlyFin." (Owner's Manual p. 177).
- Audio CD's created using a CD-RW disc cannot be played on a conventional CD player. Please use a CD-R disc.

The CD-R drive is not being recognized

- The CD-RW drive is not connected correctly.
- The same device ID number is assigned to two or more SCSI devices (Zip drives , CD-RW drives, etc.).
- No CD-R/RW disc is inserted in the drive.
- A CD-RW drive that is not designated by Roland.

Cannot write to CD-R discs

- The song's sample rate is set to something other than 44.1 kHz (Owner's Manual p. 176).
- · No IDE hard disk is installed.
- The internal IDE hard disk does not have sufficient free disk space.
- The CD-R disc does not have sufficient free space.
- You are trying to write to a commercial CD software disc.
- You are trying to write to a CD-R disc that has been finalized.

MIDI Devices Problems

With the VS-1880 as master, the MIDI sequencer does not respond to commands

- The MIDI cable is not connected correctly.
- The MIDI cable is broken.
- The MIDI Thru switch is not set to "Out" (Owner's Manual p. 251).
- "Sync Gen." (the sync generator) is not set to the appropriate synchronization method (MTC, MIDI Clock, Sync Track) (Owner's Manual p. 189).
- The EXT indicator is blinking ("Sync Source" is set to "EXT").
- The two devices are not set to the same type of MTC (during MTC synchronization).
- The MIDI clock data has not been recorded on the sync track (if you are using the sync track for synchronization).
- The settings of the MIDI sequencer are not correct.
- · The MIDI sequencer is not ready to playback.
- he VS-1880 mixer level and pan settings changed by themselves.
 - → The VS-1880 receives Control Change messages as well as System Exclusive messages. When set to receive Control Change messages transmitted by a MIDI sequencer, the VS-1880's mixer can be controlled by external devices. When this feature is not needed, set the "Control Type" to "Off."

When synchronizing using a MIDI sequencer as the master, the VS-1880 does not respond to the sequencer messages

- The MIDI cable is not connected correctly.
- The MIDI cable is broken.
- You are trying to synchronize using the MIDI clock.
 - → The VS-1880 cannot be run in slave mode using a method other than MTC.
- The EXT indicator is off ("Sync Source" is set to "INT").
- The two devices are not set to the same type of MTC (during MTC synchronization).
- The settings of the MIDI sequencer are not correct.
- The VS-1880 is not in playback standby mode (with the PLAY indicator blinking).
- · MTC reception is in poor condition.
 - → Setting the Sync Error Level to "5" or higher may improve conditions.

Troubleshooting

With a video device as the master, the VS-1880 does not respond

- The cable connected to the L-connector, the SYSTEM E connector or the MIDI cable is not properly connected.
- The MIDI cable is broken.
- The EXT indicator is off ("Sync Source" is set to "INT").
- "SysEX.Rx." (System Exclusive Receive Switch) is not set to "On."
- "MMC" (MMC mode) is not set to "SLAVE."
- The MTC frame rate of the video device differs from that of the SI-80SP (Roland Video MIDI Sync Interface), or the video and the VS-1880 are not set to the same type of MTC.
- MTC reception is in poor condition.
 - → Setting the Sync Error Level to "5" or higher may improve conditions.

Other problems

Data on the disk drive was not saved properly

- The VS-1880's power was turned off without performing the shutdown process.
- The power was turned off while the disk drive was operating.
- · A strong shock was applied to the disk drive.
- The disk drive or SCSI cable was connected or disconnected while the power was still turned on.
 - → Reinitialize the disk drive (and also execute physical formatting) (Owner's Manual p. 222). Also, we recommend that you execute Surface Scan as well (Owner's Manual p. 224).

Error Messages

Aborted Command!

Illegal Request!

This disk drive cannot be used by the VS-1880.

Aiready Selected

The currently selected disk drive was selected. If you wish to switch to another disk drive, re-select the disk drive.

Arbitration Failed!

Busy Status!

Check Condition!

Status Error!

Normal communication with the disk drive could not be accomplished. Make sure that the disk drive is connected correctly.

Blank Disc

You have tried to run the CD player function using a disc that has no performance data on it. Insert a commercial CD or CD-R/RW with material already recorded on it.

Can't Communicate!

Drive Time Out!

Message Error!

Phase Mismatch!

Undefined Sense!

Drive Unknown Error!

There is a problem with the connections to the disk drive. Make sure that the disk drive is connected correctly.

Can't REC CD!

With the factory setting, digital connections cannot be made with a CD player. Please read "To Recording Digital Signals" (User Guide p. 36).

Can't Recover

The drive check Recover procedure could not be executed because there was insufficient free space on the disk. Delete unneeded songs. Alternatively, perform the Song Optimize procedure.

Can't Set Marker

No more than two track number mark points can be set within a four-second interval.

Complete

The operation ended normally.

Change Int CLK?

No digital signal is being received at the DIGITAL IN connector. Select whether or not to switch the sample rate reference clock to the internal clock. Pressing [ENT/YES] switches the VS-1880 to the internal clock. After checking to make sure that all digital devices are properly connected and those sample rates for all devices match, carry out the operation once more.

Digital In Lock

The sample rate reference clock is set to the digital signal coming from the DIGITAL IN connector. You can record using the digital connection.

Digital In Unlock

The digital signal is not being input through the DIGITAL IN connector, or the sample rate set for the song and the sample rate of the digital device connected to the DIGITAL IN connector are different. In this state, you cannot record using the digital connection.

The sample rate specified for the song is different than the sample rate of the digital device connected to the DIGITAL IN connector. Press **[ENT/YES]**, and set the sample rates of both devices to match.

Disk Memory Full!

There is insufficient free area on the disk. Erase unneeded data. Or, select a different disk drive. The maximum number of songs that can be recorded on one partition (200) has been exceeded. Delete unneeded songs. Or, select a different disk drive.

Drive Busy!

If this message appears when you first begin using a disk drive with the VS-1880, the disk drive is not fast enough. When using this disk, create a new song with a lower sample rate or recording mode, and record using this song. If this message appears after you have been using the disk drive with the VS-1880, the data on the disk drive has become fragmented, causing delays in reading and writing data. Either use the track bouncing operation to re-record playback data to another track, or use the optimize operation. If the same message appears even after these measures have been taken, copy the song data to another disk drive and initialize the disk drive that produced the problem.

Event Memory Full!

The VS-1880 has used up all the events that can be handled by one song. Delete unneeded auto mix data. Alternatively, perform the Song Optimize operation.

Error Messages

Finalized CD!

This message appears when an attempt is made to write to a commercial CD or a finalized CD-R disc. Replace the disc with a blank disc or one that has not been finalized.

Found Illegal Track Pair!

Found Illegal Phrase Pair!

You are trying to Track Edit or Phase Edit (Copy, Move, or Exchange etc.) between a V-track that has been recorded with "CDR" (Recording Mode or CDRRecMode) and a normal V-track. Please select the source and the destination V-tracks again.

Function Failed

Processing was halted due to insufficient memory or due to an error which occurred in the disk drive itself. Check connections and reliability.

Hardware Error!

There is a problem with the disk drive. Contact the manufacturer or dealer of the disk drive.

Illegal Track!

You are trying to Phase New between a V-track (take) that has been recorded with "CDR" (Recording Mode or CDRRecMode) and a normal V-track (take). Please select the source and the destination V-tracks again.

Lack of CD-R Memory!

There is insufficient free space to write the songs to the CD-R/RW disc.

Lack of EVENT!!

You have tried to UNDO or REDO when the remaining number of Event is less than 200. You cannot continue the current operation.

Lack of IDE Memory!

There is insufficient free space on the internal IDE hard disk to make the image data file.

MARKER Memory Full!

The VS-1880 has used up all Marker Memory (1000 Markers) that can be handled by one song. Delete unneeded Marker.

Medium Error!

There is a problem with the disk drive media. This disk cannot be used by the VS-1880. In some case's recovery can be achieved by executing Drive Check.

No CD-R Drive!

Either no CD recorder (CD-R/RW drive) is connected, or the power is not turned on.

No Data to Write

The track that you have selected to write to CD-R/RW disc contains no song data.

No Disc

There is no disc in the Roland CD recorder (CD-R/RW drive). Please insert a disc.

No Drive Ready

No disk drive is connected. Or, an internal hard disk is not installed. Make sure that the disk drive is connected correctly.

No IDE Drive!

The unit has no IDE-type disk drive. Install an internal hard disk.

Not 44.1k Song!

The sample rate of the song is not 44.1 kHz, so the data cannot be written to the CD-R/RW disc.

Not 512byte/sector

The disk that you are using is not 512 bytes/sector. This disk cannot be used by the VS-1880.

Not Ready!

The disk drive is not ready. Wait a short time.

Obey Copyrights?

This message asks if you agree to the terms and conditions regarding the reproduction, broadcast, and sale of the software. Please carefully read the License Agreement.

Please Insert CD-R Disc!

Either the Roland CD recorder (CD-R/RW drive) loading tray is still open, there is no CD-R/RW disc loaded, or the CD-R/RW drive is otherwise not ready. Insert CD-R/RW disc.

Please Wait...

Operation is in progress. Please wait momentarily.

SCSI ID Error!

The SCSI ID numbers of two or more disk drives are conflicting. Make settings so that the SCSI ID numbers do not conflict.

SPC Not Available!

The SCSI components of the VS-1880 have malfunctioned. Contact servicing by your dealer or qualified Roland service personnel.

Song Protected!

Since Song Protect is ON, the operation cannot be executed.

TOC Read Error!

An error occurred in reading from the CD-R/RW disc. There is a problem with the Roland CD recorder (CD-R/RW drive) or the CD-R/RW disc.

Too Many Markers!

You have tried to set track number mark points in excess of the maximum (98) you can set for one CD.

Unformatted!

The disk drive has not been initialized by the VS-1880. Initialize the disk drive.

If this appears for a disk drive that has been initialized by the VS-1880, there is a problem with the connections to the disk drive. Make sure that the disk drive is connected correctly.

User Aborted!

The procedure has canceled by pressing [EXIT/NO].

Write Another?

Writing to the disc is complete. Select whether or not you want to write the same data to a new disc. Press [ENT/YES] or [EXIT/NO].

Write Protected!

The disk drive is protected.

Glossary

Active Terminator

A type of terminator (a terminating resistance) place at each end of a SCSI chain. A new addition to SCSI-2 specifications, compared with ordinary terminators, it provides greater operating stability for SCSI devices, thus improving signal transmission performance.

CD-R

Short for **Compact Disc Recordable**. This is a system for reading and writing discs in the same format as that used for CDs (CD-ROMs and music CDs). A specialized CD-R drive allows one-time only writing of discs.

However, as long as the data has not been finalized and there is sufficient capacity remaining on the disc, the CD-R drive can be used for multiple additions to, and changes in the material.

Sometimes they are referred to as "Write Once CD," "CD-Write Once," or something similar.

CD-RW

Short for **Compact Disc ReWritable**. This is a system allowing creation of discs that can be read using the same format as regular CDs (CD-ROMs and Music CDs). While resembling the CD-R system in that it uses a special CD-RW drive, these discs can be rewritten any number of times.

COSM

Stands for **Composite Object Sound Modeling**. This is "a technology which combines multiple sound models to create new sounds," which was first used on the Roland's VG-8 V-Guitar System. For example, sounds created on the VG-8 are the result of a variety of sound models (elements) such as the pickup, the body of the guitar, the guitar amp, mic, and speaker etc.

Current Song

The song currently being recorded, played back, or edited is referred to as the current song.

DAT

Short for **Digital Audio Tape**. This refers both to the system of recording digitized sound to magnetic tape, as well as to the tapes themselves. Besides digital audio signals, all song information is recorded on the tape, including starts and track data, information to allow or prevent copying, etc.

Finalize

This is the operation that writes the TOC to a prepared audio disc. Whereas additions and changes can be made to discs that have not yet been finalized, such discs are not playable on regular CD players.

Formants

A formant is an important element which determine the character of a vocal sound. It is a fixed overtone whose

location is determined by the size of the vocal chords. Conventional pitch shifters modify the pitch in a way that changes even the location of the formants (which by nature do not change). For example when a conventional pitch shifter raises the pitch, a "duck voice" is produced as if the vocal chords had shrunk, and when the pitch is lowered a "giant voice" is produced as if the vocal chords had expanded.

The Voice Transformer modifies the basic pitch and the formant separately, allowing a variety of voice characters to be created.

Frame

Similar to the individual frames in a roll of movie film, the numerous still pictures that are displayed in rapid succession to create a moving video image are also known as "frames." About thirty of these frames are shown each second. When hard disk recorders, sequencers, and other such equipment are synchronized with video, it is generally assumed that there should be one frame every 1/30th of a second.

GUITAR (Hi-Z)

A high-impedance input jack for directly connecting electric guitars.

GPI

GPI stands for **General Purpose Interface**. This is a control jack provided on professional and consumer video devices such as video editors and title superimpoters. By connecting this control jack to the foot switch jack of the VS-1880 and setting the Foot Switch Assign to "GPI," the connected device will be able to playback/stop the VS-1880.

IDI

IDE stands for **Integrated Device and Electronics**. This is the standard data transmission method used by the hard disk drives of recent personal computers. The HDP88 series hard disk drives (sold separately) that can be installed in the VS-1880 are IDE compatible.

MMC

MMC is an acronym for **MIDI Machine Control**. This is rule that defines how MIDI system exclusive message can be used to control multiple recording devices from a single device. The VS-1880 supports MMC. In addition to song playback, stop and fast-forward, you can also select the tracks for recording, etc.

MTC

MTC stands for **MIDI Time Code**. This is a group of messages which are transmitted and received between MIDI devices to synchronize their operation. Unlike MIDI Clock messages, MTC specifies an absolute time. Like SMPTE time code, MTC also supports a variety of frame rates. If you wish to use MTC to synchronize the operation of two devices, both

devices must be set to the same frame rate.

NTSC Format

Color television format used in Japan, the United States, and other countries. Tapes recorded in the NTSC format cannot be played back on video decks utilizing the SECAM/PAL formats.

Phantom Power

This is a method of providing electric power to condenser mics via the mic cables. Generally, a mixer's internal phantom power source supplies 6–48 volts (DC). Supplying phantom power to dynamic mics, audio playback devices, or other such equipment may result in damage to the equipment. Turn the phantom power switch on only when connecting condenser mics which need phantom power; otherwise, leave it switched off.

R-BUS

Roland's digital communication specification developed to allow audio and control data to be exchanged between devices. Multi-channel audio signals, word clock, and MIDI-compatible operation data and synchronization signals can be exchanged. A single R-BUS connector allows simultaneous bi-directional transfer of eight channels of digital audio data. The connector is a DB-25 type, and uses a special cable for connections. It should NOT be connected to other types of ports that use similar connectors!

Removable Disk Drives

Disk drives that have been able to remove the disk, such as a Zip drive, are referred to as the "removable disk drives."

RSS

RSS stands for **Roland Sound Space**. This is an effect which allows a sound source to be placed in three-dimensional space when played back on a conventional stereo system. The sound can be placed not only in front of the listener, but also directly to the side, above, below, and behind the listener.

S/P DIF

S/P DIF stands for **Sony/Philips Digital Interface Format**. This is a specifications for transmitting and receiving stereo digital audio signals between digital audio devices. The VS-1880 provides coaxial connectors which support S/P DIF.

SCMS

SCMS stands for **Serial Copy Management System**. This is a function that protects the rights of copyright holders by prohibiting recording via a digital connection for more than two generations. When digital connections are made between digital recorders that implement this function, SCMS data will be recorded along with the audio data.

Digital audio data which contains this SCMS data cannot again be recorded via a digital connection.

SCSI

SCSI stands for **Small Computer System Interface**. This is a data transmission method that can transmit large amounts of data in a short time. Since the VS-1880 has a SCSI connector, external SCSI devices such as hard disks or removable disk drive etc. can be connected.

SECAM Formats/PAL Formats

Color television formats used in Europe and other areas. Tapes recorded in the SECAM or PAL formats cannot be played back on video decks designed for the NTSC format.

Shutdown

In order to turn the power off safely, you must first make sure that the performance has been saved to hard disk, and that the hard disk heads are parked. This procedure is referred to as Shutdown.

SMPTE time code

This is a signal format defined by the American organization SMPTE (Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers) which is used to synchronize the operation of video or audio devices. SMPTE specifies "hours:minutes:seconds:frames" to indicate the address of each frame of a video image. For this reason, there are a variety of frame rates.

Terminator Power

This refers to the power supplied to external type active terminators.

TOC

Short for Table of Contents. This is the region on the CD-R disc that handles information such as song times, end times, sequence, and so on. Although the songs on a disc and their playing time can be displayed when an audio CD is placed in a CD player, this is because they can be read automatically from the TOC. The TOC is recorded differently than music data, with its main characteristic being disc access, such as the ability to go to the start of any song instantly.

Track Minutes

The amount of available recording time that is called for a standard unit corresponding to the time of one continuous monaural signal recorded to one track.

Zip Drive

A magnetic disk drive format standardized by Iomega Corporation. Disks that can be used for reading and writing data with Zip drives are call Zip disks. Similar to 3.5-inch floppy disks in size and usage, one Zip disk can store 100 MB of data.

Shortcut Key Operations

Here is a list of the functions that can be performed by pressing multiple buttons, or using the **TIME/VALUE** dial in conjunction with a button.

■ SELECT/CH EDIT buttons

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 1] (INPUT): To the Mix Send Pan setting page (PRM.V)

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 2] (INPUT): To the ATT setting page (PRM.V)
[SHIFT] + [SELECT 3] (INPUT): To the EQ Low setting page (PRM.V)

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 4] (INPUT): To the EQ Mid setting page (PRM.V, 3-bandEQ)

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 5] (INPUT): To the EQ High setting page (PRM.V)

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 6] (INPUT): To the Link setting page (PRM.V)

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 1] (TRACK): To the V-track setting page (PRM.V)

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 2] (TRACK): To the FX1 setting page (PRM.V)

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 3] (TRACK): To the FX2 setting page (PRM.V)

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 4] (TRACK): To the FX3 (AUX1) setting page (PRM.V)

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 4] (TRACK): To the FX3 (AUX1) setting page (PRM.V)

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 5] (TRACK): To the FX4 (AUX2) setting page (PRM.V)

[SHIFT] + [SELECT 6] (TRACK): To the AUX (AUX3) setting page (PRM.V)

[STATUS] + [SELECT] (*1): Select source to be recorded on the track (Input Assighn)

[ST IN] + [SELECT] (*2): Select source to Stereo In function

[EFFECT 1/3 RTN] + [SELECT] (*3): Select the Send switch setting to FX1 bus (off/pre/post)

[SHIFT] + [EFFECT 1/3 RTN] + [SELECT] (*3): Select the Send switch setting to FX2 bus (off/pre/post)

[SHIFT] + [EFFECT 2/4 RTN] + [SELECT] (*3): Select the Send switch setting to FX3 bus (off/pre/post)

[SHIFT] + [EFFECT 2/4 RTN] + [SELECT] (*3): Select the Send switch setting to FX4 bus (off/pre/post)

[SHIFT] + [SOLO (EDIT)]: Solo mode on/off

[SOLO (EDIT)] + [SELECT] (*1): Solo function on/off (each channel)

[CLEAR] + [SOLO (EDIT)]: Solo function off (all channel)

[MUTE (FADER)] + [SELECT] (*1): Mute function on/off (each channel)

[CLEAR] + [MUTE (FADER)]: Mute function off (all channel)

[AUTOMIX] + [SELECT] (*1): Switch the Automix status of each channel (when Automix is "on")

(*1) INPUT 1-8, DIGITAL, EFFECT 1/3 RTN, EFFECT 2/4 RTN, TRACK 1-17/18

(*2) INPUT 1–8, DIGITAL

(*3) INPUT 1–8, DIGITAL, TRACK 1–17/18

■ Transport Control buttons

[SHIFT] + [STORE (ZERO)]: Store song data to the disk drive

[SHIFT] + [SONG TOP (REW)]: Move to the time where the first sound of the song is recorded Move to the time where the last sound of the song is recorded

[SHIFT] + [SHUT/EJECT (STOP)]: Shut down

[SHIFT] + [RESTART (PLAY)]: Restart (after shut down)

[REC] + [STATUS] (1–17/18): Switch the status to REC (REC indicator blinks red)

[STOP] + [STATUS] (1–17/18): Switch the status to PLAY (PLAY indicator lights green)

■ LOCATOR/SCENE buttons

[CLEAR] + [LOC] (1–8): Clear the setting of locators

[CLEAR] + [TAP]: Erase a marker [SHIFT] + [CLEAR] + [TAP]Å®[YES]: Erase all markers [BANK] + [LOC] (1–8): Switch the locator bank

[SCENE] + [TAP]: Execute the snapshot (When Automix is "on")

[SCENE] + [PREVIOUS]: Gradation to mixer setting of previous marker (when Automix is "on")

[SCENE] + [NEXT]: Gradation to mixer setting of next marker (when Automix is "on")

Shortcut Key Operations

■ LOCATOR/SCENE buttons

[SCENE] + [REC]: Automix Realtime recording (when Automix is "on.")

[SHIFT] + [SCENE]: Transmit the condition of the digital mixer as MIDI data from MIDI OUT

connector

[SHIFT] + [START (1)]: Enter the current time as track edit start point. If it has been already set,

move to that time (except track condition).

[SHIFT] + [END (2)]: Enter the current time as track edit end point. If it has been already set,

move to that time (except track condition).

[SHIFT] + [FROM (3)]: Enter the current time as track edit from point. If it has been already set,

move to that time (except track condition).

[SHIFT] + [TO (4)]: Enter the current time as track edit to point. If it has been already set,

move to that time (except track condition).

[SHIFT] + [CLEAR] + [START (1)]: Clear the track edit start point (except track condition)

[SHIFT] + [CLEAR] + [END (2)]: Clear the track edit end point (except track condition)

[SHIFT] + [CLEAR] + [FROM (3)]: Clear the track edit from point (except track condition)

[SHIFT] + [CLEAR] + [TO (4)]: Clear the track edit to point (except track condition)

[SHIFT] + [PREVIOUS]: If there is a phrase on current time, move to the beginning of that phrase.

If not, move to the end of the previous phrase (when PREVIOUS/NEXT Sw is "PHRASE"). Move to the previous marker (when PREVIOUS/

NEXT Sw is "MARKER")

[SHIFT] + [NEXT]: If there is a phrase on current time, move to the end of that phrase. If not,

move to the beginning of the next phrase (when PREVIOUS/NEXT Sw is "PHRASE"). Move to the next marker (when PREVIOUS/NEXT Sw is

"MARKER")

[PLAY (DISPLAY)] + [TAP]: Register a marker for audio CD track number

■ FUNCTION buttons

[SHIFT] + [F1 (SONG)]: To Song Menu

 [SHIFT] + [F2 (TRACK)]:
 To Track/Phase Menu

 [SHIFT] + [F3 (FX A)]:
 To Effect A Menu

 [SHIFT] + [F4 (FX B)]:
 To Effect B Menu

 [SHIFT] + [F5 (SYSTM)]:
 To System Memu

 [SHIFT] + [F6 (UTIL)]:
 To Utility Menu

[SHIFT] + [CD-RW (MASTERING)]: To Mastering Room setting page

Other

[SHIFT] + [PAGE]: Popup the Jump setting page

[SHIFT] + [PLAY]: Switch the Graphic display (Play Condition)

[SHIFT] + [SCRUB]: Popup the Scrub length setting page

[SHIFT] + [TO]: Popup the PREVIEW TO length setting page [SHIFT] + [FROM]: Popup the PREVIEW FROM length setting page

[SHIFT] + [UNDO]: Popup the Redo setting page (when the UNDO indicator is lit)

[SHIFT] + [TAP]: To the Tempo map setting page [SHIFT] + [EXT SYNC]: To the Sync source setting page

[SHIFT] + [LOOP]: To the loop start/end point setting page
[SHIFT] + [AUTO PUNCH]: To the punch in/out point setting page
[SHIFT] + [▲] or [▼]: Move the range of display to edit (Pane)
[STATUS] (1-17/18) + [CLEAR]: Cancel the all routing of mixer section.

[SHIFT] + TIME/VALUE dial: Modify the value at 10 times the usual speed. In Play condition when the

cursor is displayed at the sub frame of the time code display, move the

current time in units of approximately 1/100 frame.

Parameter List

■ Input Mixer [CH EDIT] (INPUT 1-8, DIGITAL)]

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value
Channel Link	Link	Off, On
Attenuator	ATT	-12- 0 -+12 dB
Phase	Phase	NRM, INV
Fader Group	Group	Off, 1–8
Level Meter	Meter	Pre, Pst
Solo	Solo	Off, On
Mute	Mute	Off, On
Offset Level	-	0 -100- 127 (*1)
Fader	Fader	0 –100– 127
Mix Send Switch	MIX Sw	Off, On
Offset Balance	Bal	L63- 0 -R63 (*1)
Mix Send Pan	Pan	L63- 0 -R63
Equalizer Switch	EQ SW	Off, On
Equalizer Select	-	2BandEQ, 3BandEQ
Equalizer Low Gain	EQ Low G	-12 -0 -12 dB
Equalizer Low Frequency	EQ Low F	40 Hz -300 Hz -1.5 kHz
Equalizer Mid Gain	EQ Mid G	-12 -0 -12 dB (*3)
Equalizer Mid Q	EQ Mid Q	0.5 –16 (*3)
Equalizer Mid Frequency	EQ Mid F	200 Hz-1.4 kHz-8 kHz (*3)
Equalizer High Gain	EQ High G	-12 -0 -12 dB
Equalizer High Frequency	EQ High F	500 Hz -4 kHz -18 kHz
AUX Switch	AUX (1-3)	Off, PreFade, PstFade (*6)
AUX Level	•	0 –100– 127 (*4)
AUX Pan/Balance	-	L63- 0 -R63 (*2) (*4)
Effect Insert Switch	FX (1-4) Ins	Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS (*6)
Effect Insert Send Level	Snd	-42- 0 -6 dB (*5)
Effect Insert Return Level	Rtn	-42- 0 -6 dB (*5)
Effect Send Switch	FX (1-4)	Off, Pre, Pst (*6)
Effect Send Level	•	0 –100 –127 (*7)
Effect Pan/Balance	-	L63 -0 -R63 (*2) (*7)

- *1 Valid when Channel Link is "On."
- *2 If Channel Link is On, the "Pan" parameter will change to the balance parameter.
- *3 Valid when Equalizer Select is "3 Band EQ."
- *4 Valid when AUX Switch is except "Off."
- *5 Valid when Effect Insert Switch is except "Off."
- *6 If two V58F-2(s) are installed in your VS-1880, the AUX1 will change to the FX3, the AUX2 will change to the FX4, the AUX3 will change to the AUX.
- *7 Valid when Effect Send Switch is except "Off."

■ Track Mixer [CH EDIT] (TRACK 1–17/18)

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value	
Channel Link	Link	Off, On	
Attenuator	ATT	-12- 0 -+12 dB	
Phase	Phase	NRM, INV	
Fader Group	Group	Off, 1–8	
Level Meter	Meter	Pre, Pst	
Solo	Solo	Off, On	
Mute	Mute	Off, On	
Offset Level	-	0-100-127 (*1)	
Fader	Fader	0 –100 –127	
Mix Send Switch	MIX Sw	Off, On	
Offset Balance	Bal	L63- 0 -R63 (*1)	
Mix Send Pan	Pan	L63- 0 -R63	
Equalizer Switch	EQ SW	Off, On	
Equalizer Select	•	2BandEO, 3BandEQ	
Equalizer Low Gain	EQ Low G	-12- 0 -12 dB	
Equalizer Low Frequency	EQ Low F	40 Hz- 300 Hz -1.5 kHz	
Equalizer Mid Gain	EQ Mid G	-12 -0 -12 dB (*3)	
Equalizer Mid Q	EQ Mid Q	0.5–16 (*3)	
Equalizer Mid Frequency	EO Mid F	200 Hz-1.4 kHz-8 kHz (*3)	
Equalizer High Gain	EQ High G	-12 -0- 12 dB	
Equalizer High Frequency	EQ High F	500 Hz-4 kHz-18 kHz	

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value	
V-track	V.Track	1 –16	
AUX Switch	AUX (1-3)	Off, PreFade, PstFade (*6)	
AUX Level	-	0 –100 –127 (*4)	
AUX Pan/Balance	-	L63- 0 -R63 (*2) (*4)	
Effect Insert Switch	FX (1-4) Ins	Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS (*6)	
Effect Insert Send Level	Snd	-42- 0 -6 dB (*5)	
Effect Insert Return Level	Rtn	-42- 0 -6 dB (*5)	
Effect Send Switch	FX (1-4)	Off, Pre, Pst (*6)	
Effect Send Level	-	()-100-127 (*7)	
Effect Pan/Balance	-	L63- 0 -R63 (*2) (*7)	

- *1 Valid when Channel Link is "On."
- *2 If Channel Link is On, the "Pan" parameter will change to the balance parameter.
- *3 Valid when Equalizer Select is "3 Band EQ."
- *4 Valid when AUX Switch is except "Off."
- *5 Valid when Effect Insert Switch is except "Off."
- *6 If two VS8F-2(s) are installed in your VS-1880, the AUX1 will change to the FX3, the AUX2 will change to the FX4, the AUX3 will change to the AUX.
- *7 Valid when Effect Send Switch is except "Off."

■ Stereo In/Effect Return [ST IN], [EFFECT 1/3 RTN], [EFFECT 2/4 RTN]

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value
Stereo In Select	Stereoln Select	Off, Input1/2, Input3/4, Input5/6, Input7/8, Digital
Stereo In Level	-	0-100-127 (*)
Stereo In Balance	-	L63- 0 -R63 (*)
Effect Return Level (1-4)	FX (1-4) Rtn	0-100-127
Effect Return Balance (1-4)	FX (1-4) Rtn	L63- 0 -R63
Solo (Stereo In, FX1–4)	Solo	Off, On
Mute (Stereo In, FX1-4)	Solo	Off, On

Valid when Stereo In Select is except "Off."

■ Master Block [MASTER]

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value
Master Level	MASTER	0- 100 -127
Master Balance	MASTER	L63- 0 -R63
Monitor Level	MONITOR	0 –100 –127
Monitor Balance	MONITOR	L63- 0 -R63
AUX A	AUX.A	FX1, FX2, AUX1, AUX2, AUX3 (*1)
AUX B	AUX.B	FX1, FX2, AUX1, AUX2, AUX3 (*1)
Monitor Out	MON	MST, FX1, FX2, AUX1, AUX2, AUX3, REC, ST IN (*1)
Digital Out (1-2)	DOut (1-2)	MST, MON, FX1, FX2, AUX1, AUX2, AUX3 (*1)
Effect Insert Switch (1-4)	FX (1-4) Ins	Off, Ins
Effect Insert Send Level	Snd	-42 -0 -6 dB (*2)
Effect Insert Return Level	Rtn	-42- 0 -6 dB (*2)
Direct Out	Direct Out	Off, On
Effect Send Level (1-4)	FX (1-4)	0 -100- 127
Effect Send Balance (1-4)	FX (1-4)	L63- 0 -R63
AUX Send Level	AUX	0 –100 –127
AUX Send Balance	AUX	L63- 0 -R63

^{*1} If two VS8F-2(s) are installed in your VS-1880, the AUX1 will change to the FX3, the AUX2 will change to the FX4, the AUX3 will change to the AUX.

^{*2} Valid when Effect Insert Switch is "On."

■ System Parameter [SHIFT] + [F5 (SYSTM)] → [F1 (SYSPM)]

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value
Master Clock	MasterClk	DIGIN1, INT, DIGIN2
Time Display Format	Time Disp Fmt	ABS, REL
Offset	Ofs .	00h00m00s00-23h59m59s29 (*1)
Fader Match	Fader Match	Null, Jump
Undo Message	UNDO MSG	Off, On
Peak Hold Switch	PeakHoldSw	Off, On
Scene Mode	Scene Mode	All, KeepF
Remaining Display	RemainDsp	Time, CapaMB, Capa‰, Event
Foot Switch Assign	FootSw	Play/Stop, Record, TapMarker, Next, Previous, GPI
Digital Copy Protect Switch	D.CpyProtect	Off, On

^{*1} The settable value for Offset will change slightly depending on the MTC type.

■ Global Parameter [SHIFT] + [F5 (SYSTM)] → [F2 (GROBL)]

Parameter name	Display `	Value, Initial value
IDE Drive	IDE Drv	Off, On
SCSI Self ID	SCSI Self	0-7
Shift Lock	Shift Lock	Off, On
Measure Display	MeasurDsp	Always, Auto
Numerics Type	NIMERICS Type	Up, Down
Previous/Next Switch	PREVIOUS/NEXT Sw	PHRASE, MARKER
Input Peak Level	Input Peak Level	CLIP, -3 dB, -6 dB
Switching Time	SwitchTime	0.3 -0.5 -2.0 sec
CD Digital Recording	CD DigiREC	Off, On
Fan Control	Fan Control	Off, Play, Rec&Play
DC Cut	DC Cut	Off, On
Model ID	Model ID	VS-1880 , VS-1680

■ Play/Recording Parameter [SHIFT] + [F5 (SYSTM)] → [F3 (PLAY)]

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value
Record Monitor	Record Mon	AUTO, SOURCE
Marker Stop	Marker Stop	Off, On
Vari Pitch Switch	VAri Pitch Sw	Off, On
Vari Pitch	Vari Pitch	21.96-48.00 kHz-50.43 kHz (48.00 kHz)
		22.05-44.10 kHz-50.48 kHz (44.10 kHz)
		21.96-32.00 kHz-50.43 kHz (32.00 kHz)
Fade Length	Fade Length	2, 10 , 20, 30, 40, 50 ms
Scrub Length	Scrub Len	25 –45 –100 ms
Preview To Length	PREVIEW TO length	1.0 –10.0 s
Preview From Length	PREVIEW FROM length	1.0 –10.0 s
Waveform Scroll	Waveform Scroll	Off, On

■ MIDI Parameter [SHIFT] + [F5 (SYSTM)] → [F4 (MIDI)]

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value
Device ID	DeviceID	1-17-32
MIDI through Switch	MIDI Thr	Out, Thru
System Exclusive Receive Switch	SysEx.Rx	Off, On
System Exclusive Transmit Switch	SysEx.Tx	Off, On
Mixer Control Local Switch	Cntrl Local	Off, On
MMC Mode	MMC	Off, MASTER, SLAVE
Control Type	Ctr Type	Off, C.C., Excl
Program Change Scene	P.C.Scne	Off, On
Program Change Effect	P.C.Eff	Off, On
Control Change Effect	C.C.Eff	Off, On

■ Metronome Parameter [SHIFT] + [F5 (SYSTM)] → [F5 (METRO)]

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value	
Metronome Out	MetroOut	Off, INT, MIDI	
Metronome Mode	MetroMd	Rec Only, Rec&Play (*1)	
Metronome Level	MetroLevel	0 –100 –127 (*2)	
Metronome Channel	MetroCh	1- 10 -16 (*3)	
Accent Note	Acc.Note	C_0- C*2 -G_9 (*3)	
Accent Velocity	Acc.Velo	1 -100 -127 (*3)	
Normal Note	Nrm.Note	C_0- C*2 -G_9 (*3)	
Normal Velocity	Nrm.Velo	1-60-127 (*3)	

- *1 Valid when Metronome Out is except "Off."
 *2 Valid when Metronome Out is "INT."
- *3 Valid when Metronome Out is "MIDI."

■ Sync/Tempo Parameter [SHIFT] + [EXT SYNC]

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value
Sync Source	Source	INT, EXT
Sync Generator	Gen.	Off, MTC, MIDIclk, SyncTr
Error Level	ErrLevel	0 -5 -10
MTC Type	MTC Type	30 , 29N, 29D, 25, 24
Offset	Ofs	00h00m00s00-23h59m59s29 (*)

^{*} The settable value for Offset will change slightly depending on the MTC type.

■ Sync Track Convert [SHIFT] + [EXT SYNC] → [F2 (StCnv)]

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value
Beat	Beat	1/1-8/1, 1/2-8/2, 1/4-4/4-8/4, 1/8-8/8
Tap Beat	Tap Beat	1 -4- 8
Sync Track Beat	Sync Trk Beat	1/1-8/1, 1/2-8/2, 1/4- 4/4 -8/4, 1/8-8/8
Start Time	Start Time	00h00m00s00-23h59m59s29 (*)
End Time	End Time	00h00m00s00-23h59m59s29 (*)
Measure	Measure	1-999

The settable value for Start Time/End Time will change slightly depending on the MTC type.

■ Tempo Map [SHIFT] + [TAP]

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value
Tempo Map Number	-	1–50
Tempo	.] =	25.0 –120.0– 250.0
Measure	MEASURE	1-999
Beat	BEAT	1/1-8/1, 1/2-8/2, 1/4-4/4-8/4, 1/8-8/8

■ Drive Initialize [SHIFT] + [F5 (UTIL)] \rightarrow [F4 (DrIni)]

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value
Initialize Drive	Init Drive	IDE, SC0-SC7
Physical Format	PhysicalFmt	Off, On
Partition	Partition	500, 1000, 2000 MB
Surface Scan	SurfaceScan	Off, On

■ Automix $[SHIFT] + [F5 (UTIL)] \rightarrow [F5 (A.Mix)]$

Parameter name	Display	Value, Initial value	
Auto Mix Snapshot Mode	Snap Mode	ALL, MaskF	
Erase Mode	Erase Mode	Event, Marker	
Erase From	(none)	0-999	
Erase To	(none)	0–999	

Preset Patch List

On the VSR-880, you can access the range of effects listed below.

Snd/Rtn: Direct Level is set to "0." Connect this Patch to the effects bus.

This Patch mixes the direct sound and effected sound. Insert it into a channel. Insert:

You cannot select preset Patches P000-P021, P080, P097, P198 or P210-P228 for FX2. These Patches must be used for FX1.

■ Reverb (18 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Туре	Input	Comment
P000	RV:LargeHall	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Large concert hall reverberation.
P001	RV:SmallHall	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Small hall reverberation.
P002	RV:Strings	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Reverberation optimized for delicate highs of strings.
P003	RV:PianoHall	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Rich and warm reverberation optimized for pianos.
P004	RV:Orch Room	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Reverberation of large-capacity rooms such as big banquet halls.
P005	RV:VocalRoom	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Room reverb suitable for vocals and chorus.
P006	RV:MediumRm	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Warm and naturally spacious room reverb.
P007	RV:LargeRoom	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Simulated acoustics of wide rooms with lots of reverberation.
P008	RV:CoolPlate	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Distinctive bright plate reverb.
P009	RV:Short Plt	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Shorter plate reverb.
P010	RV:Vocal Pit	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Crystal-clear reverb optimized for vocals.
P011	RV:Soft Amb.	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Simulated reverberation of a room with minimal wall reflections.
P012	RV:Room Amb.	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Natural reverberation of rooms with good acoustics, suitable for drums and guitars.
P013	RV:Cathedral	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Acoustics of a very large, high-ceilinged church.
P014	RV:Long Cave	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Simulated reverberation of deep caves.
P015	RV:GarageDr.	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Natural reverb that enhances unique drum sounds.
P016	RV:Rock Kick	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Reverb with many low-frequency components, suitable for rock kicks.
P017	RV:RockSnare	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Rich and thick sounding reverb suitable for rock snares.

■ Gate Reverb (4 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Туре	Input	Comment
P018	RV:BriteGate	Gate Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Slightly brighter gate reverb.
P019	RV:Fat Gate	Gate Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Dynamic reverb sound with powerful mids and lows.
P020	RV:ReverseGt	Gate Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	A reverse gate commonly used as a special effect.
P021	RV:PanningGt	Gate Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	A special effect with gate reverb shifting from left to right.

■ Delay (9 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P022	DL:Short Dly	Delay	Snd/Rtn	Mono	An ambience effect that adds depth to the sound by doubling.
P023	DL:MediumDly	Delay	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Natural echo optimized for vocals.
P024	DL:LongDelay	Delay	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Long delay suited for brass and analog synth solos.
P025	DL:AnalogDly	Delay	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Analog sound with gradually diminishing feedbacking highs.
P026	DL:Tape Echo	Stereo Delay Chorus	Snd/Rtn	Stereo	Simulated tape echo with distinctive wow flutter.
P027	DL:Karaoke	Stereo Delay Chorus	Snd/Rtn	Stereo	Intense reverberation that effectively enhances karaoke vocals.
P028	DL:Multi-Tap	Stereo Delay Chorus	Snd/Rtn	Stereo	Spacious reflections using positioning delay at any point along the stereo soundfield.
P029	DL:MltTapAmb	Multi Tap Delay	Snd/Rtn	Mono	An ambience effect using 10 short delay units.
P030	DL:Ping Fong	Multi Tap Delay	Snd/Rtn	Mono	A special effect using tap delay.

■ Vocal (10 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P031	VO:Vocal Efx	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	Basic setup for recording/mixdown of vocals.
P032	VO:JazzVocal	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	A natural sounding jazz club-like ambience for warm reverb well-suited for vocals.
P033	VO:RockVocal	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	Sound featuring limiter/enhancer processing as well as a unison effect.
P034	VO:Narration	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	An effect with heavy compression, used for narration.
P035	VO:BigChorus	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	A spacious-sounding stereo effect similar to increasing the number of vocalists.
P036	VO:Club DI	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	A club DJ-tailored effect that uses a pitch shifter to make voices lower.
P037	VO:AM-Radio	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	Sound featuring hard compression and narrower frequency range.
P038	VO:PlusTwo	Stereo PSD	Insert	Stereo	A special effect that adds two more voices using a pitch shifter.
P039	VO:Robot Efx	Stereo PSD	Insert	StereoSF r	novie-like effect using a pitch shifter.
P040	VO:Bull Horn	Guitar Multi 3	Insert	Mono	Simulated effect of sound produced from a Bull Horn or old radio.

^{*} PSD = Pitch Shifter Delay

■ Guitar (11 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Туре	Input	Comment	
P041	GT:Rock Lead	Guitar Multi 2	Insert	Mono	Straight distortion sound with delay.	
P042	GT:LA Lead	Guitar Multi 2	Insert	Mono	Lead guitar sound with tasty compression and chorus applied.	
P043	GT:MetalLead	Guitar Multi 1	Insert	Mono	Metal sound with dynamic, ultrahigh gain distortion.	
P044	GT:Metal Jet	Guitar Multi 1	Insert	Mono	Distortion together with a metallic effect achieved by flanging.	
P045	GT:CleanRthm	Guitar Multi 1	Insert	Mono	Clean sound with compression and chorus applied.	

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P046	GT:DIedClean	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	Superclean sound like line recording directly into the console.
P047	GT:Delay Rif	Guitar Multi 2	Insert	Mono	Delay sounds at dotted eighth note intervals when a 120 BPM riff is played.
P048	GT:Acoustic	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	Optimized for electroacoustic guitars.
P049	GT:BluesDrv.	Guitar Multi 3	Insert	Mono	Crunchy overdrive sound suited to blues and R&R.
P050	GT:Liverpool	Guitar Multi 3	Insert	Mono	Crunchy sound often heard on '60s British rock.
P051	GT:Country	Guitar Multi 3	Insert	Mono	Clean sound featuring distinctive compression and delay.

■ Guitar Amp Simulator (9 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Туре	Input	Comment
P052	GA:JazChorus	Guitar Amp Sim.	Insert	Mono	Roland JC-120 amp. Sounds more authentic when used with chorus for mixdown.
P053	GA:CleanTwin	Guitar Amp Sim.	Insert	Mono	U.S. tube combo amp circa "black panel."
P054	GA:Vin.Tweed	Guitar Amp Sim.	Insert	Mono	'50s U.S. tube amp overdrive.
P055	GA:BluesDrv.	Guitar Amp Sim.	Insert	Mono	Old British amp crunchy overdrive.
P056	GA:MatchLead	Guitar Amp Sim.	insert	Mono	Hot-rodded British combo amp.
P057	GA:StudioCmb	Guitar Amp Sim.	Insert	Mono	Favourite late '70s amp of studio musicians.
P058	GA:JMP-Stack	Guitar Amp Sim.	Insert	Mono	Late '60s British stacks.
P059	GA:SLDN Lead :	Sim.Guitar Amp	Insert	Mono	An '80s amp known for versatile distortion.
P060	GA:5150 Lead Si	m.Guitar Amp	Insert	Mono	Big tube amp standard for American heavy metal.

^{*} Sim. = Simulator

■ Bass (5 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P061	BS:DI'edBass	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	Slight limiting and equalization optimized, ideal for line recording applications.
P062	BS:MikedBass	Guitar Amp Sim.	Insert	Mono	A miked speaker box with four 12"s.
P063	BS:CompBass	Stereo Multi	Insert	Stereo	Hard-compressed sound optimized for slaps.
P064	BS:Auto Wah	Guitar Multi 2	Insert	Mono	Synth bass like sound added with auto wah essential for '70s funk.
P065	BS:EFX Bass	Stereo Delay Chorus	Insert	Stereo	Solo-optimized sound with depth and spaciousness added through delay and chorus.

^{*} Sim. = Simulator

■ Stereo Multi (5 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Туре	Input	Comment
P066	CL:Comp	Stereo Multi	Insert	Stereo	Stereo type compression optimized for broadcast mixing.
P067	CL:Limiter	Stereo Multi	Insert	Stereo	A convenient effect for analog mastering because it can limit peak signals.
P068	EQ:Loudness	Stereo Multi	Insert	Stereo	Applies EQ curve with slightly boosted lows and highs.
P069	EQ:Fat Dance	Stereo Multi	Insert	Stereo	Hard compression plus equalizing for dance music.
P070	EQ:ThinJingl	Stereo Multi	Insert	Stereo	Limiter and EQ processing for FM radio and TV broadcasting.

■ Chorus/Flanger/Phaser/Pitch Shifter (9 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P071	CH:Lt Chorus	Stereo Delay Chorus	Insert	Stereo	Natural stereo chorus with shallow depth for spacious, crystal-clear sound.
P072	CH:Deep Cho	Stereo Delay Chorus	Insert	Stereo	Intense stereo chorus that adds depth and spaciousness to the sound.
P073	CH:DetuneCho	Stereo PSD	Insert	Stereo	Chorus with left and right channels separately pitch shift-detuned up and down.
P074	FL:LtFlanger	Stereo Flanger	Insert	Stereo	Stereo flanger with slight modulation.
P075	FL:Deep Fl	Stereo Flanger	Insert	Stereo	Deeper stereo flanger for metallic jet swooshing sound.
P076	PH:Lt Phaser	Stereo Phaser	Insert	Stereo	Lighter 4-stage stereo phaser suitable for synth strings.
P077	PH:DeepPhase	Stereo Phaser	Insert	Stereo	Deep phaser effective for electronic piano and clavinet sounds.
P078	PS:-4thVoice	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	Adds sound down a fourth to the direct sound.
P079	PS:ShimmerUD	Stereo PSD	Insert	Stereo	A special effect with left channel pitch rising and right channel pitch dropping over time.

^{*} PSD = Pitch Shifter Delay

■ Same as Algorithm (20 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Туре	Input	Comment	
P080	Reverb	Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	(p. 26)	
P081	Delay	Delay	Snd/Rtn	Mono	(p. 28)	
P082	StDly-Chorus	Stereo Delay Chorus	Insert	Stereo	(p. 30)	
P083	StPS-Delay	Pitch Shifter Delay	Insert	Stereo	(p. 32)	
P084	Vocoder	Vocoder	Insert	Mono	(p. 34)	
P085	2ch RSS	2ch RSS	Insert	2ch	(p. 35)	
P086	Delay RSS	Delay RSS	Insert	Mono	(p. 37)	
P087	Chorus RSS	Chorus RSS	Insert	Mono	(p. 38)	
P088	GuitarMulti1	Guitar Multi 1	Insert	Mono	(p. 39)	
P089	GuitarMulti2	Guitar Multi 2	Insert	Mono	(p. 39)	
P090	GuitarMulti3	Guitar Multi 3	Insert	Mono	(p. 39)	

Preset Patch List

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Туре	Input	Comment
P091	Vocal Multi	Vocal Multi	Insert	Mono	(p. 42)
P092	Rotary	Rotary	Insert	Mono	(p. 44)
P093	GuitarAmpSim	Guitar Amp Sim.	Insert	Mono	(p. 44)
P094	St Phaser	Stereo Phaser	Insert	Stereo	(p. 47)
P095	St Flanger	Stereo Flanger	Insert	Stereo	(p. 49)
P096	DualComp/Lim	Dual Compressor/Limiter	Insert	2ch	(p. 50)
P097	Gate Reverb	Gate Reverb	Snd/Rtn	Mono	(p. 52)
P098	MultiTapDly	Multi Tap Delay	Insert	Mono	(p. 54)
P099	Stereo Multi	Stereo Multi	Insert	Stereo	(p. 56)

■ Reverb2 (20 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P100	R2:LargeHall	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Large concert hall reverberation.
P101	R2:SmallHall	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Small hall reverberation.
P102	R2:Strings	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Reverberation optimized for delicate highs of strings.
P103	R2:PianoHall	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Rich and warm reverberation optimized for pianos.
P104	R2:Orch Room	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Reverberation of large-capacity rooms such as big banquet halls.
P105	R2:VocalRoom	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Room reverb suitable for vocals and chorus.
P106	R2:MediumRm	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Warm and naturally spacious room reverb.
P107	R2:LargeRoom	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Simulated acoustics of wide rooms with lots of reverberation.
P108	R2:CoolPlate	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Distinctive bright plate reverb.
P109	R2:Short Plt	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Shorter plate reverb.
P110	R2:Vocal Plt	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Crystal-clear reverb optimized for vocals.
P111	R2:Soft Amb.	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Simulated reverberation of a room with minimal wall reflections.
P112	R2:Room Amb.	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Natural reverberation of rooms with good acoustics, suitable for drums and guitars.
P113	R2:Cathedral	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Acoustics of a very large, high-ceilinged church.
P114	R2:Long Cave	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Simulated reverberation of deep caves.
P115	R2:GarageDr.	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Natural reverb that enhances unique drum sounds.
P116	R2:Rock Kick	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Reverb with many low-frequency components, suitable for rock kicks.
P117	R2:RockSnare	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Rich and thick sounding reverb suitable for rock snares.
P118	R2:BriteGte2	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	A high-density and bright sounding gated reverb. Adjust Threshold.
P119	R2:Fat Gate2	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	A high-density and warm sounding gated reverb. Adjust Threshold.

■ Mic Simulator (22 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P120	MS:57→58	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a general-purpose D. mic to a vocal D. mic. Rich mid/low range.
P121	MS:57 →1 21	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a general-purpose D. mic to a large D. mic. For drums and guitar amp.
P122	MS:57→451	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a general-purpose D. mic to a small C. mic. For acoustic guitar and cymbals.
P123	MS:57→87	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a general-purpose D. mic to a large C. mic. For vocals and acoustic inst.
P124	MS:57→47	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a general-purpose D. mic to a vintage C. mic. For vocals and acoustic inst.
P125	MS:57→Line	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Cancels the characteristics of D.mic, giving the sound a flat frequency response.
P126	MS:DR20→421	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a Roland DR-20 to an instrumental D. mic. For drums and guitar amp.
P127	MS:DR20→451	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a Roland DR-20 to a small C. mic. For acoustic guitar and cymbals.
P128	MS:DR20→87	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a Roland DR-20 to a large C. mic. For vocals and acoustic inst.
P129	MS:10→58	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a headset mic to a vocal D. mic.
P130	MS:10→87	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a headset mic to a large C. mic.
P131	MS:Mini→57	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a miniature C. mic to a general-purpose D. mic.
P132	MS:Mini→87	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Converts a miniature C. mic to a large C. mic.
P133	MS:Kick&Snr1	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	For the bass drum (L. channel) and snare drum (R channel) of a drum set (1).
P134	MS:Kick&Snr2	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	For the bass drum (L channel) and snare drum (R channel) of a drum set (2).
P135	MS:H.Hat&Tom	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	For the hi-hat (L channel) and tom (R channel) of a drum set.
P136	MS:Dr.OvrTop	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	A patch for placing mics above the drums mainly to mic the cymbals.
P137	MS:Dr.OvrAll	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	A patch for placing mics above the front of the drums to mic the entire set.
P138	MS:Ac.Guitar	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	For acoustic guitar. InsertL: brighter, InsertR: warmer.
P139	MS:StudioVcl	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	For vocals. InsertL: natural, InsertR: Rock.
P140	MS:StereoMic	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Gives time-lag to a sound miked in stereo, emphasizing spaciousness.
P141	MS:Ambience	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	Simulates ambience mics. Add reverb and mix with original source.

^{*} D. mic = dynamic microphone, C. mic = condenser microphone

	Parametric	Equalizer ((26 presets)
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No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Туре	Input	Comment
P142	PEQ:BassDrum	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For bass drum. Adjust LowQ and HiG.
P143	PEQ:RockBD	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For bass drum. A sound suitable for rock with mid-lows emphasized.
P144	PEQ:RockSD	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For snare drum. Drops the mid-lows and emphasizes the attack and snares.
P145	PEQ:RimShot	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For rim shot. Emphasizes the feeling of attack unique to a rim shot.
P146	PEQ:Toms	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For toms, Adjust LowF and LowMidF.
P147	PEQ:Hi Hat	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For the crisper hi-hat. Adjust bell sound with HiMidG.
P148	PEQ:Cymbals	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For cymbals. Emphasizes the difference in tone between cymbals and their clarity.
P149	PEQ:Overhead	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For drum kit. Use when miking the sound of the entire kit.
P150	PEQ:Bass 1	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For electric bass. Wide-range and tight bass sound.
P151	PEQ:Bass 2	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For electric bass. Fatter and with more punch than P150. For rock.
P152	PEQ:SlapBass	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For electric bass. Settings that emphasize the accent of pulled notes with slap technique.
P153	PEQ:Sax	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For alto/soprano sax. Lower HiG for mellow sound.
P154	PEQ:Bari.Sax	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For baritone sax. Adjust LoMidF.
P155	PEQ:ElecGtr	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	Settings that keep the lead guitar from being buried in the mix.
P156	PEQ:NylonGtr	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	Emphasize the tone of nylon strings. Adjust fret sound with HiG.
P157	PEQ:BluesGtr	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	Adds a delicate nuance suitable when playing blues on an acoustic guitar.
P158	PEQ:SlideGtr	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	Adds a rich feel to acoustic slide guitar. Adjust HiF.
P159	PEQ:LineGtr	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For piezo pickups. Adjust brightness with HiG.
P160	PEQ:Male	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	Improves the tone quality of a male vocal. Adjust HiG.
P161	PEQ:RockMale	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	Equalizer that adds energy to a male vocal. Best for rock. Try with Comp.
P162	PEQ:Female	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	Improves the tone quality of a female vocal. Adjust LoMidG.
P163	PEQ:RockFemI	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	Equalizer that adds energy to a female vocal. Best for rock. Try with Comp.
P164	PEQ:Narrator	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	Standard equalizer for male narration. Brings out the character of the voice.
P165	PEQ:Organ	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	Settings to bring out the character of a church organ.
P166	PEQ:St.Piano	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	For miking piano in stereo. Left: low range, right: high range.
P167	PEQ:SmallCho	Parametric EQ	Insert	Stereo	Settings that bring out the chorus without letting it conflict with the main vocal.

■ Graphic Equalizer (3 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Туре	Input	Comment
P168	GEQ:TotalEQ1	Graphic EQ	Insert	Stereo	Boosts the low and high ranges.
P169	GEQ:TotalEQ2	Graphic EQ	Insert	Stereo	Attenuates the lows and highs to narrow the range, tightening up the sound.
P170	GEQ:Space EQ	Graphic EQ	Insert	Stereo	Special settings that turn a monaural source into stereo.

■ Space Chorus (3 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P171	SPCHO:MODE 1	Space Chorus	Insert	Stereo	Simulates MODE1 of the classic SDD-320 ambience processor.
P172	SPCHO:MODE 2	Space Chorus	Insert	Stereo	Simulates MODE2 of the classic SDD-320 ambience processor.
P173	SPCHO:MODE 3	Space Chorus	Insert	Stereo	Simulates MODE3 of the classic SDD-320 ambience processor.

■ Special Effects(16 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P174	LFP:BreakBts	Lo-Fi Processor	Insert	Stereo	Reproduces the tonal change produced by lowering the bit/rate of a sampled sound.
P175	LFP:1bitDist	Lo-Fi Processor	Insert	Stereo	Extreme distortion sound produced by lowering the number of bits.
P176	LFP:TeknoFlt	Lo-Fi Processor	Insert	Stereo	Emphasizes the out-of-band noise that occurs with low sampling rates.
P177	LFP:Reso Flt	Lo-Fi Processor	Insert	Stereo	Filter with resonance as found on synthesizers. Adjust CutOff.
P178	LFP:FatBotom	Lo-Fi Processor	Snd/Rtn	Stereo	Add heavy low-range for the groove. Mix with original source.
P179	VT:M to Fm	Voice Transformer	Insert	Mono	Converts a male voice into a female voice.
P180	VT:Fm to M	Voice Transformer	Insert	Mono	Converts a female voice into a male voice.
P181	VT:Male Duo	Voice Transformer	Insert	Mono	Turns a single male voice into a duet (by adding a female voice).
P182	VT:FemaleDuo	Voice Transformer	Insert	Mono	Turns a single female voice into a duet (by adding a male voice).
P183	VT:Robot	Voice Transformer	Insert	Mono	Special effect like a robot speaking.
P184	VOP22:M19Band	Vocoder2	Insert	Mono	Clear and crisp vocoder.
P185	VOP22:S19Band	Vocoder2	Insert	Mono	Special stereo vocoder with long decay.
P186	HC:Quiet60Hz	Hum Canceler	Insert	Stereo	Cancels 60 Hz hum noise.
P187	HC:Quiet50Hz	Hum Canceler	Insert	Stereo	Cancels 50 Hz hum noise.
P188	VC:Vocal Cnl	Vocal Canceler	Insert	Stereo	Cancels a vocal located in the center.
P189	VC:CenterCnl	Vocal Canceler	Insert	Stereo	Cancel all sound located in the center.

■ Same as Algorithm (14 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Туре	Input	Comment
P190	Reverb2	Reverb2	Snd/Rtn	Mono	(p. 58)
P191	Space Chorus	Space Chorus	Insert	Stereo	(p. 60)
P192	Lo-Fi Proces	Lo-Fi Processor	Insert	Stereo	(p. 61)

Preset Patch List

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P193	ParametricEQ	Parametric Equalizer	Insert	2ch	(p. 62)
P194	Graphic EQ	Graphic Equalizer	Insert	2ch	(p. 63)
P195	Hum Canceler	Hum Canceler	Insert	Stereo	(p. 64)
P196	Vocal Cancel	Vocal Canceler	Insert	Stereo	(p. 65)
P197	Voice Trans	Voice Transformer	Insert	Mono	(p. 67)
P198	Vocoder2 (19)	Vocoder2	Insert	Mono	(p. 69)
P199	MicSimulator	Mic Simulator	Insert	2ch	(p. 71)
P200	3BndIsolator	3BandIsolator	Insert	Stereo	(p. 73)
P201	TapeEcho201	Tape Echo 201	Snd/Rtn	Mono	(p. 74)
P202	AnalogFinger	Analog Flanger	Insert	Stereo	(p. 75)
P203	AnalogPhaser	Analog Phaser	Insert	Stereo	(p. 76)

■ Tape Echo 201 (4 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P204	TE:ShortEcho	Tape Echo 201	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Simulates short type tape echo.
P205	TE:LongEcho	Tape Echo 201	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Simulates long type tape echo.
P206	TE:OldTape	Tape Echo 201	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Simulates tape echo using an old tape.
P207	TE:PanEcho	Tape Echo 201	Snd/Rtn	Mono	Simulates tape echo in stereo.

■ Analog Flanger (1 preset)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P208	AF:SBF-325	Analog Flanger	Insert	Stereo	Simulates Roland SBF-325 analog flanger.

■ Analog Phaser (1 preset)

No.	Patch Name	Algorithm	Type	Input	Comment
P209	AP:FB-Phaser	Analog Phaser	Insert	Stereo	Simulates analog phaser with oscillation on purpose.

■ Mastering Tool Kit (19 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Туре	Input	Comment
P210	MTK:Mixdown	Insert	Stereo	Mix down for CD
P211	MTK:PreMastr	Insert	Stereo	Pre-master for video editing
P212	MTK:LiveMix	Insert	Stereo	Final mix of live recording
P213	MTK:PopMix	Insert	Stereo	for Pop music
P214	MTK:DanceMix	Insert	Stereo	for Dance music
P215	MTK:JinglMix	Insert	Stereo	Jingle for FM radio
P216	MTK:HardComp	Insert	Stereo	Heavy compression
P217	MTK:SoftComp	Insert	Stereo	Light compression
P218	MTK:ClnComp	Insert	Stereo	Eliminating the background noise and clean up the sound
P219	MTK:DnceComp	Insert	Stereo	Compression for dance music
P220	MTK:OrchComp	Insert	Stereo	Compression for orchestra
P221	MTK:VocalCmp	Insert	Stereo	Compression for vocal
P222	MTK:Acoustic	Insert	Stereo	Acoustic guitar
P223	MTK:RockBand	Insert	Stereo	for Rock band
P224	MTK:Orchestr	Insert	Stereo	for Orchestra
P225	MTK:LoBoost	Insert	Stereo	Enhancing the low frequency range
P226	MTK:Brighten	Insert	Stereo	Enhancing the high frequency range
P227	MTK:DJsVoice	Insert	Stereo	DJ Microphone
P228	MTK:PhoneVox	Insert	Stereo	Telephone voice simulation

■ Speaker Modeling (11 presets)

No.	Patch Name	Туре	Input	Comment
P229	SPM:SuperFlt	Insert	Stereo	Modeling is used to compensate the DS-90, to produce an even flatter sound with a wider range.
P230	SPM:P.GenBlk	Insert	Stereo	A widely used model of powered monitors (two-way type, with a woofer diameter of 170 mm (6-1/2 inches)).
P231	SPM:P.E-Bs	Insert	Stereo	Powered monitors characterized by a bright tone.
P232	SPM:P.Mack	Insert	Stereo	Powered monitors characterized by an extended low-frequency response.
P233	SPM:SmalCube	Insert	Stereo	Small full-range speakers widely used in recording studios.
P234	SPM:WhiteCon	Insert	Stereo	Sealed enclosure two-way speakers known for their white woofers and widely used in recording studios.
P235	SPM:W.C+tiss	Insert	Stereo	A more mild sound, with tissue paper affixed over the tweeters of the above "White Cone" speakers.
P236	SPM:S.Radio	Insert	Stereo	Small pocket-type radio.
P237	SPM:SmallTV	Insert	Stereo	Speakers built into a 14 inch size television.
P238	SPM:BoomBox	Insert	Stereo	Radio cassette recorder.
P239	SPM:BB.LowBs	Insert	Stereo	Radio cassette recorder with the Low Boost switched on.

Algorithm Lis

Algorithm List

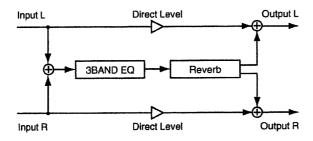
This section describes the effects associated with the respective algorithms and internal terminations. Read this section when you need to check the algorithms in the built-in library (pre-set library) or before creating a new library.

To add reverbs (Reverb-related)	To add effects suited for the guitar/bass
Reverb(p. 26)	Guitar Multi1(p. 39
Gate Reverb(p. 52)	Guitar Multi2(p. 39
Reverb2(p. 58)	Guitar Multi3(p. 39
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To add delayed sounds (Delay-related)	
Delay(p. 28)	 To add effects suited for vocals
StPS-Delay (p. 32)	Vocal Multi(p. 42
MultiTapDly(p. 54)	Vocal Cancel(p. 65
TapeEcho201(p. 74)	Voice Trans(p. 67
To expand sounds (Chorus-related)	To add movement to sounds
StDly-Chorus(p. 30)	Rotary(p. 44
Space Chorus(p. 60)	· ·
•	 To give three-dimensional location
To swing sounds (Modulation-related)	2ch RSS(p. 35
St Phaser (p. 47)	Delay RSS(p. 37)
St Flanger	Chorus RSS(p. 38
AnalogFinger(p. 75)	•
AnalogPhaser(p. 76)	● Others
·	Vocoder(p. 34
To alter the volume increment (Compressor-related)	Stereo Multi(p. 56
Dual Comp/Limi(p. 50)	Hum Canceler(p. 64)
•	MicSimulator(p. 71)
To increase/decrease levels by frequency band	Vocoder2(19)(p. 69)
(Filter-related)	Speaker Modeling(p. 77)
Parametric EQ(p. 62)	Mastering Tool Kit(p. 79)
Graphic EQ(p. 63)	
3BandIsolator(p. 73)	
To make sound quality rough (Lo-Fi-related)	
Lo-Fi Process(p. 61)	
(p. 61)	
Effect block	
Parameters within the same	e effect
(left/right channels linked)	
——— Control signal	



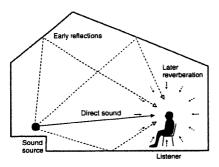
Reverb

This feature adds reverberation to the sound to simulate the size of space such as a hall and a room.



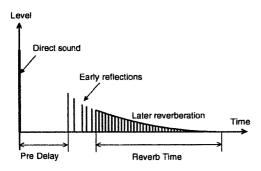
Sound types

Sounds around us can be analyzed and categorized into three types: direct sounds, early reflections and reverberation. A direct sound is the sound that reaches the listener directly from the source. An early reflection is the sound that has rebounded from the wall once, twice or several times. A reverberation is the sound we hear after sound reflections are repeated many times.



Relationship between sound and time

Reflected sound reach the listener in the following sequence. The pre-delay is the time from when the direct sound is heard until the reverb is heard. The reverb time is the time over which the reverb decays to silence.



Reverb sound quality

The sound quality of a reverb is affected by materials of the walls and other members from which the sound is rebounded. This is because the degree of attenuation in the High and low frequency bands varies. HF-Damp Gain and LF-Damp Gain are provided so that you can adjust such attenuation degrees. The smaller the value becomes, the steeper the degree of attenuation of the reverberation becomes severer in the High and low frequency bands. In addition, in order to obtain softer reverberation, make the frequency lower by using HF-Damp Frequency (High Freqreq-Damp Freq). In order to obtain harder reverberation, make the frequency Higher by using LF-Damp Frequency (LoFreq-Damp Freq).

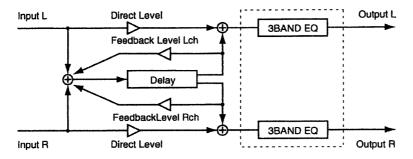
	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
EQ (Eq	ualizer)		
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.
	Low Gain	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
	Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
	Low Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1
	Low Type	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shelving type or peaking type).
	Mid Gain (Middle Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.
	Mid Freq (Middle Frequency)	200–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.
	Mid Q (Middle Q)	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
	High Gain	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
	High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4-20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.
	High Q	0.3-10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1
	Hi Type (High Type)	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
	Level (Output Level)	0100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.
Reverb			
neverb		5-40 m	Sets the size of the room.
	Room Size (Room Size) Time (Reverb Time)	0.1–32.0 sec.	
		0-200 ms	Sets the time length of the reverb sound.
	PreDLY (Pre-Delay)	0-200 ms	Sets the time until the reverb sound appears.
	Difusi (Diffusion)		Sets the extent of diffusion of the early reflection sound.
	Density (Density)	0-100	Sets the density of the reverb sound.
	ERLvi (Early Reflection Level) LF Damp Gain (LF-Damp Gain)	0 to100 -36–0 dB	Sets the volume of the early reflection. Sets the degree of attenuation of the reverb in the low frequency band.
	LF Damp Freq (LF-Damp Frequency)	50-4000 Hz	Sets the frequency on which the reverb starts attenuating in the low frequency band.
	HF Damp Gain (HF-Damp Gain)	-360 dB	Sets the degree of attenuation of the reverb in the High frequency band.
	HF Damp Freq (HF-Damp Frequency)	1.0-20.0 kHz	Sets the frequency on which the reverb starts attenuating in the High frequency band.
	HiCF (High Cut Frequency)	0.2-20.0 kHz	Sets the frequency for which the High frequency band elements of the reverb are cut.
	FX LvI (Effect Level)	-100–100	Sets the volume of the reverb sound.
	DirLvl (Direct Level)	-100100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.



^{*1:} If Low Type (Lo Type) or High Type (Hi Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.

Delay

Delay is a feature to add a delayed sound to the direct sound in order to add thickness to the sound or to yield a special effect.



Delay sounds and the spread of sound

As a delay is output in the stereo mode, it sounds from the right and the left sides. These delay sounds can be adjusted by setting Delay shift (shift). Set it to the value on the L side to cause the left-side delay sound lag behind and to the value on the R side to cause the right-side delay sound lag behind. Set shift to "0" to make the delay sounds on the both sides simultaneously. Setting the right and left delay times to different values yields more spreading effect.

* The sum of the Delay Time value and the Delay shift value should not exceed the setting range of Delay Time. For example, if the setting range of Delay Time is 0 to 1200 ms and Delay Time is set to 1000 ms, the setting range of Delay Shift should be L200 to R200 ms.

Delay repetition

Delay feedback means to return the delay sound to the Delay input. The amount of feedback is set with FBLevel (Feedback Level). The greater this value becomes, the more times the delay sound is repeated. Setting this level to a negative value inverts the phase. Excessively large values may cause oscillation.

	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
Delay:	Adds a delayed sound to the direc	t sound, adding de	epth to the sound or creating special effects.
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the delay on or off.
	Time (Delay Time)	0–1200 ms	Sets the time from direct sound until when the delay sound is heard.
	Shift (Delay Shift)	L1200-0-R1200 ms	Sets the delay time difference between the right and left delay sounds.
	Lch FeedbackLvl (Lch Feedback Level)	-100–100	Sets the amount of the left-side delay should be returned to the delay input.
	Rch FeedbackLvl (Rch Feedback Level)	-100–100	Sets the amount of the right-side delay should be returned to the delay input.
	LF Damp Gain (LF-Damp Gain)	-36-0 dB	Sets the degree of attenuation in the low frequency band for the delay sound fed back.
	LF Damp Freq (LF-Damp Frequency)	50–4000 Hz	Sets the frequency at which attenuation in the low frequency band starts to the delay sound fed back.
	HF Damp Gain (HF-Damp Gain)	-36-0 dB	Sets the degree of attenuation in the High frequency band for the delay sound fed back.
	HF Damp Freq (HF-Damp Frequency)	1.0-20.0 kHz	Sets the frequency at which attenuation in the High frequency band starts to the delay sound fed back.
	Lch FXLvl (Lch Effect Level)	-100–100	Sets the volume for the left-side delay sound.
	Rch FXLvl (Rch Effect Level)	-100–100	Sets the volume for the right-side delay sound.
	DirLvl (Direct Level)	-100–100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.

EQ (Equalizer)

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.
Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
Low Q	0.3-10.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *2
Low Type	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Mid Gain (Middle Gain)	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.
Mid Freq (Middle Frequency)	200–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.
Mid Q (Middle Q)	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
High Gain	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4–20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.
High Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *2
Hi Type (High Type)	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Level (Output Level)	0–100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.

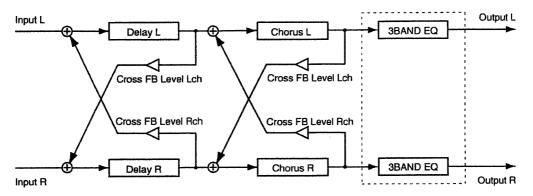


- *1: The sum of the Delay Time (Time) value and the Delay Shift (Shift) value should not exceed the setting range of Delay Time. For example, if Delay Time is set to 1000 ms, the setting range of Delay Shift is L200 to R200 ms.
- *2: If Low Type (Lo Type) or Hi Type (High Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.



StDly-Chorus (Stereo Delay Chorus)

Delay and Chorus can be combined to create spaciousness.



How feedback works for Delay and Chorus

Feedback is the feature to return the effect sound to its input. The amount of feedback is set with FBLevel (Feedback Level). Cross-Feedback is the feature to return the effect sound from the right input to the left input and the effect send from the left input to the right. The amount of cross-feedback is set with Cross-Feedback Level (CrossFB Level).

The greater this value becomes, the more times the delay sound is repeated. Setting this level to a negative value inverts the phase.

For feedback of chorus, the greater the value becomes, the more spaciousness and thickness is added to the sound. Setting this level to a negative value inverts the phase.

* Excessively great values may cause oscillation, leading to abnormal noise.

Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
Adds a delayed sound to the direc	t sound, adding o	lepth to the sound or creating special effects.
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the delay on or off.
Time (Delay Time)	0–500 ms	Sets the time from direct sound until when the delay sound is heard.
Shift (Delay Shift)	L500-0-R500 ms	Sets the delay time difference between the right and left delay sounds.
Lch FeedbackLvl (Lch Feedback Level)	-100–100	Sets the amount of the left-side delay should be returned to the left delay input.
Rch FeedbackLvl (Rch Feedback Level)	-100100	Sets the amount of the right-side delay should be returned to the right delay input.
Lch CrossFeedbackLvl (Lch Cross-Feedback	(Level)-100100	Sets the amount of the left-side delay should be returned to the right delay input.
Rch CrossFeedbackLvl(Rch Cross-Feedback	(Level)-100100	Sets the amount of the right-side delay should be returned to the left delay input.
FX Lvl (Effect Level)	-100–100	Sets the volume of the delay sound.
DirLvl (Direct Level)	-100–100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.

Chorus:

Adds spaciousness and depth to the sound.

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the chorus on or off.
Rate (Rate)	0.1–10.0 kHz	Sets the rate of modulation.
Depth (Depth)	0–100	Sets the depth of modulation.
PreDLY (Pre-Delay)	0–50 ms	Sets the time delay from when the direct sound begins until the processed sound is heard.
Lch FeedbackLvl (Lch Feedback Level)	-100–100	Sets the amount of the left-side chorus sound should be returned to the left chorus input.
Rch FeedbackLvl (Rch Feedback Level)	-100100	Sets the amount of the right-side chorus sound should be returned to the right chorus input.
Lch CrossFeedbackLvl (Lch Cross-Feedbac	k Level)-100–100	Sets the amount of the left-side chorus sound should be returned to the right chorus input.
Rch CrossFeedbackLvl(Rch Cross-Feedback	k Level)-100–100	Sets the amount of the right-side chorus sound should be returned to the left chorus input.
FX LvI (Effect Level)	-100100	Sets the volume of the chorus sound.
DirLvI (Direct Level)	-100100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.

EQ (Equalizer)

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.	
Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.	
Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.	
Low Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *2	
Low Type	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).	
Mid Gain (Middle Gain)	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.	
Mid Freq (Middle Frequency)	200–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.	
Mid Q (Middle Q)	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.	
High Gain	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.	
High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4-20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.	
High Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *2	
Hi Type (High Type)	Shiv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).	
Level (Output Level)	0–100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.	

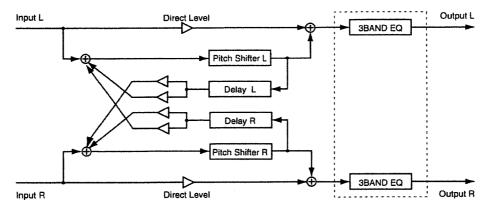


- *1: The sum of the Delay Time (Time) value and the Delay Shift (Shift) value should not exceed the setting range of Delay Time. For example, if the delay time is set to 300 ms, the setting range of Delay Shift is L200 to R200 ms.
- *2: If Lo Type (Low Type) or Hi Type (High Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.



StPS-Delay (Stereo Pitch Shifter Delay)

Changes the pitch of the direct sound. Corrects vocals out of tune or adds thickness to the sound by mixing the direct sound and a sound at a shifted pitch.



Setting up pitch

Chromatic Pitch (Cromatic) is used for major pitch variation while Fine Pitch (Fine) is used for fine adjustment. Setting up slightly different pitches for the right and left gives thickness to the sound.

	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
PShi	ft (Pitch Shifter Delay) : Shifts the pito	:h.	
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the pitch shifter on or off.
	Lch Croma Pitch (Lch Chromatic Pitch)	-12–12	Sets the left-side pitch variation (by semitone).
	Rch Croma Pitch (Rch Chromatic Pitch)	-12–12	Sets the right-side pitch variation (by semitone).
-,	Lch Fine Pitch	-100–100	Sets the left-side pitch variation (by cent).
	Rch Fine Pitch	-100–100	Sets the right-side pitch variation (by cent).
	Lch PreDiy (Lch Pre-Delay)	0–50 ms	Sets the time from when the direct sound is output until when the left-side sound at a shifted pitch is output.
	Rch PreDly (Rch Pre-Delay)	0–50 ms	Sets the time from when the direct sound is output until when the right-side sound at a shifted pitch is output.
	Lch FBDly (Lch Feedback Delay Time)	0–500 ms	Sets the feedback repetition cycle for the left-side delay sound.
	Rch FBDly (Rch Feedback Delay Time)	0-500 ms	Sets the feedback repetition cycle for the right-side delay sound.
	Lch FeedbackLvi (Lch Feedback Level)	-100100	Sets the amount of the left-side sound at a shifted pitch should be returned to the left pitch shifter input.
	Rch FeedbackLvl (Rch Feedback Level)	-100–100	Sets the amount of the right-side sound at a shifted pitch should be returned to the right-side pitch shifter input.
	Lch CrossFeedbackLvl (Lch Cross-Feedback Level)-100-100		Sets the amount of the left-side sound at a shifter pitch should be returned to the right-side pitch shifter input.
	Rch CrossFeedbackLvI (Rch Cross-Feedback Level)-100-100		Sets the amount of the right-side sound at a shifted pith should be returned to the left-side pitch shifter input.
	FX Lvl (Effect Level)	-100100	Sets the volume of the sound at a shifter pitch.
	DirLvl (Direct Level)	-100–100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.

EQ (Equalizer)

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.
Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
Low Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 11
Low Type	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Mid Gain (Middle Gain)	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.
Mid Freq (Middle Frequency)	200–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.
Mid Q (Middle Q)	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
High Gain	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4–20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.
High Q	0.3-10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1
Hi Type (High Type)	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Level (Output Level)	0–100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.



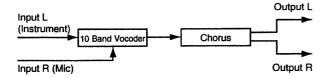
*1: If Low Type (Lo Type) or High Type (Hi Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.

Algorithm List



Vocoder

The vocoder creates "talking instrument" effects. To use Vocoder, input an instrumental sound into the left channel and a vocal sound into the right channel. The instrumental sound is split into ten frequency bands to be processed according to its frequency components.





Instrumental sounds are input into the L-channel side of the effect. Therefore, it is required to insert and connect "Lch" of the effect to the channel handling instrumental sounds. Similarly, vocal sounds are input into the R-channel side of the effect. Insert and connect "Rch" of the effect to the channel handling vocal sounds.

Tips for using Vocoder

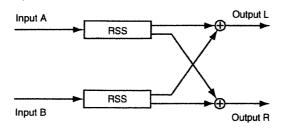
It is a good idea to choose instrumental sounds containing a lot of overtones. Recommended sounds include those with saw-tooth waveforms such as strings and distorted guitar sounds.

Pa	Parameter (full name)		g Fui	nction
Voc (Voco	der): The pitch is	specified with the ins	trumental sou	nd while the tone is output in vocals.
Ch	nar 1–10 (Voice Charad	eters) 0100		s the volume by frequency band. These are used to nge the vocoder tone.
CHO (Cho	rus):	Adds spaciousness a	nd depth to the	e sound.
Sv	w (Switch)	On, Off	Turr	ns the chorus on or off.
Ra	ate (Rate)	0.1–10.0	Hz Sets	s the rate of modulation.
De	epth (Depth)	0–100	Sets	s the depth of modulation.
Pr	eDLY (Pre-Delay)	0–50 ms		s the time delay from when the direct sound begins until processed sound is heard.
FE	BLvl (Feedback Level)	-10010		s the amount of the chorus sound should be returned to chorus input.
FX	K Lvi (Effect Level)	-100–10	0 Sets	s the volume of the chorus sound.
Di	irLvl (Direct Level)	-10010	0 Sets	s the volume of the direct sound.

AND THE

उद्धार 2ch RSS

Gives each of the sounds input into the respective channels three-dimensional locations.

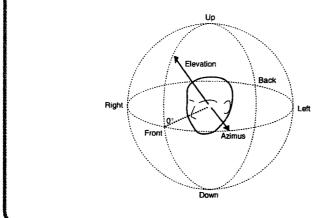




- Input A is input into the L-channel side of the effect. Therefore, it is required to insert and connect "Lch" of the effect to the channel handling Input A. Similarly, Input B is input into the R-channel side of the effect. Insert and connect "Rch" of the effect to the channel handling Input B.
- Do not output the direct sound.

What is RSS?

It stands for Roland Sound Space. This is one of the Roland's proprietary effect technologies that enables threedimensional location of the sound source on the ordinary stereo system. Not only control on effect for the front and the sides of the audience, this technology provides controls on directions (azimuth) such as up, down and rear as well as control on distance to localize the sound source.

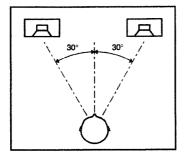


	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
RSS:	Gives so	ounds three-dimens	sional locations.
	Azimuth	-180180°	Sets output directions, front, back, right and left, for the Input A channel.
	Elevation	-90–90'	Sets output directions, up and down, for the Input A channel.

Precautions for using RSS

In order to obtain the maximum effect from the RSS, observe the following points.

- Acoustically "dead" rooms are most suitable.
- A single-way speaker is suited. However, a multi-way type will do if it incorporates the coaxial or virtual coaxial system.
- Place the speakers as far as possible from the walls on the sides.
- Do not separate the right and left speakers too much.
- · Recommended sweet spots for listening are as follows:

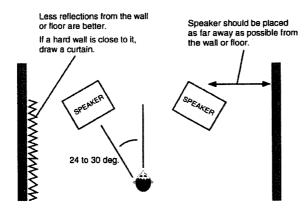


Labeling on RSS product package

In order to allow RSS to demonstrate its maximum performance, it is important to specify listening environment. For sale, we recommend that you should attach the following labeling on the packages of your products produced by using RSS patches.

Named Sound Space: For Stereo Speakers

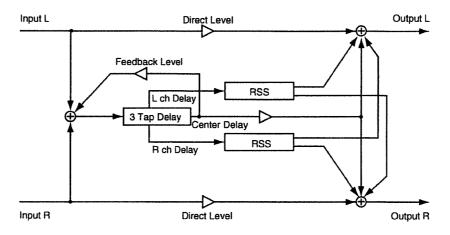
This sound is made to be played specifically through speakers. The proper effect cannot be obtained if listened to through headphones.





Delay RSS

The right-side, left-side and center Delay sounds can be set separately. As RSS is connected to both the right and left outputs, the sound image of the sound from the left-side channel is localized at 90° to the left and that of the sound from the right-side channel at 90° to the right. The center Delay output can receive the Feedback effect.



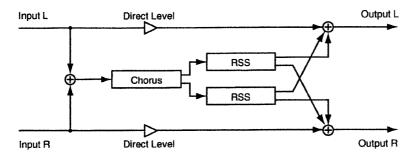


The location is fixed; no azimuth or elevation can be specified.

	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function		
DIyRSS	(Delay RSS): Gives three-dimensional location to Delay sounds.				
	Time (Delay Time)	0–1200 ms	Sets the time from direct sound until when the left and right delay sound is heard.		
	shift (Delay shift)	L1200-0-R1200 ms	Sets the balance of the right and left delay times.		
	C.Time (Center Delay Time)	0–1200 ms	Sets the time from direct sound until when the center delay sound is heard.		
	RSS LvI (RSS Level)	0–100	Sets the volume of the RSS sound.		
	C-Lvl (Center Level)	0-100	Sets the volume for the center delay sound.		
	LF Damp Gain (LF-Damp Gain)	-360 dB	Sets the degree of attenuation in the low frequency band for the center delay sound returned to the input.		
	LF Damp Freq (LF-Damp Frequency)	50–4000 Hz	Sets the frequency at which attenuation in the low frequency band starts for the center delay sound returned to the input.		
	HF Damp Gain (HF-Damp Gain)	-360 dB	Sets the degree of attenuation in the High frequency band for the center delay sound returned to the input.		
	HF Damp Freq (HF-Damp Frequency)	1.0–20.0 kHz	Sets the frequency at which attenuation in the High frequency band starts for the center delay sound returned to the input.		
	FBLvl (Feedback Level)	-100–100	Sets the amount of the center delay sound should be returned to the delay input.		
	FX Lvl (Effect Level)	-100100	Sets the volume of the delay RSS sound.		
	DirLvI (Direct Level)	-100100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.		

RID Chorus RSS

RSS is connected to the Chorus output. The sound image is defined with the sound from the left-side channel located at left 90° and the sound from the right-side channel at right 90°.



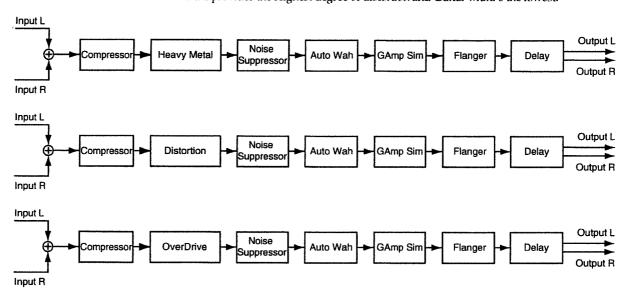


Location is fixed; no azimuth or elevation can be specified.

Parameter (full na	Parameter (full name)		Function
ChoRSS (Chorus RSS)	: Locates cho	rus sounds thr	ee-dimensionally.
Rate (Chorus Rate)		0.1-10.0 Hz	Sets the rate of modulation.
Depth (Chorus Depth)		0-100	Sets the depth of modulation.
FX Lvl (Effect Level)		-100100	Sets the volume of the chorus RSS sound.
DirLvl (Direct Level)		-100100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.

GuitarMulti 1-3

These provide multi-effects for guitar sounds suited for rock. Guitar Multi 1 through 3 differ in the degree of sound distortion. Guitar Multi 1 provides the Highest degree of distortion and Guitar-Multi 3 the lowest.



<u>Usage of Guitar Multi 1 through 3</u>

The basic configuration is almost identical for all of Guitar-Multi 1 through 3. The only difference is the type of the second effect (heavy metal, distortion, and overdrive). Select Guitar Multi 1 to add severe distortion to the sound, and select Guitar Multi 3 for soft distortion as that achieved with the vacuum tube amplifier.

Adding Wah effect by changing input volume

Typically, Auto-Wah provides an automatic wah effect at the cycle set with Rate (Rate).

Alternatively, you can give wah effect according to changes of input volume. For example, you can apply the wah effect so that it reflects changes in picking on the guitar. First, adjust sensitivity for changes in input volume by using Sense (Sens). Set it to a larger value for finer subtlety. After that, you simply decide the direction into which the filter should be moved by entering a setting for Polarity (Pol).

Selecting Guitar Amplifier

You can select which type of Guitar Amplifier to use with Mode (Mode) under Guitar Amplifier Simulator.

Small: Small-sized amplifier
Built In: Built-in type amplifier

2 Stack: Large-sized two-deck stacked amplifiers 3 Stack: Large-sized three-deck stacked amplifiers

Compressors used in Guitar Multi 1 through 3

Compressors used in Guitar Multi 1 through 3 are designed to accommodate playing of the guitar, providing a slightly different effect from ordinary compressors. Compressors for the guitar unifies volumes by suppressing signals at High levels and enhancing signals at low levels.

Unlike these, ordinary compressors simply suppress signals at High levels.



	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
mp (C	Compressor):Compresses t value		when the input volume exceeds a specified
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the compressor on or off.
•	Sustain (Sustain)	0–100	Sets the time over which low level signals are boosted to a constant volume.
	Attack (Attack)	0-100	Sets the strength of attack when a sound is input.
	Tone (Tone)	-50–50	Sets the tone color.
	Level (Level)	0–100	Sets the volume of the compressor sound.
tal (H	leavy Metal) / Dstr (Distortic	on) / Ovd (Overdrive): Gi	ves distortion to the sound.
`	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the metal, distortion or overdrive on or off.
	Gain (Gain)	0-100	Sets the degree of the distortion.
	Low Gainain (Low Gain)	-100–100	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band. (only for Metal)
•	MidGain (Middle Gain)	-100–100	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band. (only for Metal)
•	High Gainain (High Gain)	-100–100	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band. (only for Metal)
	Tone (Tone)	0–100	Sets the tone color. (for Distortion/Overdrive only)
•	Level (Level)	0–100	Sets the volume of the metal, distortion or overdrive sound
(Noi	se Suppressor): Mutes	noise in the silent mode	.
(Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the noise suppressor on or off.
	Thresh (Threshold)	0–100	Sets the level to start muting noise.
,	Release (Release)	0–100	Sets the time over which the volume will drop to 0 after the noise starts being muted.
ah (Δi	uto Wah): Adds th	ne wah effect.	
(21.	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the auto wah on or off.
	Mode (Mode)	LPF, BPF	Set to "BPF" for the wah effect in a narrow range of frequencies and to "LPF" for wah effect in a broad range or frequencies.
	Pol (Polarity)	Up, Down	Activated only for adding the wah effect according to inpuvolume changes. Set to "Up" for moving the filter to a Higher frequency and "Down" for moving it to a lower frequency.
	Sens (Sense)	0100	Normally "0." Sets sensitivity for input volume changes for adding the wah effect according to input volume changes.
	Freq (Frequency)	0–100	Sets the frequency at which the wah effect starts working
	Peak (Peak)	0–100	Sets the degree of the wah effect applied at around the frequency.
	Rate (Rate)	0.1–10.0 Hz	Sets the rate at which the wah effect will be cyclically modulated
	Depth (Depth)	0-100	Sets the depth at which the wah effect will be cyclically modulated
	Level (Level)	0-100	Sets the volume of the wah sound.
	iuitar Amplifier Simulator):	Simulates Guitar Amplif	ler.
NP IG	,ba. aa		
ИР (G	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the guitar amplifier simulator on or off.

Flg (Flanger):

Adds effects similar to ascending/descending sound of a jet.

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the flanger on or off.		
Rate (Rate)	0.1-10.0 Hz	Sets the rate of modulation for the flanger.		
Depth (Depth)	0–100	Sets the depth of modulation for the flanger.		
Manual (Manual)	0–100	Sets the center frequency subject to application of the flanger effect.		
Reso (Resonance)	0-100	Enhances frequency components at around the center frequency set with Manual.		

Dly (Delay): Adds a delayed sound to the direct sound, adding depth to the sound or creating special effects.

On, Off	Turns the delay on or off. Sets the time from direct sound until when the delay sound is heard.*	
0–1000 ms		
L1000-0-R1000 ms	Sets the delay time difference between the right and le delay sounds.	
0–1000 ms	Sets the feedback repetition cycle.	
-100100	Sets the amount of the delay sound should be returned to the delay input.	
-100–100	Sets the volume of the delay sound.	
-100–100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.	
	0–1000 ms L1000–0–R1000 ms 0–1000 ms -100–100	

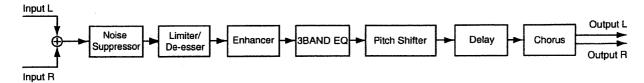


^{*1:} The sum of the Delay Time value and the Delay shift value should not exceed the setting range of Delay Time. For example, if Delay Time is set to 800 ms, the setting range of Delay shift is L200 to R200 ms.



Vocal Multi

This feature provides a multi-effect suited for vocals.



Cutting distortion in vocals

Limiter can be used to suppress signals at a High level to prevent sound distortion. To do this, follow the steps below:

Mode (Mode):

Limiter

Limiter Threshold (Thresh):

Sets the volume at which sound distortion starts being suppressed.

Limiter Release (Release):

Determines the time that elapses before the input level becomes off after it drops

below the Limiter Threshold.

Limiter Level (Level):

Decides the volume after passing through Limiter.

Cutting the sibilant sounds of a voice.

De-esser can be used to cut off sibilant sounds contained in vocal sounds to achieve softer sound quality. To do this, follow the steps below:

Mode (Mode):

De-esser

De-esser Sense (Sens):

Sets the degree of the De-esser effect.

De-esser Frequency (Freq):

Sets the frequency at which De-esser effect starts working.

F	arameter (full na	me) Setting	Function
NS (Noise	Suppressor):	Mutes noise in the silent mod	le.
s	w (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the noise suppressor on or off.
T	hresh (Threshold)	0–100	Sets the level to start muting noise.
F	lelease (Release)	0–100	Sets the time over which the volume will drop to 0 after the noise starts being muted.
Lmt (Limi	ter / De-esser):	Suppresses signals at High le Suppresses the annoying s-co	
S	w (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the limiter/de-esser on or off.
N	lode (Mode)	Limiter, De-esser	Selects limiter or de-esser.
T	hresh (Limiter Thresho	ld) 0–100	Sets the volume at which sound distortion starts being suppressed.
F	telease (Limiter Releas	e) 0–100	Sets the time until when the limiter will turn off after the input level falls the limiter Threshold (Thresh).
ī	evel (Limiter Level)	0–100	Sets the volume of the limiter sound.
ENH (Ent	nancer):	Accentuates the sound and po	ush the sound forward.
5	w (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the enhancer on or off.
S	ens (Sense)	0–100	Sets the degree of the enhancer effect desired.
F	req (Frequency)	1.0–10.0 kHz	Sets the frequency at which the enhancer effect starts working.
,	fixLvl (Mix Level)	0–100	Sets the amount of the enhancer sound should be mixed into the direct sound.
L	evel (Level)	0–100	Sets the volume of the enhancer sound.

EQ (Equalizer)

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.	
Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.	
Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.	
Low Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *1	
Low Type	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).	
Mid Gain (Middle Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.	
Mid Freq (Middle Frequency)	200–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.	
Mid Q (Middle Q)	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.	
High Gain	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.	
High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4–20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.	
High Q	0.3-10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *1	
Hi Type (High Type)	Shiv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).	
Level (Output Level)	0100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.	

Pshift (F

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the pitch shifter on or off.		
Chromatic Pitch	-12–12	Pitch variation (by semitone)		
Fine Pitch	-100-100	Pitch variation (by cent)		
FX LvI (Effect Level)	-100–100	Sets the volume of the pitch shift sound.		
DirLvl (Direct Level)	-100–100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.		

Dly(Delay): Adds a delayed sound to the direct sound, adding depth to the sound or creating special effects.

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the delay on or off.		
Time (Delay Time)	0–1000 ms	Sets the time from direct sound until when the delay sound is heard.		
FBLvl (Feedback Level)	-100–100	Sets the amount of the delay sound should be returned to the delay input.		
FX Lvl (Effect Level) -100-100		Sets the volume of the delay sound.		
DirLvI (Direct Level) -100-100		Sets the volume of the direct sound.		

Cho (Chorus):

Adds spaciousness and thickness to the sound.

Sw (Switch)	, On, Off	Turns the chorus on or off. Sets the rate of modulation.	
Rate (Rate)	0.1–10.0 Hz		
Depth (Depth)	0–100	Sets the depth of modulation.	
PreDLY (Pre-Delay)	0–50 ms	Sets the time delay from when the direct sound begins until the processed sound is heard.	
FX LvI (Effect Level) -100-100		Sets the volume of the chorus sound.	
DirLvl (Direct Level)	-100–100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.	

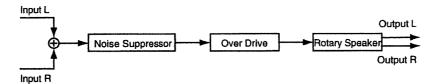


^{*1:} If Low Type (Lo Type) or High Type (Hi Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.



Rotary

Simulates a rotary speaker. Behaviors of High and low frequency band Roters can be set up separately, allowing realistic modeling of unique surging sensation. This effect is suited for organ sounds.

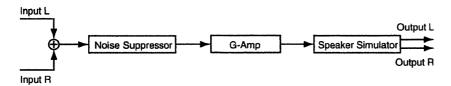


Parameter (full n	ame) Setting	Function	
NS (Noise Suppressor):	Mutes noise in the silent mode		
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the noise suppressor on or off.	
Thresh (Threshold)	0–100	Sets the level to start muting noise.	
Release (Release)	0–100	Sets the time over which the volume will drop to 0 after the noise starts being muted.	
Ovd (Overdrive):	Adds distortion to the sound.		
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns overdrive on or off.	
Gain (Gain)	0–100	Sets the degree of sound distortion.	
Level (Level)	0–100	Sets the volume of the overdrive sound.	
Rot (Rotary Speaker):	Simulates a rotary speaker.		
LRate (Low Rate)	0.1–10.0 Hz	Sets the rotary frequency of the low frequency band roter.	
HRate (High Rate)	0.1–10.0 Hz	Sets the rotary frequency of the High frequency band roter.	



GuitarAmpSim (Guitar Amplifier Simulator)

Simulates a guitar amplifier.



Pre-amplifier

Simulates the pre-amplifier section of a guitar amplifier. 14 types of pre-amplifiers that can be simulated are listed below: The type can be set with pre-amplifier Type.

JC-120: The sound of a Roland. Clean Twin: The sound of standard built-in type vacuum tube amplifier. Match Drive: The sound of a recent vacuum tube amplifier widely used in blues, rock and fusion. BG Lead: The sound of a vacuum tube amplifier representative of the late 70's through 80's. M51959<I>: The sound of the large vacuum tube amplifier stack that was indispensable to the British hard rock of the 70's, with input I connected. MS1959<II>: The same amplifier as MS1959 <I>, but with input II connected. The same amplifier as MS1959 <I>, but with input I and II connected in parallel. MS1959<I+II>: SLDN Lead: The sound of a vacuum tube amplifier usable in a wide variety of styles. Metal 5150: The sound of a large vacuum tube amplifier suitable for heavy metal. Metal Lead: A metal lead sound with a distinctive mid-range. OD-1: The sound of the BOSS OD-1 compact effector. OD-2Turbo: The sound of the BOSS OD-2 compact effector with the Turbo switch on. Distortion: Distortion sound Fuzz: Fuzz sound

Speaker simulator

Simulates a speaker. The 12 types of speakers as listed below can be simulated: The type is set with Speaker Type. The type can be set with Speaker Type.

Type	Cabinet (size (in inch), number of units)	Speaker	Microphone
Small	Small open-back enclosure	10	Dynamic microphone
Middle	Open back enclosure	12 x 1	Dynamic microphone
JC-120	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Dynamic microphone
Built In 1	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Dynamic microphone
Built In 2	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser microphone
Built In 3	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser microphone
Built In 4	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser microphone
BG Stack 1	Sealed enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser microphone
BG Stack 2	Large sealed enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser microphone
MS Stack 1	Large sealed enclosure	12 x 4	Condenser microphone
MS Stack 2	Large sealed enclosure	12 x 4	Condenser microphone
Metal Stack	Large double stack	12 x 4	Condenser microphone

Recommended combinations of Pre-amplifier and Speaker

Pre-amplifier Type	Speaker Type
BG Lead	BG Stack 1, BG Stack 2, Middle
MS1959II	BG Stack 1, BG Stack 2, Metal Stack
MS1959I+II	BG Stack 1, BG Stack 2, Metal Stack
SLDN Lead	BG Stack 1, BG Stack 2, Metal Stack
Metal 5150	BG Stack 1, BG Stack 2, Metal Stack
Metal Lead	BG Stack 1, BG Stack 2, Metal Stack
OD-2 Turbo	Built In1 - 4
Distortion	Built In1 - 4
Fuzz	Built In 1 - 4

→ Continued...

^{*} With JC-120, Clean Twin or BG Lead is selected, turning Bright (Bright) on generates clear-cut bright sound.

	Parameter (full na	ıme)	Setting	Function
NS (No	oise Suppressor):	Mutes noise	in the silent mode.	
•	Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the noise suppressor on or off.
	Thresh (Threshold)		0–100	Sets the level to start muting noise.
	Release (Release)		0-100	Sets the time over which the volume will drop to 0 after the noise starts being muted.
AMP (Pre-Amplifier):	Simulates the	pre-amplifier sect	ion of a guitar amplifier.
	Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the compressor on or off.
	Amp Type (Pre-amplific	er type)	See the column on the previous page.	Sets the type of the guitar amplifier.
	Gain (Gain)		Low, Middle, High	Sets the degree of sound distortion on the pre-amplifier.
	Bright (Bright)		On, Off	You can set this on to generate clear-cut bright sounds. *1
	Volume (Volume)		0–100	Sets the volume and degree of distortion of the amplifier.
	Bass (Bass)		0–100	Sets the tone of the low range.
	Middle (Middle)		0–100	Sets the tone of the middle range. *2
	Treble (Treble)		0–100	Sets the tone of the High range.
	Presence (Presence)		0-100 (-100-0)	Sets the tone of the ultra-High range. *3
	Master (Master)		0100	Sets the volume of the entire pre-amplifier
Sp (Sp	peaker Simulator):	Simulates a	speaker.	
	Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the speaker simulator on or off.
	Sp Type (Speaker Typ	9)	See the column on the previous page.	Sets the speaker type.
	Mic Setting (Microphor	e Setting)	1, 2, 3	Sets the location of the microphone that is recording the sound of the speaker. This can be adjusted in three steps, with the microphone becoming more distant in the order of 1, 2, and 3.
	MicLvI (Microphone Le	vel)	0-100	Sets the microphone volume.
	DirLvl (Direct Level)		0-100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.

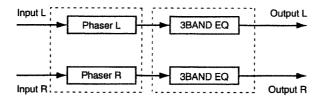


- *1: Can be set only when JC-120, Clean Twin or BG Lead is selected for Pre-amplifier Type.
 - *2: Cannot be set when Match Drive is selected for the Pre-amplifier Type.
 - $^{\star}3$: The setting range is -100 to 0 when Match Drive is selected for the Pre-amplifier Type.



St Phaser (Stereo Phaser)

A phaser adds a phase-shifted sound to the direct sound, producing a twisting modulation that creates spaciousness and depth.



Phaser and Flanger

The effects obtained with Phaser and Flanger are very similar. Both add twisting modulation effects to the sound, creating spaciousness and depth. In other words, they create something like strongly accentuated chorus. Phaser provides a unique surge sounding like bubbles coming up. Flanger works mostly in the same mechanism as for Chorus. Besides that, it can create SE-type sounds like ascending/descending sounds of a jet.

Parameter (full	name)	Setting	Function	
Phs (Phaser):	Adds a soun	d with a shifted pha	se to the direct sound to add spaciousness to th	e soun
Sw (Switch)		Off, On	Turns the phaser on or off.	
Mode (Mode)		4, 8, 12, 16	Sets the number of stages in the phaser (p. 76).	
Pol (Polarity)		Sync, Inv	Sets the right and left phases of modulation.	*3
Rate (Rate)		0.1–10.0 Hz	Sets the rate at which the phaser will modulate.	
Depth (Depth)		0–100	Sets the depth of modulation.	
Manual (Manual)		0–100	Sets the reference frequency for adding the surging to the sound.	effect
Reso (Resonance)		0–100	Enhances frequency components at around the cer frequency set with Manual.	nter *1
CrossFBLvi (Cross-	Feedback Level)	0–100	Sets the amount of the phaser sound to be returned channel opposite to the one used for input.	to the
FX Lvi (Effect Level).	-100–100	Sets the volume of the phaser sound.	
DirLvI (Direct Level)		-100–100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.	

EQ (Equalizer)

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.
Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
Low Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *4
Low Type	Shiv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Mid Gain (Middle Gain)	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.
Mid Freq (Middle Frequency)	200-8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.
Mid Q (Middle Q)	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
High Gain	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4-20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.
High Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *4
Hi Type (High Type)	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Level (Output Level)	0–100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.



- *1: An excessively great values for Resonance (Reso) may cause oscillation.
- *2: An excessively large value for Cross-Feedback level may cause oscillation.
- *3: When a mono source has been input, set "Inv" to provide spaciousness to the sound. Set "Sync" for inputting a stereo source.
- *4: If Low Type (Lo Type) or High Type (Hi Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.



🖔 St Flnger (Stereo Flanger)

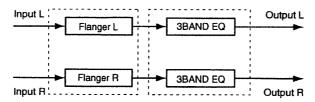


Fig (Flanger):

Adds effect similar to ascending/descending sound of a jet.

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the flanger on or off.
Pol (Polarity)	Sync, Inv	Sets the right and left phases of modulation. *3
Rate (Rate)	0.1-10.0 Hz	Sets the rate at which the flanger is modulated.
Depth (Depth)	0–100	Sets the depth of modulation.
Manual (Manual)	0–100	Sets the center frequency subject to application of the Flanger effect.
Reso (Resonance)	0–100	Enhances frequency components at around the center frequency set with Manual. *1
CrossFBLvl (Cross-Feedback Level)	0-100	Sets the amount of the flanger sound to be returned to the channel opposite to the one used for input. *2
FX Lvl (Effect Level).	-100–100	Sets the volume of the flanger sound.
DirLvl (Direct Level)	-100100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.

EQ (Equalizer)

On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.
-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1
Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.
200–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.
0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
1.4-20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.
0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *4
Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
0–100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.
	-12-+12 dB 20 - 2000 Hz 0.3-10.0 Shiv, Peak -12-+12 dB 200-8000 Hz 0.3-10.0 -12-+12 dB 1.4-20.0 kHz 0.3-10.0 Shiv, Peak

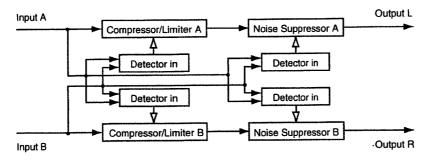


- *1: An excessively great values for Resonance (Reso) may cause oscillation.
- *2: An excessively large value for Cross-Feedback level may cause oscillation.
- *3: When a mono source has been input, set "Inv" to provide spaciousness to the sound. Set "Sync" for inputting a stereo source.
- *4: If Low Type (Lo Type) or High Type (Hi Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.



Dual Comp/Lim (Dual Compressor/Limitter)

Compressors suppress signals at High levels. Limiter is used to control excessive input. Each of the above is used to prevent sound distortion or to control dynamics.





Input A is input into the L-channel side of the effect. Therefore, it is required to insert and connect "Lch" of the effect to the channel handling Input A. Similarly, Input B is input into the R-channel side of the effect. Insert and connect "Rch" of the effect to the channel handling Input B.

Difference between Compressor and Limiter

Behaviors of Compressor and Limiter are very similar. Both of them compress the entire output signals if input signals exceed a certain level (threshold level), according to the input level.

Compressor automatically drops the amplitude to suppress all levels in the exceeding section. Limiter suppresses only the maximum level of input signals.

Using as Limiter

Threshold Level (Thresh):

resh): Relatively High

Ratio (Ratio):

100:1

Attack Time (Attack): Release Time (Release): Relatively short Relatively short

Using as Compressor

Threshold Level (Thresh):

A level that does not cause distortion of output sounds.

Ratio (Ratio):

1.5:1, 2:1, 4:1

Attack Time (Attack): Release Time (Release): Adjusted according to the input sound type. Adjusted according to the input sound type.

Parameter (full name)

Setting

Function

CmpA, CmpB

(Compressor):

Compresses the entire output signals when the input volume has exceeded a

preset value.

(Limiter):

Suppresses the volume of the section where the input volume has exceeded the

preset value.

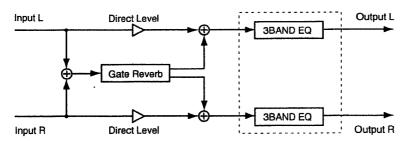
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the compressor/limiter on or off.
Thrsh (Threshold Level)	-60 - 0 dB	Sets the level at which the compressor/limiter starts taking effect.
Ratio (Ratio)	1.5:1, 2:1, 4:1, 100:1	Sets the compression ratio applied when threshold level (Thresh) is exceeded.
Attack (Attack Time)	0–100	Sets the time from when the input level exceeds the threshold level to when the effect begins to apply.
Release (Release Time)	0–100	Sets the time from when the input level drops below the threshold level to when the effect ceases to apply.
Level (Output Level)	-6012 dB	Sets the volume of the compressor/limiter sound.
Detect (Detect In)	A, B, Link	Selects Input A or B for controlling compressor/limiter. Set this to "Link" for controlling by the input at a greater level.

NS (Noise Suppressor): Mutes noise in the silent mode.

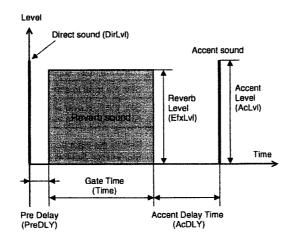
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the noise suppressor on or off.
Thresh (Threshold)	0-100	Sets the level to start muting noise.
Release (Release)	0–100	Sets the time over which the volume will drop to 0 after the noise starts being muted.
Detect (Detect In)	A, B, Link	Selects the input (Input A/Input B) for controlling Noise Suppressor. Set this to "Link" for controlling by the input at a greater level.

Gate Reverb

This is a reverb in which the reverberation is muted during its decay. Its reverse mode can be used in conjunction with Accent sounds to obtain sounds like from reverse playback of a tape.



Gate Reverb



Reverb applications

You can select how reverb sounds can be applied by setting up Gate Mode (Mode).

Normal:

Ordinary Gate Reverb

L->R:

The Gate Reverb sound moves from the left to right side.

R->L:

The Gate Reverb sound moves from the right to left side.

Reverse1: Reverse2:

Reverse Gate (effect as if reverb are replayed backward.)
Reverse Gate that causes the reverb sound to decay midway.

Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
GRev (Gate Reverb): Mutes t	he revert sound midwa	NV.
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the gate reverb on or off.
Mode (Gate Mode)	See the column on the previous page.	Defines how the reverb sound is applied.
Time (Gate Time)	10–400 s	Sets the time from when the reverb sound begins until it is muted.
PreDLY (Pre-Delay)	0-300 ms	Sets the time until the reverb sound appears.
Thick (Thickness)	0-100	Sets the thickness of the reverb sound.
Densty (Density)	0–100	Sets the density of the reverb sound.
AcDLY (Accent Delay Time)	0–200 ms	Sets the time from when the reverb sound is muted until the accent sound appears.
AcLvi (Accent Level)	0–100	Sets the volume of the accent sound.
AcPan (Accent Pan)	L63-R63	Sets the pan of the accent sound.
FX Lvl (Effect Level).	-100–100	Sets the volume of the gate reverb sound.
DirLvl (Direct Level)	-100–100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.
(Equalizer)		
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Tums the equalizer on or off.
Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
Low Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *1
Low Type	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Mid Gain (Middle Gain)	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.
Mid Freq (Middle Frequency)	200-8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.
Mid Q (Middle Q)	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
High Gain	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4-20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.
High Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1
Hi Type (High Type)	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Level (Output Level)	0–100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.

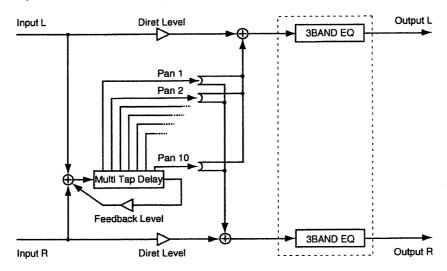


^{*1:} If Low Type (Lo Type) or High Type (Hi Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.



MultiTapDly (Multi-Tap Delay)

This is a Delay feature that can set 10 delay sounds separately.



Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
MTD (Multi-Tap Delay): Issues 10 d	elay sounds se	parately.
Time Ch1 - Ch10 (Delay Time 1 - 10)	0–1200 ms	Sets the time from the direct sound until when the delay sound for channels 1–10 is heard.
Level Ch1 - Ch10 (Delay Level 1 - 10)	0-100	Sets the volumes of delay sounds for channels 1-10.
Pan Ch1 - Ch10 (Pan 1 - 10)	L63-R63	Sets the pan of the delay sounds for channels 1-10.
FBTim (Feedback Delay Time)	0-1200 ms	Sets the repetition frequency for feedback.
FBLvi (Feedback Level)	-100–100	Sets the amount of the delay sound should be returned to the delay input.
FX Lvi (Effect Level).	-100–100	Sets the volume of the delay sound.
Dirl vl (Direct Level)	-100-100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.

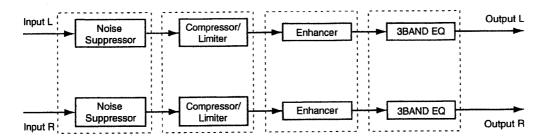
EQ (Equalizer)

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.
Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
Low Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *1
Low Type	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Mid Gain (Middle Gain)	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.
Mid Freq (Middle Frequency)	· 200–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.
Mid Q (Middle Q)	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
High Gain	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4-20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.
High Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *1
Hi Type (High Type)	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Level (Output Level)	0–100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.



^{*1:} If Low Type (Lo Type) or High Type (Hi Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.

Stereo Multi



Parameter (full na	me) Setting	Function
NS (Noise Suppressor):	Mutes noise in the silent mode.	
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the noise suppressor on or off.
Thresh (Threshold)	0–100	Sets the level to start muting noise.
Release (Release)	0–100	Sets the time over which the volume will drop to 0 after the noise starts being muted.

Cmp (Compressor/Limiter): Compresses the entire output signals when the input volume exceeds a specified value.

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the compressor on or off.
Thrsh (Threshold Level)	-60-0 dB	Sets the level at which the compressor starts taking effect.
Ratio (Ratio)	1.5:1, 2:1, 4:1, 100:1	Sets the compression ratio applied when the threshold level is exceeded.
Attack (Attack Time)	0100	Sets the time from when the input level exceeds the threshold level to when the effect begins to apply.
Release (Release Time)	0–100	Sets the time from when the input level drops below the threshold level to when the effect ceases to apply.
Level (Output Level)	-60-12 dB	Sets the volume of the compressor sound.

Accentuates the sound and push the sound forward. Enh (Enhancer): Turns the enhancer on or off. On, Off Sw (Switch) Sets the degree of the enhancer effect desired. 0-100 Sens (Sense) Sets the frequency at which the enhancer effect starts 1.0-10.0 kHz Freq (Frequency) working. 0-100 Sets the amount of the enhancer sound should be mixed MixLvl (Mix Level) into the direct sound. 0-100 Sets the volume of the enhancer sound. Level (Level)

EQ (Equalizer)

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.
Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
Low Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1
Low Type	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Mid Gain (Middle Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.
Mid Freq (Middle Frequency)	2008000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.
Mid Q (Middle Q)	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
High Gain	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4–20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.
High Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *1
Hi Type (High Type)	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
Level (Output Level)	0–100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.

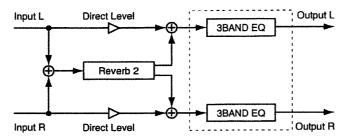


*1: If Low Type (Lo Type) or High Type (Hi Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.



Reverb 2

This gate reverb works in either of two modes of gate operation (Gate/Ducking). In the Gate mode, the gate opens when a certain volume (Threshold Level) is exceeded while in the Ducking mode, the gate opens when the volume becomes as low as or lower than Threshold Level. You can use two reverbs (FX1 and FX2) with different settings, or use it in combination with a previous reverb.



Reverb types

There are five reverb types: You can choose the type with Reverb Type.

Room1: Ordinary room reverb

Room2: Room reverb with a softer tone compared with Room1

Hall1: Ordinary hall reverb

Hall2: Hall reverb with a softer tone compared with Hall1

Plate: Plate reverb

Selecting Gate type

Reverb sounds have different effects depending on the gate operation types. Use Gate Mode to select the type.

Gate: The gate opens when the volume of the direct sound exceeds the value set with

Threshold Level (Thres). The gate closes when the volume drops below the Threshold

Level value.

Duckn: Operates in the opposite manner as in the "Gate" mode. The gate closes when the

volume of the direct sound exceeds the value set with Threshold Value. The gate opens

when the volume becomes as low as or lower than the Threshold Level value.

	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
Rev (F	Reverb 2): Gate rev	verb with two modes of	gate operation
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the reverb on or off.
	Type (Reverb Type)	See the column on the previous page.	Sets the reverb type.
	Gate (Gate)	On, Off	Opens or closes the gate.
	Mode (Gate Mode)	Gate, Ducking	Sets the gate operation type.
	Time (Reverb Time)	0.1-10.0 sec.	Sets the length (time) of the reverb sound.
	PreDLY (Pre-Delay)	0200 ms	Sets the time until the reverb sound is output.
	Densty (Density)	0–100	Sets the density of the reverb sound.
	HPF (High Pass Filter)	Thru, 20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the frequency at which HPF starts taking effect. Set this to "Thru" if HPF is to be disabled.
	LPF (Low Pass Filter)	1.0-20.0 kHz, Thru	Sets the frequency at which LPF starts taking effect. Set this to "Thru" if LPF is to be disabled.
	Thresh (Threshold)	0–100	Sets the reference volume for controlling gate operations.
	Attack (Attack)	1–100	Sets the time from when the direct sound level exceeds the threshold level until when the gate is completely open.
	Releas (Release)	1–100	Sets the time from when the hold time has elapsed until the sound is completely muted.
	HoldT (Hold Time)	1–100	Sets the time from when the input falls below the threshold level until when the release begins.
	FX LvI (Effect Level).	0100	Sets the volume of the reverb sound.
	DirLvI (Direct Level)	0–100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.
EQ (E	qualizer)		
•	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.
	Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12-+12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
	Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
	Low Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *1
	Low Type	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
	Mid Gain (Middle Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.
	Mid Freq (Middle Frequency)	200–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.
	Mid Q (Middle Q)	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
	High Gain	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
	High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4–20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.
	High Q	0.3–10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *1
	Hi Type (High Type)	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
	Level (Output Level)	0-100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.



^{*1:} If Low Type (Lo Type) or High Type (Hi Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.



Space Chorus

This is a chorus effect simulating Roland SDD-320. The effect to be changed can be reproduced by turning the four buttons 1 to 4 on or off.

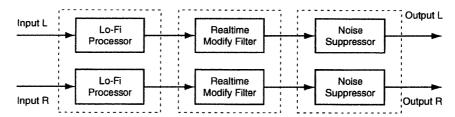


	Parameter (full name)		Setting	Function
Spcho	(Space Chorus):	Adds a chorus	effect simulating	g SDD-320.
	Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the space chorus on or off.
	inMode (input Mode)		Mono, Stereo	Specifies whether the input signal is stereo or mono.
	Mode (Space Mode)		1, 2, 3, 4, 1+4, 2+4, 3+4	Sets the chorus variation style.
	MixBal (Mix Balance)	1	0–100	Sets the volume balance between the chorus sound and the direct sound.



Lo-Fi Process (Lo-Fi Processor)

This allows you to create a "lo-fi" sound by lowering the sample rate and/or decreasing the number of bits.



Creating lo-fi sounds

Follow the steps below to create lo-fi sounds essential to dance music including hip-hop and DJ music.

Lo-fi Processor

- Turn Pre Filter and Post Filter off. This provides powerful lo-fi sounds containing digital distortion.
- Set Rate and Bit to relatively low values. Note, however, an excessively low value for Bit may cause big noise even in the silent mode. In that case, increase Threshold (Thresh) of Noise Suppressor.

Realtime Modify Filter

· Increase resonance to add a twist to the sound. Note that excessive resonance may cause oscillation.

Lo-Fi (Lo-Fi Processor): Creates lo-fi sounds.

Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the lo-fi processor on or off.
Pre Filter (Pre Filter Switch)	On, Off	Turns the filter to reduce digital distortion on or off.
Rate (Rate)	Off, 1/2 - 1/32	Sets the sample rate. Set Rate to "Off" if no change is desired.
Bit (Bit)	Off, 15 bits - 1 bit	Sets the number of bits in data. Set Bit to "Off" if no change is desired.
Post Filter (Post Filter Switch)	On, Off	Turns the filter to reduce digital distortion due to modification to lo-fi sounds on or off.
FX Lvi (Effect Level).	0-100	Sets the volume of the lo-fi sound.
DirLvI (Direct Level)	0-100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.
		

RMF (Realtime Modify Filter): Creates sounds with a twist.

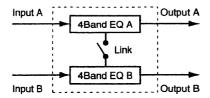
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the realtime modify filter on or off.
Type (Type)	LPF, BPF, HPF	Sets the filter type.
CutOff (Cutoff Frequency)	0–100	Sets the cutoff frequency.
Reso (Resonance)	0100	Enhances the frequency components around cutoff frequency.
Gain (Gain)	0-24 dB	Sets the volume of the realtime modify filter.

NS (Noise Suppressor): Mutes noise in the silent mode.

Thresh (Threshold)	0-100	Sets the level to start muting noise.
Release (Release)	0–100	Sets the time over which the volume will drop to 0 after the
		noise starts being muted.

ParametricEQ (4-Band Parametric Equalizer)

This is an equalizer that can freely change the cutoff frequency or the band width (Q). With this equalizer, you can create sounds with subtlety.



Cutting noise.

4-Band Parametric Equalizer can freely change the cutoff frequency or the band width (Q) at four points, that is, in the High, High middle, low middle and low frequency bands.

Capitalizing on this feature, you can precisely capture the point where any noise or howling is occurring. To find such point, the first step is to increase the gain for easier identification of sound variation and move the cutoff frequency little by little. Then, perform filtering by sharpening "Q."

Controlling Channels A and B separately

Setting Link On enables simultaneous control on the 4-Band Parametric Equalizer via Channel B according to the settings on the Channel A side. To control Channels A and B separately, turn Link off.

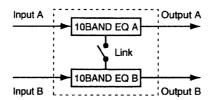
	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
Lnk (Lir	nk): Makes Cha	nnel B follow the	settings for Channel A.
	Link (Link Switch)	On, Off	Specifies if Channel B follows or does not follow the settings for Channel A.
PEQA, I	PEQB (4 Band Parametric Equa	lizer): Parametric	equalizer with four bands.
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the parametric equalizer on or off.
	Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
	Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
	Low Q (Low Q)	0.3–10	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
	Low Type	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
	LowMid Gain (Low Middle Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low middle frequency band.
	LoMid Freq (Low Middle Frequency)	200–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low middle frequency band.
	LoMid Q (Low Middle Q)	0.3–10	Sets the width of the area around the Low middle frequency that ill be affected by the gain settings.
	HiMid Gain (High Middle Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High middle frequency band
	HiMid Freq (High Middle Frequency)	200–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the High middle frequency band
	HiMid Q (High Middle Q)	0.3–10	Sets the width of the area around the High middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
	Hi Type (High Type)	Shiv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
	High Gain (High Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
	High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4-20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.
	High Q (High Q)	0.3–10	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
	InputG (Input Gain)	-60 +12 dB	Sets the overall volume before passing through the equalizer
	Level (Output Level)	-60- +12 dB	Sets the overall volume after passing through the equalizer



1: If Low Type (Low Type) or High Type (High Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.

Graphic EQ (10-Band Graphic Equalizer)

This Equalizer sets the boost/cut amount by each segment of the frequency divided into ten bands. In performing PA at a live, this feature is useful to prevent howling by cutting the site-specific resonance frequency.



Preventing howling

While performing PA at a live, follow the steps below to prevent howling. First, identify the site-specific resonance frequency to cut its gain.

Controlling Channels A and B separately

Setting Link On enables simultaneous control on the 10-Band Parametric Equalizer via Channel B according to the settings on the Channel A side.

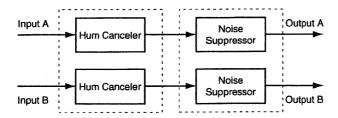
To control Channels A and B separately, turn Link Off.

Parameter (ful	l name)	Setting	Function
nk (Link):	Makes Cl	nannel B follow the	settings for Channel A.
Link (Link Switch)		On, Off	Specifies if Channel B follows or does not follow the settings for Channel A.
EQA. GEQB (10-Band	Graphic Equ	alizer): Simulates a	10-band graphic equalizer.
EQA, GEQB (10-Band Sw (Switch)	l Graphic Equ	alizer): Simulates a	10-band graphic equalizer. Turns the parametric equalizer on or off.
•	l Graphic Equ	•	. .
Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the parametric equalizer on or off.



Hum Canceler

Eliminates annoying hum (or "surge" sounding "boon").



Removing hum

Hum is a noise with a certain low frequency. Hum is generated mostly due to ingression of part of alternating current into signals as alternating current is converted into direct current in the power circuit. Sets Frequency (Freq) to that according with the frequency of the power source ($50\,\mathrm{Hz}/60\,\mathrm{Hz}$), and hum with that frequency and frequencies of its multiples can be removed.

Range Lo and Rage Hi can be used to specify the frequency band of hum to be removed.

	Parameter (full na	me)	Setting	Function
HC (Hu	m Canceler):	Removes hum).	
	Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the hum canceler on or off.
	Freq (Frequency)		20.0-800.0 Hz	Sets the frequency of hum to be removed.
	Width (Width)		10-40%	Sets the width of the filter which will remove the hum.
	Depth (Depth)		0-100	Sets the depth of the filter which will remove the hum.
	Thresh (Threshold)		0–100	Sets the level at which the hum is to be removed.
	RangeLo (Range Low)		Unlimit, 20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the lower limit of the frequency of hum to be removed.
	RangeHi (Range High)		1.0 - 20.0 kHz, Unlimit	Sets the upper limit of the frequency of hum to be removed. *2
NS (No	ise Suppressor):	Mutes noise i	n the silent mode.	
	Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the noise suppressor on or off.
	Thresh (Threshold)		0-100	Sets the level to start muting noise.
	Release (Release)		0–100	Sets the time over which the volume will drop to 0 after the noise starts being muted.



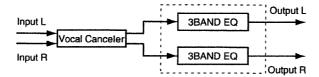
^{*1:} Setting to "Unlimit" means that the frequency that can be played back on this unit is the lower limit.

^{*2:} Setting to "Unlimit" means that the frequency that can be played back on this unit is the upper limit.



Vocal Canceler

When a stereo source is being input from CD or DAT and so on, this cancels the sound which is located in the stereo center, such as the vocal or bass.





Depending on the music source, sounds that you do not wish to be canceled may be canceled as well. In particular if the musical source has heavy reverb or if the sound that you wish to delete is not located in the center, the vocal canceler may not produce the desired result.

Canceling the vocals alone

Vocal Canceler cancels the sound located in the center. That means it cancels sounds such as the bass and sounds of the lead instrument along with vocal sounds. To cancel vocals only to create music for karaoke, for example, set Range Lo to around 100 Hz and Range Hi to around 1 kHz.

	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
VC (Vo	cal Canceler): Cancels	sounds located in the c	enter such as vocals and the bass.
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the vocal canceler on or off.
	Balance (Balance)	0–100	If the sound that you wish to cancel is not located in the center, find the point at which it is most effectively cancelled
	RangeLo (Range Low)	Unlimit, 20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the lower limit of the frequency band to be canceled.
	RangeHi (Range High)	1.0 - 20.0 kHz, Unlimit	Sets the upper limit of the frequency band to be canceled. *2
EQ (Eq	ualizer)		
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.
	Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
	Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
	Low Q	0.310.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *3
	Low Type	Shiv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
	Mid Gain (Middle Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the middle frequency band.
	Mid Freq (Middle Frequency)	200–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the middle frequency band.
	Mid Q (Middle Q)	0.310.0	Sets the width of the area around the middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
	High Gain	-12- +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
	High Freq (High Frequency)	1.4-20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band.
	High Q	0.3-10.0	Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.1 *3
	Hi Type (High Type)	Shlv, Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
	Level (Output Level)	0–100	Sets the volume after passing through the equalizer.

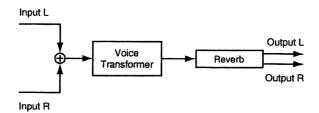


- *1: Setting to "Unlimit" means that the frequency that can be played back on this unit is the lower limit.
- *2: Setting to "Unlimit" means that the frequency that can be played back on this unit is the upper limit.
- *3: If Low Type (Lo Type) or High Type (Hi Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.



Voice Transformer

You can convert male voice into female voice, female voice into male voice, and human voice into mechanical voice to create sounds of various qualities by controlling the base pitch and the formant separately.





- When inputting voice, use voice of one person only. Inputting voices of more than one person disables normal operation.
- * Be sure that sound from a speaker does not enter the microphone you are using. This will have the same effect as if several voices were input to the unit.
- * A undirectional microphone is recommended for use. It is also recommended that the person should speak standing as close to the microphone as possible.

FE (Feder Edit)

If the Channel Fader is on, channel faders will control the following settings.

* Fader Edit is valid only when you are in Effect Edit condition. In other conditions, the faders will control the volume level of each channel as usual. Also, it will fail to operate in Auto Mix.

<u>Parameter</u>	FX1	FX2
Robot (*1)	Channel 1	Channel 9/10
(Pitch) (*2)	Channel 2	Channel 11/12
(Formant) (*3)	Channel 3	Channel 13/14
MixBal	Channel 4:	Channel 15/16
EfxLev	Channel 5:	Chjannel 17/18

- (*1) Moving the fader above the middle will turn this on, and downroad will turn it off.
- (*2) Cromatic Pitch and Fine Pitch will change simultaneously to smoothly change the pitch.)
- (*3) Cromatic Formant and Fine Formant will change simultaneously to smoothly change the pitch.

MIDI (MIDI control)

When the MIDI control is on, MIDI note on messages and pitch bend messages will adjust the pitch and formant. This is effective when a MIDI keyboard etc. is connected.

* The MIDI channels on which the pitch and formant are adjusted are fixed respectively as below. They cannot be changed to other channels.

MIDI channel 1: FX1:Cromatic Pitch+Fine Pitch (C2–C6, original key is C3)

MIDI channel 2: FX2:Cromatic Formant+Fine Formant (C2–C4, original key is C3)

MIDI channel 3: FX3:Cromatic Pitch+Fine Pitch (C2–C6, original key is C3)

MIDI channel 4: FX4:Cromatic Formant+Fine Formant (C2–C4, original key is C3)

Parameter (full n	ame)	Setting	Function
VT (Voice Transformer):	Creates	various voice charac	cters.
Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns Vocal the transformer on or off.
Robot (Robot)		On, Off	When this is on, the audio will be output at a fixed pitch regardless of the pitch that is input.
Chromatic Pitch		-12+36	Sets the pitch variation of the voice to be output (by semitone).
Fine Pitch		-100–100	Sets the pitch variation of the voice to be output (by cent).
Chromatic Formant		-12 +12	Sets the formant variation of the voice to be output (by semitone).
Fine Formant		-100 +100	Sets the formant variation of the voice to be output (by cent).
MixBal (Mix Balance)		0–100	Sets the volume balance between the output voice and the input voice.
REV (Reverb):	Adds rev	rerberation.	
Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the reverb on or off.
Time (Reverb Time)		0.1-32.0 sec	Sets the length (time) of the reverb sound.
PreDLY (Pre-Delay)		0–200 ms	Sets the time until the reverberation appears.
Densty (Density)		0-100	Sets the density of the reverb sound.
FX Lvi (Effect Level).		0–100	Sets the volume of the reverb sound.
FE (Feder Edit):	Adjusts	the Voice Transform	er using the channel faders of the top panel.
Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the Fader Edit on or off.
MIDI (MIDI Control):	Adjust the	•	via MIDI note on messages and pitch bend
Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the Fader Edit on or off.
PitchBend (Pitch bend)	Off, 1–12	Specify the maximum change produced by pitch bend (bend range), in semitone steps.
Portament (Portament	0)	Off, 1–100	Specify the speed at which the portamento effect will change.

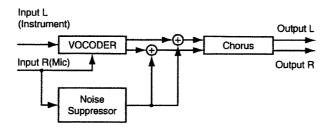
2

Formants (p.12)



Vocoder 2 (19)

This is a 19-band vocoder. Provides clear sounds that used to be impossible with the previous vocoders.





Instrumental sounds are input into the L channel side of Effect. Therefore, it is required to insert-connect "Lch" of Effect to the channel handling instrumental sounds. Similarly, vocal sounds are input into the R channel side of Effect. Insert-connect "Rch" of Effect to the channel handling vocal sounds.

Difference between Vocoder and Vocoder 2

Compared to Vocoder, Vocoder 2 has a significant number of frequency bands as points. It also makes it possible to make fine adjustment including adjustment of the input sensitivity of the microphone and location of sounds as well as setting the input level for instrumental sounds and removing noise. All this yields clear human voices.

"Envelope" for defining sound characteristics

Each sound has its own envelope. An envelope gives characteristics to the sound and functions as a significant factor for the human ear to distinguish different sound types. On Vocoder 2, you can use Envelope to give the following characteristics.

Sharp: Enhances human voice.
Soft: Enhances instrumental sound.
Long: Vintage sound with long reverberation.

Sound location

Pan Mode (PanMode) can be used to specify how Vocoder sounds should be located.

Mono: Locating in the middle.

Stereo: Stereo (Odd-number frequencies are located to the left and even-number frequencies to

the right.)

Sounding instrumental sounds with the formant fixed

While inputting voice through the microphone, instrumental sounds can be sounded at the same vocal formant. For example, when saying "a-i-u-e-o" into the microphone, set "Hold" On at the moment the speaker is on the "i" sound to issue an instrumental sound with the formant of the "i" sound.

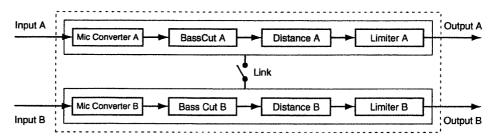
	Parameter (full	name)	Setting	Function
Voc (V	ocoder 2):	The pitch is s		instrumental sound while the tone is output in
	Envelope (Envelope)	ı	Sharp, Soft, Long	Defines characteristics of the sound.
	PanMode (Pan Mode	9)	Mono, Stereo	Defines how the sound is located.
	Hold (Hold)		On, MIDI	Specifies that an instrumental sound is or is not issued with the formant fixed.
	MicSens (Microphon	e Sensitivity)	0-100	Sets the input sensitivity of the microphone.
	SynInLev (Synthesize	er in Level)	0–100	Sets the input level of the instrumental sound.
	Character Ch1 – 19 (Voice Character	annels 1 - 19)	0–100	Sets the tone of the vocoder.
	Mic (Microphone Mix)	0-100	Sets the amount of the sound after passing through the microphone HPF should be mixed into the Vocoder output.
	MicHPF (Microphone	HPF)	Thru, 1.0-20.0 kHz	Sets the frequency at which HPF on the vocal sounds through the microphone starts taking effect. Sets this to "Thru" if HPF is not desired.
	MicPan (Microphone	Pan)	L63-R63	Sets the panning of vocal sounds through the microphone.
	NSThresh (Noise Su	ppressor Threshold)	0-100	Sets the volume to start muting noise on the instrumental sound input.
Cho (C	:horus):	Adds spacio	usness and depth	to the sound.
	Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the chorus on or off.
	Rate (Rate)		0.1–10.0 Hz	Sets the rate of modulation.
	Depth (Depth)		0–100	Sets the depth of modulation.
	PreDLY (Pre-Delay)		0–50 ms	Sets the time delay from when the direct sound begins until the chorus sound is heard.
	MixBal (Mix Balance)	0–100	Sets the volume balance between the chorus sound and

the direct sound.



MicSimulator (Microphone Simulator)

This modifies sound that was recorded by a conventional-dynamic mic, lapel mic or direct line, causing it to sound as though it had been recorded by an expensive condenser mic or a special studio mic. The mic simulator can add effects of proximity or distance.



Selecting the microphone used for recording.

Input of Mic Converter selects the type of microphone to be used recording.

DR-20: Roland DR-20 (dynamic microphone from Roland)

SmlDy: Small Dynamic Microphone (dynamic microphone used for instruments and vocal)

HedDy: Head-worn Dynamic Microphone (headset-type dynamic microphone) MinCn: Miniature Condenser Microphone (very small condenser microphone)

Flat: Line input

Microphone types that can be simulated

The characteristics of the low-end general-purpose microphone are converted into the characteristics of the Highend microphone for studio application. You can add sound quality changes to already recorded sounds just as if a different type of microphone were used or if they were recorded at a different distance. In addition, it is possible to add microphone characteristics to line-recorded instrumental sounds. These characteristics can be set up by selecting the relevant value for Out of Mic Converter.

Dynamic microphone for general musical instruments and vocal sounds. Ideal for a guitar

amplifier and snare drums.

VocDy: Dynamic microphone for standard vocal sounds. Characterized in middle frequency band sounds with tension. Suited for vocal.

LrgDy: Dynamic microphone with a extended low frequency band. For bass and tom drums.

SmlCn: Small condenser microphone for musical instruments. Characterized in bright High frequency band sounds. For metal percussion and acoustic guitars.

LrgCn: Condenser microphone with flat characteristics. For vocal, narration and live musical instruments.

VntCn: Vintage condenser microphone. For vocal and live musical instruments.

Flat: Microphone with flat frequency response. For removing peculiarity of the microphone used for

recording sounds.

Proximity effect of microphone

In nature, a microphone tends to extend the low frequency band characteristics when placed close to the sound source. This is called proximity effect. This effect can be simulated in Proximity Effect (Prox-Efect). Set the parameter to a positive (+) value for a shorter distance to the sound source and a negative (-) value for a longer distance to the sound source. Time of Distance simulates the time difference due to distance from the sound

Controlling Channels A and B separately

Setting Link On enables simultaneous control on the 4-Band Parametric Equalizer via Channel B according to the settings on the Channel A side. To control Channels A and B separately, turn Link Off.

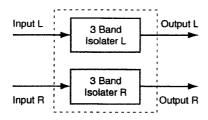
When a condenser-type mic is selected in OUT, low-range noise transmitted through the mic stand may be accentuated due to the mic's low range characteristics. In such instances, either cut out any unnecessary low end with bass cut filter, or equip the mic stand with an isolation mount (a mic holder with rubber or other shock absorbing material).

Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
nk (Link): Channel B fol	lows the settings	for Channel A.
Link (Link Switch)	On, Off	Specifies if Channel B follows or does not follow the settings for Channel A.
		of the low-end general-purpose microphone i end microphone for studio application.
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the microphone converter on or off.
Input (Input)	See the column on the previous page.	Sets the microphone type used for recording.
Output (Output)	See the column on the previous page.	Sets the microphone types to be simulated.
Phase (Phase)	Nor, Inv	Sets the microphone phase.
CutA, BCutB (Bass Cut Filter): Cuts off	undesired low fre	quency band sounds such as pop noise.
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the bass cut filter on or off.
Freq (Frequency)	Thru, 20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the frequency for cutting off undesired low frequency
		band sounds such as pop noise.
stnA, DstnB (Distance): Simulates the difference.	frequency chara	
	ofrequency chara	
difference.		cteristics and time difference due to distance Turns the distance on or off.
difference. Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the distance on or off. Corrects the low frequency band characteristics due to the distance from the sound source.
Sw (Switch) Prox.Fx (Proximity Effect) Time (Time)	On, Off -12-+12 0-3000 cm	Turns the distance on or off. Corrects the low frequency band characteristics due to the distance from the sound source. Simulates the time difference due to the distance from the
Sw (Switch) Prox.Fx (Proximity Effect) Time (Time)	On, Off -12-+12 0-3000 cm	Turns the distance on or off. Corrects the low frequency band characteristics due to the distance from the sound source. Simulates the time difference due to the distance from the sound source.
Sw (Switch) Prox.Fx (Proximity Effect) Time (Time) mtA, LmtB (Limiter): Prevents dist	On, Off -12-+12 0-3000 cm ortion by suppres	Turns the distance on or off. Corrects the low frequency band characteristics due to the distance from the sound source. Simulates the time difference due to the distance from the sound source. ssing signals at High levels. Turns the limiter on or off.
difference. Sw (Switch) Prox.Fx (Proximity Effect) Time (Time) mtA, LmtB (Limiter): Prevents distance in the process of th	On, Off -12-+12 0-3000 cm ortion by suppres	Turns the distance on or off. Corrects the low frequency band characteristics due to the distance from the sound source. Simulates the time difference due to the distance from the sound source. ssing signals at High levels. Turns the limiter on or off.
difference. Sw (Switch) Prox.Fx (Proximity Effect) Time (Time) mtA, LmtB (Limiter): Prevents distance Sw (Switch) Thrsh (Threshold)	On, Off -12-+12 0-3000 cm ortion by suppres On, Off -60-0 dB	Turns the distance on or off. Corrects the low frequency band characteristics due to the distance from the sound source. Simulates the time difference due to the distance from the sound source. sing signals at High levels. Turns the limiter on or off. Sets the volume level to start suppressing excessive input Sets the time from when the input level exceeds the
difference. Sw (Switch) Prox.Fx (Proximity Effect) Time (Time) mtA, LmtB (Limiter): Prevents distance Sw (Switch) Thrsh (Threshold) Attack (Attack Time)	On, Off -12-+12 0-3000 cm ortion by suppres On, Off -60-0 dB 0-100	Turns the distance on or off. Corrects the low frequency band characteristics due to the distance from the sound source. Simulates the time difference due to the distance from the sound source. Sing signals at High levels. Turns the limiter on or off. Sets the volume level to start suppressing excessive input. Sets the time from when the input level exceeds the threshold level to when the effect begins to apply. Sets the time from when the input level drops below the



X X 3BndIsolater (3-Band Isolator)

Sharply cuts off components by frequency band to eliminate undesired sounds. Useful to eliminate undesired sounds and take out only specific sounds from a CD. Isolator can make sounds completely perish, unlike ordinary equalizers that leave some sounds even with the gains of the respective frequency bands set to the minimum.



Muting the bass

Set up as follows to eliminate low frequency band sounds such as bass sounds. Anti-phase Low Mix Switch (AntiPhase LoMixSw): On

Anti-phase Low Level (AntiPhase LoLev): Relatively High

Muting vocals

Set up as follows to eliminate middle frequency band sounds such as vocal sounds.

Anti-phase Middle Mix Switch (AntiPhase MidMixSw): On

Anti-phase Middle Level (AntiPhase MidLev): Relatively High

Muting noise

HiLvl (High Level)

Identify the frequency band of the noise and set the relevant Level (LowLvl, MidLvl or HiLvl) to -60 dB.

	Parameter (full name)		Setting	Function	
lso (3-	band Isolator):	Divides the in sound.	put sound into	three frequency bands to abstract or eliminate th	
	Sw (Switch)		On, Off	Turns the 3-band isolator on or off.	
	AntiPhase LoLev (Anti	-phase Low Level)	0–100	Sets the amount of the low frequency band sound should be muted.	
	AntiPhase MidLev (An	ti-phase Middle Level)	0–100	Sets how much of the middle frequency band sound should be muted.	
	LoMixSw (Anti-phase	Low Mix Switch)	On, Off	Mutes or leaves the low frequency band sound.	
	MidMixSw (Anti-phase Middle Mix Switch)		On, Off	Mutes or leaves the middle frequency band sound.	
	LowLvi (Low Level)		-60 +4 dB	Increases or decreases frequency bands in the low frequency band.	
	MidLvl (Middle Level)		-60- +4 dB	Increases or decreases frequency bands in the middle	

-60- +4 dB

frequency band.

frequency band.

Increases or decreases frequency bands in the High

Algorithm List

TapeEcho201

Simulates the tape echo section of the Roland RE-201 Space Echo. Capable of reproducing very subtle behavior at the measuring instrument level as well as adding subtle changes in pitch due to deterioration of the tape or inconsistency in tape rotation



About replay head

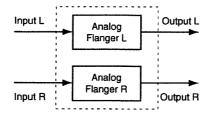
RE-201 is equipped with three heads for creating sounds with different delay times (short, middle and long delay sounds). A desired combination of heads for use can be selected with Mode Selector (Mode). In addition, separate panning features for the three replay heads not included in RE-201 are added.

Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
Echo (Tape Echo 201): Simulates th	e tape echo sectio	on of the Roland RE-201 Space Echo.
Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the tape echo on or off.
Mode (Mode Selector)	1–7	Selects a combination of the three replay heads.
Repeat Rate (Repeat Rate)	0–100	Sets the tape speed.
Intnsty (Intensity)	0-100	Sets the number of repeated the delay sound.
Tone Bass (Tone Bass)	-100- +100	Sets the low frequency band tone of the tape echo sound.
Tone Treble (Tone Treble)	-100- +100	Sets the High frequency band tone of Tape Echo sound.
Pan HeadS (Pan Head S)	L63-R63	Sets the pan settings for the short delay playback head.
Pan HeadM (Pan Head M)	L63-R63	Sets the pan settings for the middle delay playback head.
Pan HeadL (Pan Head L)	L63-R63	Sets the pan settings for the long delay playback head.
Tape Dist (Tape Distortion)	0–100	Adds tape-specific distortion.
WahFluter Rate (Wah-Flutter Rate)	0–100	Sets the fluttering rate of pitch due to deterioration of the tape or inconsistency in the rotation.
WahFlutter Depth (Wah-Flutter Depth)	0–100	Sets the fluttering depth of pitch due to deterioration of the tape or inconsistency in the rotation.
FX Lvi (Effect Level).	0–100	Sets the volume of the tape echo sound.
DirLvI(Direct Level)	0–100	Sets the volume of the direct sound.



AnalogFinger (Analog Flanger)

Simulates Roland SBF-325 Analog Flanger. Provides three types of flanger effects as well as chorus-like effect.



Types of Flanger Effect

Analog Flanger provides a variety of flanger effects or chorus effects. Selecting the desired flanger effect type in Mode.

FL1: General monaural flanger

FL2: Stereo flanger that allows stereo location of the direct sound to take effect.

FL3: Cross mix flanger that provides more powerful effect

CHO: Chorus effect

	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function	
AFL (A	nalog Flanger): Simulates SE	BF-325 Analog Flan	nger.	
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the analog flanger on or off.	
	Modulation Freq (Modulation Frequency)	0–100	Sets the center frequency subject to application of the flanger effect.	
	Modulation Rate (Modulation Rate)	0100	Sets the flanger's modulation rate.	
	Modulation Depth (Modulation Depth)	0–100	Sets the depth of the flanger modulation.	
	Mode (Mode)	FL1, FL2, FL3, CHO	Sets the type of flanger effects.	
	Feedback (Feedback Level)	0–100	Sets the amount of the delayed sound should be returned to the flanger input. *1, *2	
	ChB (Channel B Inverse)	Nor, Inv	"Inv" indicates that the Flanger effect on Channel B should be inverted. "Nor" indicates that it should not be inverted.	
	Phase ChA (Mix A Inverse)	Nor, Inv	"Inv" indicates that the phase should be inverted for mixing Channel A Flanger sound into the direct sound. "Nor" indicates that the phase should not be inverted.	
	Phase ChB (Mix B Inverse)	Nor, Inv	"Inv" indicates that the phase should be inverted for mixing Channel B Flanger sound into the direct sound. "Nor" indicates that the phase should not be inverted.	

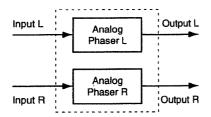


- *1: This feature is disabled when Mode is set to "CHO."
- *2: Excessively large values may cause oscillation.



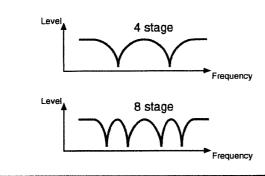
AnalogPhaser

Two units of analog phasers are placed in parallel to accommodate stereo sounds. Surges unique to Phaser is created by adding sounds with the phase shifted periodically.



Number of stages of Phaser

As the number of sages of Phaser increases, the number of frequency points suppressed increases as well, generating sharper effect.

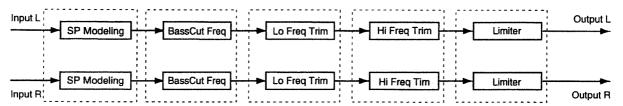


Pa	rameter (full na	me)	Setting	Function
APH (Analo	og Phaser):	Two units of sounds.	analog phaser are	placed in parallel to accommodate stereo
Sw	(Switch)		On, Off	Turns the analog phaser on or off.
Mo	de (Mode)		8STAGE, 4STAGE	Sets the number of stages of phaser.
Fre	q (Frequency)		0–100	Sets the center frequency to which the phase effect is applied.
Res	so (Resonance)		0-100	Enhances frequency components at around the center frequency set with Frequency.
LF	01/2 Rate (LFO1/2 R	ate)	0–100	Sets the phase effect cycle length.
LFC	O1/2 Dep (LFO1/2 De	epth)	0–100	Sets the depth of the phase effect cycle.
LF	O1/2 ChB(LFO1/2 Ch	annel B Inverse)	Nor inv	"Inv" indicates that the surge phase should be inverted and "Nor" indicates that it should not be inverted.



Speaker Modeling

Models a variety of speaker characteristics ranging from those of High-end professional monitor speakers used as the standard at studios around the world to those of speakers of small-sized TV sets and portable radios.





Speaker Modeling is adjusted so that its optimal effect is achieved when a Roland Powered Monitor DS-90 is used in digital connection. Its effect may not be fully achieved with other types of speakers.

Speaker types applicable for modeling

The characteristics of the following types of speakers can be modeled. Set the desired type for Model.

THRU: No modeling is to be performed.

Super FLAT: DS-90 is corrected by modeling to produce wider-range and untwisted sounds.

Powered GenBlk: Typical model of powered monitor (two-way type, the woofer diameter = 170 mm (6-1/

2 inches))

Powered E-Bas: Powered monitor characterized in delightful sound quality

Powered Mack: Powered monitor characterized in well-extended low frequency band sounds

Small Cube: Small-sized full-range speaker widely used in recording studios

White Cone: Enclosed-type two-way speaker widely used in recording studios, characterized in

white woofers.

White C +tissue: Mild sounds from "White Cone" Tweeter covered with tissue paper

Small Radio: Pocket-type small-sized radio
Small TV: Speaker attached to the 14-inch TV set

Boom Box: Radio cassette recorder

BoomBox LoBoost: Radio cassette recorder with the low frequency band enhanced

Use "THRU" for clear comparison between sounds with and without modeling.

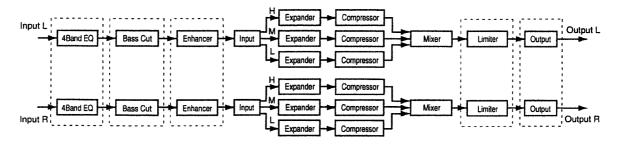
Algorithm List

	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
SpMod	(Speaker Modeling): Select	s the speaker subject to	o characteristics modeling.
	Sw (Switch)	Off, On	Turns the Speaker Modeling on or off.
	Model (Model)	See the column on the previous page.	Specifies the speaker actually generating sounds.
	Phase (Phase)	NRM, INV	Sets the phase of the speaker. "NRM" for the same phase and "INV" for the inverted phase.
3Cut (E	Bass Cut Filter): Cuts off und	desired low sounds suc	h as pop noise.
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the bass cut filter on or off.
	Freq (Frequency)	Thru, 20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the frequency for cutting off undesired low frequence band sounds such as pop noise.
.FT (Lo	ow Frequency Trimmer): Adj	usts the low frequency	band sounds.
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the low frequency trimmer on or off.
	Gain (Gain)	-12-+12dB	Sets the boost/cut amount.
	Freq (Frequency)	20–2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency of the trimmer.
IFT (Hi	igh Frequency Trimmer): Ad	justs the High frequenc	ey band sounds.
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the High frequency trimmer on or off.
	Gain (Gain)	-12- +12dB	Sets the boost/cut amount.
	Freq (Frequency)	1.0-20.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency.
.mt (Li	miter): Prevent	s distortion by suppres	ssing signals at High levels.
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the limiter on or off.
	Thresh (Threshold)	-600 dB	Sets the volume at which the limiter starts working.
		0.400	Cata the time from when the innet level does heleve the
	Release (Release)	0-100	Sets the time from when the input level drops below the threshold level to when the effect ceases to apply.



Mastering Tool Kit

This Kit is a compressor that splits sounds into different frequency band to unify their volumes. With this feature, you can perform mastering at the optimized level when mixing down into an MD or a CD or when producing your original audio CD using the CD-R disk.

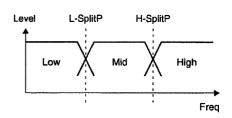


Effect of "Detect Time" under Input

With ordinary compressors, a moment of delay occurs to suppress a level over instance after it has been detected. With this algorithm, this problem is bypassed by using the input sound only for level detection and adding a specified length of delay to the sound for processing and output. "Detect Time" under Input is the setting of the delay time for this purpose. Note that supplying Detect Time causes time difference between input and output of audio signals, requiring due considerations if used for operations other than mastering (ex. channel insertion).

Splitting into frequency bands

To split into High, middle and low frequency bands, Low Split Point (LoSplit Point) and High Split Point (HiSplit Point) under Input are used to specify frequencies.



	Parameter (full name)	Setting	Function
EQ (E	qualizer)		
•	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the equalizer on or off.
	InputG (Input Gain)	-24 +12 dB	Sets the overall volume before passing through the equalizer.
	Low Gain (Low Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low frequency band.
	Low Freq (Low Frequency)	20–2000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low frequency band.
	Low Q (Low Q)	0.3–16.0	Sets the width of the area around the low frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
	Low Type	Shiv, Peak	Sets the type of the low frequency band equalizer (Shlving type or peaking type).
	LoMid Gain (Low Middle Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the low middle frequency band.
	LoMid Freq (Low Middle Frequency)	20–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the low middle frequency band.
	LoMid Q (Low Middle Q)	0.3-16.0	Sets the width of the area around the low middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
	HiMid Gain (High Middle Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.
	HiMid Freq (High Middle Frequency)	20–8000 Hz	Sets the center frequency in the High middle frequency band.
	HiMid Q (High Middle Q)	0.3–16.0	Sets the width of the area around the High middle frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.
	High Gain (High Gain)	-12 +12 dB	Sets the boost/cut amount in the High frequency band.

	High Freq (High Frequency)	1.40–2	0.0 kHz	Sets the center frequency in the High frequency band. Sets the width of the area around the High frequency that will be affected by the gain settings.	
	High Q (High Q)	0.3–16	5.0		
	Hi Type (High Type)		Peak	Sets the type of the High frequency band equalizer (Shiving type or peaking type).	
	Lvi (Level)	-24 +	12 dB	Sets the overall volume after passing through the equalizer.	
BCut /	(Bass Cut Filter): Cut	s off undesired l	ow frequen	cy band sounds such as pop noise.	
DCut (Sw (Switch)	On, Of	· =	Turns the bass cut filter on or off.	
	Freq (Frequency)		20 - 2000 Hz	Sets the frequency for cutting off undesired low frequency band sounds such as pop noise.	
Enh (E	Enhancer): Acc	entuates the sou	und and pus	sh the sound forward.	
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the enh	ancer on or off.	
	Sens (Sensitivity)	0–100	Sets the degree	ee of the enhancer effect desired.	
	Freq (Frequency)	1.00–10.0 kHz	Sets the frequ	ency at which the enhancer effect starts working.	
	MixLvI (Mix Level)	-24 +12dB	Set the amou	nt of the enhancer sound to be added to the direct sound.	
In (Inp	uit). Cali	ite the direct eas	nd into thre	e frequency bands, that is, low, middle and High	
an (mp	•	luency bands.		o moquemer suman, must reg restry misdic directing.	
	InputG (Input Gain)	-24- +12dB	Sets the over	all volume before entering expander/compressor.	
	D-Time (Detect Time)	0–10 ms	Sets the lengt	th of delay to add to the direct sound input.	
	L-SplitP (Low Split Point)	20–800 Hz	Sets the frequency	ency at which the direct sound is split into three bands (on the band side).	
	H-SplitP (High Split Point)	1.60–16.0 kHz		ency at which the direct sound is split into three bands (on the cy band side).	
Exp (E	Expander): Exp	ands the dynam	ic range at	a certain ratio.	
	Sw (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the exp	ander on or off.	
	Low Thre (Low Threshold)	-80-0 dB	Sets the volum	e at which the expander for the low frequency band starts working.	
	Low Ratio (Low Raito)	1:1.0–1:16, 1:INF		at which the output in the low frequency band is increased at level has dropped below the low threshold level.	
	Low Atck (Low Attack)	0–100 ms		until when the low frequency band expander starts working tlevel dropps below the low threshold level.	
	Low Rel (Low Release)	50 ms-5.000 s		until when the High frequency band expander stops working tlevel exceeds the low threshold level.	
	Mid Thre (High Threshold)	-80-0 dB	Sets the volum working.	ne at which the expander for the middle frequency band starts	
	Mid Ratio (High Ratio)	1:1.0–1:16, 1:INF		at which the output in the middle frequency band is increased at level has dropped below the middle threshold level.	
	Mid Atck (High Attack)	0–100 ms		until when the middle frequency band expander starts working t level dropps below the middle threshold level.	
	Mid Rel (High Release)	50 ms-5.000 s		until when the middle frequency band expander stops working t level exceeds the middle threshold level.	
	High Thre (High Threshold)	-80-0 dB	Sets the volun working.	ne at which the expander for the High frequency band starts	
	High Ratio (High Ratio)	1:1.0-1:16, 1:INF		at which the output in the High frequency band is increased ut level has dropped below the High threshold level.	
	High Atck (High Attack)	0–100 ms		until when the High frequency band expander starts working t level dropps below the High threshold level.	

High Rel (High Release) 50 ms-5.000 s Sets the time until when the High frequency band expander stops working after the input level exceeds the High threshold level.

Cmp (Compressor): Compresses the entire output signals when the input volume exceeds a specified value.

SW (Switch)	On, Off	Turns the compressor on or off.
Low Thre (Low Threshold)	-240 dB	Sets the volume at which the compressor for the low frequency band starts working.
Low Ratio (Low Raito)	1:1.0–1:16, 1:INF	Sets the ratio at which the output in the low frequency band is suppressed when the input level has exceeded the low threshold level.
Low Atck (Low Attack)	0–100 ms	Sets the time until when the low frequency band compressor starts working after the input level has exceeded the low threshold level.
Low Rel (Low Release)	50 ms-5.000 s	Sets the time until when the low frequency band compressor stops working after the input level has dropped below the low threshold level.
Mid Thre (Middle Threshold)	-24-0 dB	Sets the volume at which the compressor in the middle frequency band starts working.
Mid Ratio (Middle Ratio)	1:1.0–1:16, 1:INF	Sets the ratio at which the output in the middle frequency band is suppressed when the input level has exceeded the middle threshold level.
Mid Atck (Middle Attack)	0–100 ms	Sets the time until when the middle frequency band compressor starts working after the input level has exceeded the middle threshold level.
Mid Rel (Middle Release)	50 ms-5.000 s	Sets the time until when the middle frequency band compressor stops working after the input level has dropped below the middle threshold level.
High Thre (High Threshold)	-24-0 dB	Sets the volume at which the compressor for the High frequency band starts working.
High Raito (High Ratio)	1:1.0-1:16, 1:INF	Sets the ratio at which the output in the High frequency band is suppressed when the input level has exceeded the High threshold level.
High Atck (High Attack)	0–100 ms	Sets the time until when the High frequency band compressor starts working after the input level has exceeded the High threshold level.
High Rel (High Release)	50 ms-5.000 s	Sets the time until when the High frequency band compressor stops working after the input level has dropped below the High threshold level.

Mix (Mixer): Adjusts the volume by frequency band.

Low Level (Low Level)	-80 +6 dB	Sets the volume in the low frequency band after passing through the expander and compressor.	
Mid Level (Middle Level)	-80 +6 dB	Sets the middle frequency band volume after passing through the expander and compressor.	
High Level (High Level)	-80 +6 dB	Sets the volume in the High frequency band after passing through the expander and compressor.	

Lmt (Limiter): Prevents distortion by suppressing signals at High levels.

Sw (Switch)	ch) On, Off Turns the limiter on or off.		
Thresh (Threshold) -24–0 dB Sets the volume at which the limiter starts working.		Sets the volume at which the limiter starts working.	
, ,		Sets the time until when the limiter starts working after the input level has exceeded threshold level.	
, ,		Sets the time until when the limiter stops working after the input level drops below the threshold level.	

Out (Output): Provides settings concerning overall output.

SoftClip (Soft Clip)	On, Off	Suppresses conspicuous distortion that may occur when the effect of compressor/limiter has been applied excessively.	
Dither (Dither)	Off, 8-24 bit	Smoothes the transition where the sound disappears.	
Level (Level) -80-+6 d		Sets the overall volume after passing through the limiter.	



With Compressor, the level is automatically adjusted to the optimal with the settings for Threshold (Thres) and Raito (Ratio). Setting Attack (Atck) to a relatively long time may cause distortion. For this reason, a margin of -6 dB is provided. Adjust the Mixer (Mix) level as required.

^{*1:} If Low Type (Lo Type) or High Type (Hi Type) is set to "Shlv (Shlving Type)," the setting for Lo Q or High Q is invalid.

Model: VS-1880, Version 1.00, Feb. 01 2000

1. TRANSMITTED DATA AND RECOGNIZED RECEIVE DATA

■Channel Voice Message

●Note On/Off

When "Metronome Out Mode (*1)" in the SYSTEM parameters is "MIDI," MIDI note number/velocity of MIDI channel number which is assigned to the Metronome is

Received when the effect patch Voice Transformer effect (algorithm 27) is selected and MIDI Control SW is On.

Status Second Third 9nH mmH IIH

n = MIDI Channel No.: 0H

0H - FH (ch.1-ch.16) (*2) 0H - 3H (ch.1-ch.4) (*3)

mm = Note No.:

00H - 7FH (0 - 127) (*3)

II = Velocity:

01H - 7FH (1 - 127) / 00H = NOTE OFF

(*1) See "2. Data Transfer Address Map" section.

(*2) Only when transmitting Metronome.

(*3) Only when receiving with MIDI Control SW of Voice Transformer is On.

 $\label{eq:normalized} $n=0,2\ (ch.1,3):$ Voice Transformer:$ Chromatic Pitch $mm=24H-54H\ (C2-C6)$ $II=ignored$ $n=1,3\ (ch.2,4):$ Voice Transformer:$ Chromatic Formant $mm=24H-3CH\ (C2-C4)$ $}$

II = ignored

●Polyphonic Key Pressure

Transmits the level meter value of VS-1880 according to the value of "Level Meter Tx. via MIDI." (see "2. Data Transfer Address Map") (MIDI ch. is fixed to 16.) Ignored when received.

When VS-1880 is booted up, "Level Meter Tx. via MIDI" is set to Off. Level meter value is not transmitted until is it set to On or Interval with Data Set (DT1).

AFH	mmH	IIH
mm = Note No.: 11 = Level Meter Valu		(0 - 41) (*1) (0 - 54) (*2)

Level Meter and Note No. (*1)

Level Meter Ch.	Note No.	Level Meter Ch.	Note No.	
TRACK MIX CH. 1	0	FX1 BUS Lch	26	
TRACK MIX CH. 2	1	FX1 BUS Rch	27	
TRACK MIX CH. 3	2			
TRACK MIX CH. 4		FX2 BUS Lch	28	
TRACK MIX CH. 5	4	FX2 BUS Rch	29	
TRACK MIX CH. 6	5			
TRACK MIX CH. 7	6	FX3(AUX1) BUS Lch	30	
TRACK MIX CH. 8	7	FX3(AUX1) BUS Rch	31	
TRACK MIX CH. 9	8			
TRACK MIX CH.10	9	FX4 (AUX2) BUS Lch	32	
TRACK MIX CH.11	10	FX4 (AUX2) BUS Rch	33	
TRACK MIX CH.12	11			
TRACK MIX CH.13	12	AUX(AUX3) EUS Lch	34	
TRACK MIX CH.14	13	AUX(AUX3) BUS Rch	35	
TRACK MIX CH.15	14			
TRACK MIX CH.16	15	MONITOR Lch	36	
TRACK MIX CH.17	40	MONITOR Rch	37	
TRACK MIX CH.18	41			
INPUT MIX CH. 1	16			
INPUT MIX CH. 2	17	MASTER Lch	38	
INPUT MIX CH. 3	18	MASTER Rch	39	
INPUT MIX CH. 4				
INPUT MIX CH. 5	29			
INPUT MIX CH. 6				
INPUT MIX CH. 7	22			
INPUT MIX CH. 8	23			
INPUT MIX CH. 9	24			
INPUT MIX CH.10	25			

{Level Meter Value and Level (*2)}

Val	Level								
0	- ∞ dB	11	-30.0dB	22	~17.0dB	33	-8.00dB	44	-2.50dB
1	-51.0dB	12	-28.0dB	23	-16.0dB	34	-7.50dB	45	-2.25dB
2	-48.0dB	13	-26.0dB	24	-15.0dE	35	-7.0043	46	-2.00d2
3	-46.0dB	14	-25.0dB	25	-14.0dB	36	-6.50dB	47	-1.75dB
4	-44.0dB	15	-24.0dB	26	-13.0dE	37	-€.00dB	48	-1.50dB
5	-42.0dB	16	-23.0dB	27	-12.5dE	38	-5.50dB	49	-1.25dB
6	-40.0dB	17	-22.0dB	28	-12.0dE	39	-5.00dB	50	-1.00dE
7	-38.0dB	18	-21.0dB	29	-11.0dB	4.0	-4.50dB	51	-0.75dB
8	-36.0dB	19	-20.0dB	3.0	-10.0dB	41	-4.00dB	52	-0.50dB
9	-34.0dB	20	-19.0dB	31	-9.00dB	42	-3.50dB	53	-0.25dB
10	-32.0dB	21	-18.0dB	32	-8.50dB	43	-3.00dB	54	-0.00dB

●Control Change

Parameters on the Mixer section can be received and transmitted by the control change messages when "MIDI Mixer Control Type (*1)" in the SYSTEM parameter is set to "C.C."

<u>Status</u> BnH	Second mmH	<u>Third</u> IIH								
n = MIDI Channel No.:0H - FH (ch.1-ch.16 : see below) mm = Mixer Parameter No.:(see below) II = Mixer Parameter Value:00H - 7FH (0 - 127) (*1)										
{Mixer Parameter and MIDI Channel/Control Change No.]										
<channel strip=""></channel>										

TRACK MIX CH. MIDI ch>									9							
TRACK STATUS (*3)	3	٠,	٠,	٠,	->	-,	->	->	-,	->	->	->	->	->	->	->
MIX Send Level	7	->	- >	->	->	٠,	٠,	- >	->	->	->	->	->	->	٠,	->
MIX Send Pan	10	->	->	->	->	->	->	->	->	->	->	->	->	-,	- >	->
EC L Freq.	12	• >	- >	->	٠,	->	->	->	->	->	٠,	٠,	->	->	->	->
EC L Gain	1.3	->	- >	٠>	٠,	->	->	->	- >	->	->	->	->	->	- >	->
··																

TRACK MIX CH.	17			
MIDI ch>	1	2	 	
TRACK STATUS (*3)	35		 	
MIX Send Level	39			
MIX Send Pan	42			
EQ L Freq.	44			
EQ L Gain	45			
EQ M Freq.	46			
EQ M Gain	47	->		
EQ M Q	48	->		
EQ H Freq.	49	->		
EQ H Gain	50	->		
FX1 SND Level	51	->		
FX1 SND Pan/Bal	52			
FX2 SND Level	53			
FX2 SND Pan/Bal	54	+>		
FX3 SND Level	55			
FX3 SND Pan/Bal	56	->		
FX4 SND Level	57			
FX4 SND Pan/Bal	58	~>		
AUX Send Level	59			
AUX Send Pan/Bal	60	->		
MIX Offset Level	61			
MIX Offset Bal	62			

INPUT MIX CH. MIDI ch>	1	2 2	3	4	5 5	6	7	8	9	10 10
MIX Send Level	68	->	٠,	٠,	->	->	->	->	->	->
MIX Send Pan/Bal	70	*>	- >	->	->	->	->	->	->	•>
EQ L Freq.	71	->	->	-,	->	~>	->	->	->	->
EO L Gain	72	->	->	->	->	->	->	->	->	->
EQ M Preg.	73	->	->	->	->	-5	->	->	->	->
EQ M Gain	74	->	->	->	->	+>	->	~>	->	->
EC M C	75	- >	- >	->	٠,	->	->	->	->	*>
EQ H Freq.	76	->	- >	->	->	->	- >	- >	- 5	->
EQ H Gain	77	->	+>	- >	->	->	->	~>	~>	->
FX1 SND Level	78	>	>	->	->	>	>		>	**************
FX1 SND Pan/Bal	79	->	- >	->	->	~>	->	->	->	->
FX2 SND Level	80	- >	٠,	->	•>	->	->	->	->	->
FX2 SND Pan/Bal	81	->	->	->	->	- >	->	->	- >	-5
FX3 SND Level	82	->	->	->	• >	- >	->	->	->	->
FX3 SND Pan/Bal	63	->	- >	->	->	->	- >	->	->	->
FX4 SND Level	84	->	->	~>	->	~ >	->	~>	->	->
FX4 SND Pan/Bal	85	->	->	->	->	->	~>	~>	- 5	->
AUE Send Level	86	- >	٠,	->	->	->	• >	->	->	->
AUX Send Pan/Bal	87	->	• >	->	->	->	٠,	->	->	~>

MIX Offset Level 88 -- -> -- -> -- -> -- MIX Offset Bal 89 -- -> -- -> -- -> --

stereo in & effect return

MIDI ch>	ST IN	FX1 12	FX2 13	FX3 14	FX4 15	
		->	->	->	->	
MIX Send Level	68	->	->	->	->	
MIX Send Balance	70	->	->	->	->	

<MASTER Block> MIDI ch.=16

Master Level Master Balance	68 70
master balance	/ (/
FX1 SND Level	78
FX1 SND Balance	79
FX2 SND Level	80
FX2 SND Balance	81
FX3 SND Level	82
FX3 SND Pan/Bal	83
FX4 SND Level	84
FX4 SND Pan/Bal	85
AUX Level	96
AUX Balance	97
Monitor Level	102
Monitor Balance	103

- *1) See "2. Data Transfer Address Map" section.
- (*2) Control Change of the odd number of channel is transmitted and received when Channel Link is On.
- (*3) Value and switching Track status corresponds as follows.

(1) While VS-1880 stops

Value :	0-31		32-63		64-9	5	96-1	.27
Status:	PLAY REC	->MUTE ->MUTE ->MUTE E->MUTE	PLAY REC	->PLAY ->PLAY	PLAY	->REC ->REC	PLAY REC	->SOURCE ->SOURCE ->SOURCE TE->SOURCE

(2) While playback/recording

Value :	0-31	32-63	64-95	96-127
Status:	MUTE -> X PLAY ->MUTE REC -> X SOURCE->MUTE	PLAY ->PLAY REC -> X	PLAY -> X REC ->REC	MUTE -> X PLAY -> X REC ->SOURCE (*) (*) SOURCE->SOURCE

- (*) Impossible to switch while recording.
- (*) X = ignored

○Bank select (MSB/LSB)

Switches the effect bank of Preset/User. VS-1880 never transmits this message.

Status	Second	Third
BnH	00H	mmH
BnH	20H	ЯH

n = MIDI Channel No.: 0H - 3H (ch.1 = FX1, ch.2 = FX2, ch.3 = FX3, ch.4 = FX4) mm = upper byte of bank number: 00H

II = lower byte of bank number: 00H - 04H (0 - 4)

Bank Se MSB		Prog	r	am Ch	ang	je		Patch Number				
00H	00H	00H	-	63H	(0	_	99)	Preset	#000	_	#099	
OOH	01H	COH	-	63H	10	-	99)	Preset	#100	-	#199	
00H	02H	COH	-	27H	(0	-	39)	Preset	#200	-	#239	
OOH	03H	OOH -	-	63H	(0	-	99)	User	#000	•	#099	
OOH I	04H	COH		63H	10	-	991	User	#100	-	#199	

ONRPN (MSB/LSB)

Selects a parameter of the effect to be controlled. VS-1880 never transmits this message.

Status	Second	Third
BnH	62H	ян
BnH	63H	mml-l

n = MIDI Channel No.: 0H - 3H (ch.1 = FX1, ch.2 = FX2, ch.3 = FX3, ch.4 = FX4) mm = upper byte of the parameter number to be assigned with NRPN: 00H - 12EH (0 - 46) II = lower byte of the parameter number to be assigned with NRPN: 00H - 2EH (0 - 46)

OData Entry (MSB/LSB)

Controls effect parameter assigned with NRPN. VS-1880 never transmits this message.

Status	Second	Third
BnH	06H	mmH
BnH	26H	ПH

n = MIDI Channel No.: 0H - 3H (ch.1 = FX1, ch.2 = FX2, ch.3 = FX3, ch.4 = FX4) mm = upper byte corresponding to the parameter assigned with NRPN II = Iower byte corresponding to the parameter assigned with NRPN

<Ex> mmH 11H = 40H 00H = -8192 = 7FH 7FH = -1 = 00H 00H = 0 = 3FH 7FH = +8191

OData Increment

Increments the effect parameter selected with NRPN. VS-1880 never transmits this message.

Status Second Third Bull 6011 00H

n = MIDI Channel No.: 0H - 3H (ch.1 = FX1, ch.2 = FX2, ch.3 = FX3, ch.4 = FX4)

Increment the effect parameter selected with NRPN.

OData Decrement

Decrement the effect parameter selected with NRPN, VS-1880 never transmits this message.

 Status
 Second
 Third

 BnH
 61H
 00H

n = MIDI Channel No.:0H - 3H (ch.1 = FX1, ch.2 = FX2, ch.3 = FX3, ch.4 = FX4)

Decrement the effect parameter selected with NRPN.

[NRPN and Effect parameters]

♦Algorithm 0 Reverb (FX1 or FX3)

		Data Entry	NRPN
0,1 = Off,	EQ SW	mmH 11H	COH 00H
0,1 = Shelving, Peakir	EQ: Low EQ Type	mmH 11H	COH 01H
-12,,,120	EC: Low EQ Gain	man# 11#	00H 02H
2,,,200 = 20,,,2000	EQ: Low EQ Frequency	manH 11H	оон озн
3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10	EQ: Low EQ Q	mmH 11H	00H 04H
-12,120	EO: Mid EO Gain	numH 11H	00H 05H
20,,,800 = 200,,,8000	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	mmH 11H	00H 06H
3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10	EQ: Mid EQ Q	mmH 11H	COH 67H
0.1 = Shelving, Peaking	EQ: High EQ Type	mmH 11H	00H 08H
-12,,,120	EC: High EO Gain	mmH 11H	ссн оэн
14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kd	EC: High EC Frequency	mmH 11H	HAO HOO
3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10	EC: High EQ O	mmH 11H	сон овн
***************************************	EQ: Out Level	mmH 11H	00H 0CH

	1	0,,,100
00H 0DH	mm# 11H	Reverb: Room Size 5,,,40m
OOH OEH	mm# 11H	Reverb: Reverb Time 1,,,320 = 0.1,,,32.0s
OOH OFH	mmH 11H	Reverb: Pre Delay 0,,,200 = 0,,,200ms
00H 10H	mmH 11H	Reverb: Diffusion 0,,,100
00H 11H	owaH 11H	Reverb: Density 0,190
00H 12H	mmH 11H	Reverb: Early Reflection Level 0,,,,100
00H 13H	mmH 11H	Reverb: LF Damp Frequency 5,,,400 = 50,,,4000H2
00H 14H	mmH 11H	Reverb: LF Damp Gain -360dB
00H 15H	mmH 11H	Reverb: HF Damp Frequency 10,,,200 * 1.0,,,20.0kHz
00H 16H	mmH 11H	Revert: HF Damp Gain -36,,,0dB
00H 17H	mmH 11H	Reverb: HI Cut Frequency 2,,,200 = 0.2,,,20.0kHz
00H 18H	mmH 11H	Reverb: Effect Level -100,,,100
00H 19H	mmH 11H	Reverb: Direct Level -100,,,100
OOH LAH	оон оон	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	-	

♦ Algorithm 1 Delay

NRPN	Data Entry	
00H 00H	mmH 11H	
OCH 01H	mmH 11H	EQ SW 0,1 = Off.On
OCH 02H	mmH 11H	Delay: Delay Time C,1200ms
осн озн	mmH 11H	Delay: Shift -1200,,,1200 = £1200,,,R1200ms
CGH O4H	mmH 11H	Delay: Lch Feedback Level -100,,,100
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Delay: Rch Feedback Level -100,,,100
00H 06H	mmH 11H	Delay: Lch Level -100,,,100
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Delay: Rch Level -100,,,100
COH 08H	mmH 11H	Delay: LF Damp Frequency 5,,,400 = 50,,,4000Hz
GOH 09H	mmH 11H	Delay: LF Damp Gain -36,,,0dE
GOH OAH	mmH 11H	Delay: HF Damp Frequency 10,,,200 = 1.0,,,20.0kHz
COH OBH	mmH I1H	Delay: HF Damp Gain -36,,,0dB
оон осн	mmH 11H	Delay: Direct Level -100,,,100
OOH ODH	munH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
00H 0FH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Frequency 2,,,200 ± 20,,,2000Hz
00H 10H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 11H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Gain
00H 12H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
00H 13H	mm# 11#	EG: Mid EQ Q 3,.,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	+	

	00H 14H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
-	00H 15H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
ľ	00H 16H	monH 11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,29.0kHz
	00H 17H	numH 11H	EQ: High EC Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	00H 18H	mmH 11H	EQ: Out Level	0,,,100
-	00H 19H	00H 00H	(Reserved)	
-	00H 7FH	1 00H 00H	l	

* (Delay Time) + (Absolute value of Shift) should be 1200 or less.

♦ Algorithm 2 Stereo Delay Chorus

NRPN	Data Entry	
	entry	
OOH COH	umH 11H	Delay SW $G.l = Off.Cn$
COH 01H	mmH 11H	Chorus SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	EQ SW 0,1 = Off,On
оон сэн	mmH 11H	Delay: Delay Time 0,500ms
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Delay: Shift -500,,,500 - L500,,,R500ms
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Delay: Lch Feedback Level -100,,,,100
00H 06H	nvnH 11H	Delay: Rch Feedback Level -100,,,100
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Delay: Lch Cross Feedback Level
00H 08H	maH 11H	Delay: Rch Cross Feedback Level
00Н 09Н	mmH 11H	Delay: Effect Level
OOH OAH	men# 11#	Delay: Direct Level
COH COH	mmH 11H	Chorus: Rate 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
00H 0CH	mmH 11H	Chorus: Depth 0,,,100
OOH ODH	mmH 11H	Chorus: Fre Delay 0,,,50ms
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	Chorus: Effect Level
OOH OFH	omaH 11H	Chorus: Direct Level
00H 10H	mmH 11H	-100,,,100 Chorus: Lch Feedback Level
00H 11H	mmH 11H	-100,,,100 Chorus: Rch Feedback Level
00H 12H	mmH 11H	-100,,,100 Chorus: Lch Cross Feedback Level
00H 13H	nunH 11H	-100,,,100 Chorus: Rch Cross Feedback Level
00H 14H	mmH 11H	-100,,,100 EQ: Low EQ Type
00H 15H	mmH 11H	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking EQ: Low EQ Gain
00H 16H	mmH 11H	-12,,,12dB EQ: Low EQ Frequency
00H 17H	mmH 11H	2,,,200 = 29,,,2000H2 EQ: Low EQ Q
		3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 18H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
00H 19H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
00H 1AH	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Q 3100 = 0.3,10.0
00H 1BK	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking

1			
00H 1CH	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
OOE 1DH	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
OOH 1ER	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
OCH 1FH	mmH 11H	EQ: Out Level	0,,,100
00H 20H	оон оон ;	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	DOH COH		

* (Delay Time) + (Absolute value of Shift) should be 500 or less.

♦Algorithm 3 Stereo Pitch Shifter Delay

NREN	Data Entry	
00H 00H	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H C1H	mmH 11H	EQ SW 0,1 = Off.On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Lch Chromatic Pitch -12,,,12
00Н 03Н	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Lch Fine Pitch -100,,,100
00H 04H	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Lch Pre Delay 0,.,50ms
OOH CSH	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Lch Feedback Delay Time 0,500ms
оон оен	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Lch Feedback Level
GOH 07H	mmH 11H	F.ShifterDelay: Lch Cross Feedback Level
оон оен	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Rch Chromatic Pitch
00Н 09Н	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Rch Fine Pitch
OOH OAH	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Rch Pre Delay 0,,,50ms
оон овн	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Rch Feedback Delay Time
00Н 0СН	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Rch Feedback Level
OOH ODH	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Rch Cross Feedback Level
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Effect Level -100,,,100
OOH OFH	mmH 11H	P.ShifterDelay: Direct Level -100,,,,100
00H 10H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Type 0,1 - Shelving, Peaking
90H 11H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
00H 12H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Frequency 2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
00H 13H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 14H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
00H 15H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
00H 16H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 17H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Type 0.1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 18H	mm# 11H	EQ: High EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
00H 19H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency 14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
DOH 1AH	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Q 3,.,100 = 0.3,.,10.0
00H 1BH	mmH 11H	EQ: Out Level 0,100
00H 1CH	оон оон	(Reserved)

:	;	
00H 7FH	oon och	
		_

♦Algorithm 4 Vocoder

NRPN	Data Entry	
00Н 00Н	mmH 11H	Chorus SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 01H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Character 1 0100
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Character 2
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Character 3 0,,,100
00H 04H	mm# 11H	Vocader: Voice Character 4 0,,,100
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voic∈ Character 5 0,,,100
00H 06H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Character 6 5,,,100
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Character 7 0,,,100
оон овн	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Character 8 0,,,100
оон оэн	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Character 9 0,,,100
HAO HOO	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Character 10 0,,,100
OOH OBH	տա# 11#	Chorus: Rate 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
оон осн	mmH 11H	Chorus: Depth C.,,,100
OCH ODH	mmH 11H	Chorus: Pre Delay 0,,,50ms
OCH OEH	mmH 11H	Chorus: Feedback Level -100,,,100
OOH OFH	mmH 11H	Chorus: Effect Level -100,,,100
00H 10H	mm# 11H	Chorus: Direct Level -100,,,100
00H 11H	00H 0DH	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	HOOH 00H	

♦ Algorithm 5 2CH RSS

NRPN	Data Entry		
осн оон	mmH 11H	2CH RSS: Ach Azimuth	-30,,,30 = -180,,,18
00H 01H	mmH 11H	2CH RSS: Ach Elevation	-15,,,15 = -90,,,9
00H 02H	mmH 11H	2CH RSS: Bch Azimuth	-30,,,30 = -180,,,18
00H 03H	mmH 11H	2CH RSS: Ech Elevation	~15,,,15 = -90,,,9
:	:	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	00H 00H		

Algorithm 6 Delay RSS

NRPN	Data Entry	
OOH OOH	mmH 11H	Delay RSS: Delay Time 0,,.1200m
00H 01H	maH 11H	Delay RSS: Shift -1200,,1200 = L1200,,R1200m
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Delay RSS: Center Delay Time 0,,,,1200c

00H 03H mmH 11H	Delay RSS: RSS Level 0,100
00H 04H menH 11H	Delay RSS: Center Level
00H 05H mmH 11H	Delay RSS: Feedback Level -100,,,100
00H 06H mmH 11H	Delay RSS: LF Damp Frequency 5,,,400 = 50,,,4000Hz
00H 07H mmH 11H	Delay RSS: LF Damp Gain -36,,,OdP
00H 08H mmH 11H	Delay RSS: HF Damp Frequency 10,,,200 = 1.0,,,20.0kHz
OOH C9H mmH 11H	Delay RSS: HF Damp Gain -36,,,OdB
OOH OAH mmH 11H	Delay RSS: Effect Level -100,,,100
00H 0BH mmH 11H	Delay RSS: Direct Level -100,,,100
OOH OCH OCH OOH	(Reserved)
00H 7FH 00H 00H	ļ

♦Algorithm 7 Chorus RSS

NRPN	Data Entry	
00Н 00Н	mmH 11H	Chorus R55; Chorus Rate 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
00H 01H	mm# 11#	Chorus RSS: Chorus Depth 0,100
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Chorus RSS: Effect Level -100,,,100
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Chorus RSS: Direct Level -100,,,100
00H 04H	: сон сон	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	COH COH	

♦Common for Algorithm 8, 9, 10 Guitar Multi 1, 2, 3

NRPN	Data Entry		
00H 00H	mmH 11H	Compressor SW	0,1 = Off,Or
00H 01H	mmH 11H	Metal/Distortion/Over Drive SW	0,1 = Off.On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor SW	0,1 = Off,Or
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Auto Wah SW	0,1 = Off,Or
00H 04H	manH 11H	Guitar Amp Simulator SW	0,1 = Off,Or
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Flanger SW	0,1 = Off,Or
00Н 06Н	mmH 11H	Delay SW	0,1 = Off,Or
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Compressor: Attack	0,,,100
COH 08H	mmH 11H	Compressor: Level	G,,,100
00H 09H	mmH 11H	Compressor: Sustain	0,,,100
HAC HOO	mmH 11H	Compressor: Tone	-50,,,-51
00H 0BH	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor: Threshold	0,,,10
OOH OCH	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor: Release	0,,,10
COH ODH	mmH 11H	Auto Wah: Mode	0,1 = LPF,BP
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	Auto Wah: Polarity	0,1 = Down,U
OOH OFH	mmH 11H	Auto Wah: Frequency	

	į	0,,,100
00H 10H	mmH 11H	Auto Wah: Level 0,,,100
00H 11H	mmH 11H	Auto Wah: Peak 0,,,100
00H 12H	mmH 11H	Auto Wah: Sens
00H 13H	mmH 11H	Auto Wah: Rate 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.CHz
00H 14H	mmH 11H	Auto Wah: Depth 0,,,100
00H 15H	mmH 11H	Guitar Amp Simulator: Mode 0,,,3 = Small,BultIn,2Stack,3Stack
00H 16H	mmH 11H	Flanger: Rate 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
00H 17H	numH 11H	Flanger: Depth 0,,,100
00H 18H	mod 11H	Flanger: Manual 0,,,100
00H 19H	mmH 11H	Flanger: Resonance 0,,,100
OOH 1AH	mmH 11H	Delay: Delay Time 0,,,1000ms
00H 1BH	mmH 11H	Delay: Shift -1000,1000 = L1000,R1000ms
00H 1CH	monH 11H	Delay: Feedback Time 0,1000ms
OOH 1DH	mmH 11H	Delay: Feedback Level -100,,,100
00H 1EH	mmH 11H	Delay: Effect Level -100,,,100
00H 1FH	mmH 11H	Delay: Direct Level

^{* (}Delay Time) + (Absolute value of Shift) should be 1000 or less.

♦Individual for Algorithm 8 Guitar Multi1

00H 20H	mmH 11H	Metal: Gain	0,,,1
00H 21H	numH 11H	Metal: Level	0,,,1
00H 22H	mmH 11H	Metal: Hi Gain	-100,,,1
00H 23H	mod 11H	Metal: Mid Gain	-100,,,1
00H 24H	mmH 11H	Metal: Low Gain	-100,,,1
00H 25H	; оон оон	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	1 оон оон		

♦Individual for Algorithm 9 Guitar Multi 2

00H 20	Hammer H	118	Distortion: Gain	
0011 20	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Particularity during	0,,,100
00H 21	i max	11#	Distortion: Level	0,,,100
OCH 22	सता है	116	Distortion: Tone	0,100
00H 23	HOO E	00Н	(Reserved)	
00H 7F	н 1 осн	оон }		

♦Individual for Algorithm 10 Guitar Multi 3

00H 20H	mmH 11H	Over Drive: Gain	0,,,100
00H 21H	mmH 11H	Over Drive: Level	0,,,100
00H 22H	mmH 11H	Over Drive: Tone	

1			1			1	0,,,190	
	00H	23H	Ì	00H :	00H	İ	(Reserved)	
Į	00H	7FH	I	ODH	OOH	ł		1

♦Algorithm 11 Vocal Multi

NRPN Da	ta Entry	
00H 00H mm	H 11H	Noise Suppressor SW 0,1 = Off,On
OOH OIH mm	H 11H	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
OOH C2H mm	H 11H	
00H 03H mm	9 11H	EQ SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 04H mml	11H	P.Shifter SW $0,1 = 0$ ff,On
Mmm H2C H00	11H	Delay SW 9,1 = Off.On
00H 06H mml	: 11H	Chorus SW 9.1 = Off.On
00H 07H mml	i 11H	Limiter/De-esser Mode 0,1 = Limiter,De-esser
OOH COH mml	: 11H	Noise Suppressor: Threshold
00H 09H mml	1 11H	Noise Suppressor: Release
OOH OAH mml	11H	Limiter: Threshold 0,,,100
COH OBH memal	111	Limiter: Release 0,,,100
OOH OCH mmi	1111	Limiter: Level 0.,,100
COH ODH muni	11H	De-esser: Sens 0100
COH OEH mml	11H	De-esser: Frequency 10,,,100 = 1.0.,,10.0kHz
OOH OFH mm	11H	Enhancer: Sens 0100
00H 10H mml	11H	Enhancer: Frequency
COH 11H mmi	11H	Enhancer: MIX Level 0,,,100
COH 12H mm	11H	Enhancer: Level 0,,,100
00H 13H mm	11H	EQ: Low EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
OOH 14H mmi	1111	EQ: Low EQ Gain
COH 15H mml	11#	EQ: Low EQ Frequency 2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
00H 16H mml	11#	EQ: Low EQ 0 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 17H mm	11H	EQ: Mid EQ Gain
00H 18H mmF	11H	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
00H 19H mmF	11H	EQ: Mid EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
OOH LAH mm	11H	EQ: High EQ Type 0.1 = Shelving, Peaking
GOH 1BH mm	11H	EQ: High EQ Gain
OCH 1CH mml	11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency 14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
OOH 1DH mml	11H	EQ: High EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
OOH 1EH UBINE	11H	EQ: Out Level 0,,,100
OOH 1FH mm	11H	P.Shifter: Chromatic Pitch -12,,,12
UCH 20H mm	11H	P.Shifter: Fine Pitch -100,,,100

	4		
00H 21H	nwoH 11H	P.Shifter: Effect Level	-100,,,100
00H 22H	am# 11#	P.Shifter: Direct Level	-100,,,100
00H 23H	mmH 11H	Delay: Delay Time	0,,,1000
00H 24H	mmH 11H	Delay: Feedback Level	-100,,,100
00H 25H	mmH 11H	Delay: Effect Level	-100,,,100
00H 26H	mmH 11H	Delay: Direct Level	-100,,,100
00н 27н	mmH 11H	Chorus: Rate	1,,,100 = 0.110.0Hz
00H 28H	men#1 11H	Chorus: Depth	0,,,100
00H 29H	mmH 11H	Chorus: Pre Delay	0,,,50ms
00H 2AH	mmH 11H	Chorus: Effect Level	-100,,,100
00H 2BH	mmH 11H	Chorus: Direct Level	-100,,,100
00H 2CH	оон осн	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	рон оон		

♦Algorithm 12 Rotary

nrpn	Data Entry	
00H 00H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor SW 0.1 = Off,On
90H C1H	ownH 11H	Over Drive SW $0.1 \approx \text{Off,On}$
90H G2H	nm# 11H	Noise Suppressor: Threshold
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor: Release 0,,,100
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Over Drive: Gain 0,,,100
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Over Drive: Level 0,,,100
оон оен	mmH 11H	Rotary: Low Rate 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Rotary: Hi Rate 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
OOH OEH	00H 00H	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	00H 00H	

♦Algorithm 13 Guitar AMP Simulator

NRPN	Data Entry	
00H 00H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 01H	mmH 11H	Pre Amp SW 0.1 = Off,On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Speaker SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor: Threshold 0,,,100
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor: Release 0,,,100
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Pre Amp: Mode 0,,,13 = JC-120,Clean Twin,Match Drive,BG Lead, MS1959(1), MS1959(11), MS1959(1+11), SLDN Lead, Metal 5150, Metal Lead, 0D-1, OD-2Turbo, Distortion, Fuzz
00Н 06Н	mmH 11H	Pre Amp: Volume 0,,,100
00Н 07Н	mmH 11H	Pre Amp: Bass 0,,,100

00H 08H	mmH 11H	Pre Amp: Middle 0,,,100
00Н 09Н	munH 11H	Fre Amp: Treble 0,,,,100
OOH OAH	mmH 11H	Pre Amp: Presence 0,,,100
OOH OBH	mmH 11H	Pre Amp: Master
00H 0CH	mmH 11H	Pre Amp: Bright 0,1 = Off,On
OOH ODH	menH 11H	Pre Amp: Gain 0.1,2 = Low,Middle,High
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	Speaker: Type C,,,11 = Small. Middle, JC-120. Built In 1, Built In 2.Built In 3. Built In 4. BG Stack 1, BG Stack 2, MS Stack 1, MS Stack 2, Metal Stack
OOH OFH	mmH 11H	Speaker: MIC Setting $0.1.2 = 1.2.3$
00H 10H	mmH 11H	Speaker: MIC Level
00H 11H	mmH 11H	Speaker: Direct Level 0,,,100
00H 12H	00H DOH	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	00H 00H	

- * Pre Amp Middle is invalid when the Mode # Match Drive.
- When the Mode = Match Drive, Pre Amp Presence works counter to the value (-100,,,0).
- * Pre Amp Bright is available only when the Mode = IC-120, Clean Twin, or BG Lead.

♦Algorithm 14 Stereo Phaser

NRPN	Data Entry		
00Н 00Н	mmH 11H	Phaser SW	0,1 = Off,On
00H 01H	mmH 11H	EQ SW	0,1 = Off.On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Phaser: Mode	C,,,3 = 4.8.12.16stage
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Phaser: Rate	1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Phaser: Depth	0,,,100
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Phaser: Polarity	0,1 = Inverse,Synchro
00H 06H	mmH 11H	Phaser: Manual	0,,,100
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Phaser: Resonance	0,,,100
00н 08н	mmH 11H	Phaser: Cross Feedback	0,,,100
00Н 09Н	mmH 11H	Phaser: Effect Level	-100,,,100
HAO HOO	mmH 11H	Phaser: Direct Level	-100,,,100
OOH OPH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Type	0,1 * Shelving, Peaking
оон осн	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
COH ODH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Frequency	2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
OOH OFH	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
00H 10H	numH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
00H 11H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 12H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Type	0.1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 13H	menH 11H	EQ: High EQ Gain	-12.,,12dB
00H 14H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency	

	1			1	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.6kHz
00H 15F	Ī	mmH	11#	EQ: High EQ C	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 16F	1	mmH	11H	EQ: Out Level	0.,.100
00H 17H	i	00H :	00H	(Reserved)	
00H 7FF		00H	00 H	1	

♦Algorithm 15 Stereo Flanger

NRPN	Data Entry	
00H 00H	mmH 11H	Flanger SW $0,1 = 0$ ff.On
00H 01H	mmH 11H	EQ SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Flanger: Rate 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Flanger: Depth 0100
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Flanger: Polarity 0.1 = Inverse,Synchro
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Flanger: Manual 0,,,100
00Н 06Н	mmH 11H	Flanger: Resonance 0,,,100
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Flanger: Cross Feedback Level 0,100
00H 08H	mmH 11H	Flanger: Effect Level -100,,,100
00Н 09Н	mmH 11H	Flanger: Direct Level -100,,,100
00H 0AH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
OOH OBH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Gain -12,12dB
00H 0CH	mmH 11H	EQ: Lcw EC Frequency 2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
OCH ODH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Q 3,.,100 = 0.3,.,10.0
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Gain -12,12dB
COH OFH	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200.,,8000Hz
00H 10H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 11H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Type C,1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 12H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Gain -12,,,12d3
00H 13H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency 14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
00H 14H	manut 11H	EQ: High EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 15H	mmH 11H	EQ: Cut Level 0,100
00H 16H	OOH COH	(Reserved)
00н 7ғн	оон сон	

♦Algorithm 16 Dual Compressor/Limiter

NRPN	Data Entry		
оон оон	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit A SW	0,1 = Off,On
00H 01H	men# 11#	Noise Suppressor A SW	0,1 = 0ff,0n
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit B SW	0,1 = 0ff,0n
оон оэн	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor B SW	0,1 = Off,On

00H 04H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit A: Detect 0,1,2 = A.B.Link
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit A: Level -60,,,12dB
00H 06H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit A: Thresh -60,,,0dB
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit A: Attack 0,,,100
оон овн	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit A: Release 0,100
сон оэн	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit A: Ratio 0,,,3 • 1.5:2,2:1,4:1,100:1
OOH CAH	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor A: Detect 0,1,2 = A,B,Link
00H 0BH	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor A: Threshold 0,,,100
00H 9CH	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor A: Release 0,,,190
OOH ODH	mm# 11#	Comp/Limit B: Detect 0,1,2 = A,B,Link
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit B: Level -60,,,12dB
COH OFH	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit B: Thresh -60,,,0dB
00H 10H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit B: Attack 0,,,100
00H 11H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit B: Release 0,,,100
00H 12H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit B: Ratio 0,.,3 = 1.5:1,2:1,4:1,100:1
00H 13H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor B: Detect 0.1,2 = A,B,Link
00H 14H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor B: Threshold 0,,,100
00H 15H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor B: Release 0,100
00H 16H	CCH OOH	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	00H 00H	

♦Algorithm 17 Gate Reverb (FX1 or FX3)

NRPN	Data Entry	***************************************
HOO HOO	mmH 11H	G.Reverb SW 0,1 = Off.On
OOH 01H	mmH 11H	EQ SW C.1 = Off.On
00H 02H	mm# 11#	G.Reverb: Gate Time
00H 03H	mmH 11H	G.Reverb: Pre Delay 0,,,300ms
DOH 04H	mmH 11H	G.Reverb: Effect Level -100,,,100
00H 05H	mmH 11H	G.Reverb: Mode 0,,,4 = Normal,L->R,R->L,Reversel,Reverse2
оон оен	mmH 11H	G.Reverb: Thickness 0,,,100
00H 07H	memH llH	G.Reverb: Density
сон овн	mmH 11H	G.Reverb: Accent Delay C.,,200ms
00H 09H	mmH 11H	G.Reverb: Accent Level 0,,,100
OOH OAH	mmH 11H	G.Reverb: Accent Pan 1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
оон овн	mmH 11H	G.Reverb: Direct Level -100,,,100
OOH OCH	mmH 11H.	EQ: Low EQ Type 6,1 = Shelving, Peaking
OOH ODH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
COH OEH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Frequency 2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
		

OOH OFH	mmaH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 10H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
00H 11H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
00H 12H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 13H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 14H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
00H 15H	mm# 11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
00H 16H	menH 11H	EC: High EC C	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 17H	mmH 11H	EC: Out Level	0,,,100
00H 18H	OOH OOH	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	1 оон оон		

♦Algorithm 18 Multi Tap Delay

NRPN	Data Entry		
00Н 00Н	mmH 11H	EQ SW	0,1 = Off,On
00H 01H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Time 1	0,,,1200ms
00H 02H	monH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Level 1	0,,,100
00H 03H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Pan 1	1,,,127 ± L63,,,R63
00H 04H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Time 2	0,,,1200ms
00H 05H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Level 2	0,,,100
DOH OEH	menH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Pan 2	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
00H 07H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Time 3	0,,,1200ms
00H 08H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Level 3	0,,,100
00H 09H	manH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Pan 3	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
OOH OAH	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Time 4	0,,,1200ms
00H 0BH	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Level 4	0,,,100
00H 0CH	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Pan 4	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
OOH ODH	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Time 5	0,,,1200ms
COH OEH	menH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Level 5	0,,,100
COH OFH	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Pan 5	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
00н 10н	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Time 6	0,,,1200ms
00H 11H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Level 6	0,,,100
00H 12H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Pan 6	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
00H 13H	mad 11H	M.Tap Delay: Time 7	0,,,1200ms
00H 14H	menH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Level 7	0,,,100
00H 15H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Pan 7	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
00H 16H	menH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Time 8	0,,,1200ms
00H 17H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Level 8	0,,,100
00H 18H	tanH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Pan 8	

ı	i	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
00H 19H	munH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Time 9 0,,,1200ms
00H 1AH	manH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Level 9
00H 1BH	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Pan 9 1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
00H 1CH	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Time 10 0,,,1200ms
COH 1DH	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Level 10
OOH LEH	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Pan 10 1.,,127 = L63,,,R63
OOH 1FH	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Feedback Delay Time 0,,,1200ms
00H 20H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Feedback Level
00H 21H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Effect Level -100,,,100
00H 22H	mmH 11H	M.Tap Delay: Direct Level -100,,,100
00H 23H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Type 0.1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 24H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Gain
00H 25H	memH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Frequency 2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
00H 26H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 27H	monH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Gain
00H 28H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
00H 29H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ 0 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
99H 2AH	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Type 0,1 - Shelving, Peaking
00H 2BH	om# 11#	EQ: High EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
90H 2CH	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency 14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
OCH 2DH	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
50H 2EH	mmH 11H	EQ: Out Level
OOH 2FH	00н 00н	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	00н сон	

♦Algorithm 19 Stereo Multi

NRPN	Data Entry		
оон оон	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor SW	0,1 × Off,On
00H 01H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit SW	0,1 = Off.On
00H C2H	mmH 11H	Enhancer SW	0,1 = Off,On
сон озн	mmH 11H	EQ SW	0,1 = Off,On
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor: Threshold	0,,,100
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor: Release	0,,,100
00H 06H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit: Level	-60,,,12dB
COH 07H	and 11H	Comp/Limit: Thresh	-600dB
00H 08H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit: Attack	0,,,100
00H 09H	mmH 11H	Comp/Limit: Release	0,,,100
OOH CAH	man# 11#	Comp/Limit: Ratio 0,.,3 = 1.5	:1,2:1,4:1,100:1

OOH OBH	mmH 11H	Enhancer: Sens	0,,,100
00H 0CH	mmH 11H	Enhancer: Frequency	10,,,100 = 1.0,,,10.0kH
00H 0EH	mmH 11H	Enhancer: MIX Level	0,,,10
OCH CEH	mmH 11H	Enhancer: Level	0,,,10
OOH OFH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 10H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Gain	-12,,,12d
00H 11H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Frequency	2,,,200 = 26,,,2000H:
00H 12H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Q	3,,,100 = 6.3,,,10.0
00H 13H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12di
00H 14H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	20,,,800 = 200,,,8000H
00H 15H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,20.0
00H 16H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 17H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EC Gain	-12,,,12d
00H 19H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kH
00H 19H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.
OOH LAH	mmH 11H	EQ: Out Level	0,,,10
00H 1BH	1 00H 00H	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	оон оон	1	

♦Algorithm 20 Reverb 2

NRPN	Data Entry	
оон осн	mmH 11H	Reverb SW C,1 = Off,O
00H 01H	mmH llH	EQ SW 0,1 = Off.O
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: Reverb Type 0,,,4 = Room1,Room2,Hall1,Hall2,Plat
00Н 03Н	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: Reverb Time 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0se
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: Pre Delay 0,,,200mse
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: Density 0,,,10
00H 06H	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: High Pass Filter 1,,,200 = Thru,20,,,2000H
00H 07H	mmoH 11H	Reverb 2: Low Pass Filter 10,,,201 = 1.0,,,20,0kHz,Thr
00H 08H	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: Effect Level 0,,,10
00н сэн	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: Direct Level 0,,,10
HAD HOO	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: Gate SW 0,1 = Off,0
оон овн	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: Gate Mode 0,1 = Gate, Duckin
эон осн	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: Gate Threshold 0,,,10
OOH ODH	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: Gate Attack Time
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	Reverb 2: Gate Release Time
OOH OFH	man# 11E	Reverb 2: Gate Hold Time
00H 10H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peakin

00H 11H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Gain	1
			-12,,,12dB
00H 12H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Frequency	2,,,200 * 20,,,2000Hz
00H 13H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 14H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Gain	-12.,,12dB
00H 15H	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	20,,,900 = 200,,,9000Hz
00H 16H	max 11X	EQ: Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 17H	mmH 11H	EQ: Hìgh EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 18H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
00H 19H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency	14,,,200 ± 1.4,,,20.0kHz
OCH 1AH	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 1BH	mmH 11H	EQ: Out Level	0,,,100
00H 1CH	00H 00H	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	оон оон !		

♦Algorithm 21 Space Chorus

NRPN	Data Entry		
OGH OOH	mmH 11H	Chorus SW	0,1 = Off.On
00H 01H	mmH 11H	Chorus: Input Mode	0,1 = Mono,Sterec
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Chorus: Mode	0.,,6 = 1,2,3,4,1+4,2+4,3+4
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Chorus: Mix Balance	0,100
00H 04H	COH OOH	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	оон оон	ł	

♦Algorithm 22 Lo-Fi Processor

NRPN	Data Entry	
00H 00H	mmH 11H	Lo-Fi Processor SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 01H	menH 11H	Realtime Modify Filter SW 0,1 = Off,On
00н 02н	mmH 11H	Lo-Fi Processor: Pre Filter SW 0.1 = Off,On
00Н 03Н	mmH 11H	Lo-Fi Processor: Rate 0,,,31 = 0ff,1/2,,,1/32
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Lo-Fi Processor: Number of Bit G,,,15 = Off,15,,,1bit
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Lo-Fi Processor: Post Filter SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 06H	mmH 11H	Lo-Fi Processor: Effect Level 0,,,100
00H 07H	mmaH 11H	Lo-Fi Processor: Direct Level 0,,,100
OOH OBH	mmH 11H	Realtime Modify Filter: Filter Type 0,,,2 = LPF,BPF,HPF
00H 09H	mmH 11H	Realtime Modify Filter: Cut Off 0,,,100
OCH OAH	mmH 11H	Realtime Modify Filter: Resonance 0,,,100
оон овн	mmH 11H	Realtime Modify Filter: Gain C.,,24dB
00H 0CH	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor: Threshold 0,,,100
OOH ODH	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor: Release

-		1		I	0,,,100
	OOH OEH	Ī	00H 00H	(Reserved)	Į.
1	00H 7FH	1	сон оон		l l

♦Algorithm 23 4 Band Parametric EQ

NRPN	Data Entry	
00H 00H	mmH 11H	Parametric EQ Link SW
		0.1 = Off,On
00H C1H	mmH 11H	Parametric EQ Ach SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Parametric EC Bch SW 0.1 = Off,On
00H 03H	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: Input Gain -60,,,12dB
00H 04H	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: Low EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 05H	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: Low EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
00H 06H	manH 11H	EQ Ach: Low EQ Frequency 2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
00H 07H	mmH 11H	EC Ach: Low EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 08H	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: Low Mid EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
00H 09H	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: Low Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
OOH DAH	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: Low Mid EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 0BH	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: High Mid EQ Gain -12,,12dB
OOH OCH	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: High Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
OOH ODH	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: High Mid EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: High EQ Type 0,1 - Shelving, Peaking
OOH OFH	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: High EQ Gain -12,,12dB
00H 10H	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: High EQ Frequency 14,200 = 1.4,20.0kHz
00H 11H	menH 11H	EQ Ach: High EQ Q 3,.,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 12H	mmH 11H	EC Ach: Output Level -60,,,12dB
00H 13H	month 11H	EC Boh: Input Gain -60,,,12dB
00H 14H	mm# 11H	EC Bch: Low EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 15H	mmH 11H	EC Ech: Low EC Gain -12,,,12db
00H 15H	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: Low EQ Prequency 2,.,200 = 20,.,2000Hz
00H 17H	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: Low EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,.,10.0
00H 18H	mmH 11H	EQ Ech: Low Mid EQ Gain -12,,,12dE
00H 19H	mmH 11H	EC Ech: Low Mid EQ Frequency 20,800 = 200,8000Hz
OOH LAH	mmH 11H	EQ Ech: Low Mid EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
COH 1BH	mmH 11H	EQ Ech: High Mid EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
00H 1CH	mmH 11H	EQ Ech: High Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
COH 1DH	mmH 11H	EQ Ech: High Mid EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
COH 1EH	mmH 11H	EQ Ech: High EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 1FH	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: High EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
00H 20H	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: High EQ Frequency 14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz

00H 21H	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: High EO O	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 22H	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: Output Level	-60,,,12dB
00H 23H	: оон сон	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	оон оон		

^{*} When Link SW = On, Bch corresponds to Ach.

♦Algorithm 24 10 Band Graphic EQ

NRPN	Data Entry		****
00H 00H	mmH 11H	Graphic EQ Link SW	0,1 = Off,On
00H 01H	mmH 11H	Graphic EQ Ach SW	0,1 = Off.On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Graphic EQ Boh SW	0,1 = Off,On
00H 03H	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: Input Gain	-60,,,12dB
00H 04H	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: 31.25Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
00H 05H	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: 62.5Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
0CH 06H	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: 125Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
OCH 07H	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: 250Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
COH OSH	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: 500Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
оон оэн	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: 1.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dB
COH OAH	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: 2.0kHz Gain	-12,12dB
00H 0BH	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: 4.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dB
COH OCH	nomH 11H	EQ Ach: 8.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dB
COH ODH	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: 16.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dB
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	EQ Ach: Output Level	-60,,,12dE
OOH OFH	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: Input Gain	-60,,,12dE
00H 10H	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: 31.25Hz Gain	-12,,,12dE
00H 11H	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: 62.5Hz Gain	-12,,,12dE
00H 12H	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: 125Hz Gain	-12,,,12dE
00H 13H	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: 250Hz Gain	-12,,,12dE
00H 14H	mm# 11#	EQ Bch: 500Hz Gain	-12,,,12đE
00H 15H	mm# 11H	EQ Bch: 1.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dE
00H 16H	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: 2.0kHr Gain	-12,,,12di
00H 17H	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: 4.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dE
00H 18H	mandH 11H	EQ Bch: 8.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12 d 8
00H 19H	manH 11H	EQ Bch: 16.0kHz Gain	-12.,,12di
OOH 1AH	mmH 11H	EQ Bch: Output Level	-60,,,12d
00H 1BH	00н оон	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	00H 00H	l	

^{*} When Link SW = On, Bch corresponds to Ach.

♦Algorithm 25 Hum Canceler

NRPN	Data Entry	
OOR GOH	mmH 11H	Hum Canceler SW 0,1 = Off,On
00R 01H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Hum Canceler: Freq 200,,,8000 = 20.0,,,800.0Hz
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Hum Canceler: Width 10,,,40%
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Hum Canceler: Depth 0,,,100
00н 05н	mmH 11H	Hum Canceler: Threshold 0,,,100
00Н 06Н	mmH 11H	Hum Canceler: Range Low 1,,,200 = Unlimit,20,,,2006Hz
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Hum Canceler: Range High 10,,,201 = 1.0,,,20,0kHz,Unlimit
00H 08H	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor: Threshold
оон оэн	mmH 11H	Noise Suppressor: Release 0,.,100
OOH OAH	1 00н оон	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	HOO HOO	1

♦Algorithm 26 Vocal Canceler

NRPN	Data Entry	
00H 0CH	mmH 11H	Vocal Canceler SW 0,1 = Off,On
90H 01H	mmH 11H	EQ SW C,1 = Cff,Cn
00Н 02Н	mmH 11H	Vocal Canceler: Balance 0,,,100
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Vocal Canceler: Range Low 1,,,200 = Unlimit,20,,,2000Hz
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Vocal Canceler: Range High 10,,,201 = 1.0,,,20,0kHz,Unlimit
00H 05H	men# 11H	EQ: Low EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 06H	munH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
00H 07H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Frequency 2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
00н 08н	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00Н 09Н	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
нао нос	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
оон овн	mmH 11H	EQ: Mid EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
OOH OCH	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
OOH ODH	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency 14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
оон оғн	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
00H 10H	mmH 11H	EQ: Out Level 0,,,100
00H 11H	1 оон оон	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	1 оон оон	I

♦Algorithm 27 Voice Transformer (FX1 or FX3)

NRPN	Data Entry	
OOH CCH	mmH 11H	Voice Transformer SW
		0,1 = Off,On
00H C1H	mmH 11H	Reverb SW 0,1 = Off.On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Fader Edit SW 0,1 = Off.On
оон озн	mmH 11H	MIDI Control SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Voice Transformer: Robot SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 05H	men# 11#	Voice Transformer: Chromatic Pitch -12,,,36
00H 06H	mmH 11H	Voice Transformer: Fine Pitch -100,,,100
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Voice Transformer: Chromatic Formant
00H 08H	mmH 11H	Voice Transformer: Fine Formant -100,,,100
оон сэн	mmH 11H	Voice Transformer: Mix Balance C,,,100
HAC HOO	mumiH 11H	Reverb: Reverb Time
оон овн	mon# 11#	Reverb: Fre Delay 0,,,200msec
оон осн	namiH 11H	Reverb: Density 0,,,100
HCO HOO	mmH 11H	Reverb: Effect Level 0,,,100
OOH OEH	mmH 11H	MIDI Control: Bend Range 0,,,12 = 0ff,1,,,12
OOH OFH	mmH 11H	MIDI Control: Portamento 0100 = Off,1,,,100
00H 10H	: 00H 00H	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	осн осн	

♦Algorithm 28 Vocoder 2 (FX1 or FX3)

NRPN	Data Entry	
оон оон	mmH 11H	Chorus SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 01H	namH 11H	Vocoder: Envelope Mode 0,,,2 = Sharp,Soft,Long
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Pan Mode 0,,,3 = Mono,Stereo,L->R,R->L
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Hold 0,1 = Off,MIDI
00H 94H	menH 11H	Vocoder: Mic Sens
00H 05H	namH 11H	Vocoder: Synth Input Level 0,,,100
00H 06H	oon#11#	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 1
00H 07H	mm# 11#	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 2
00H 08H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 3
00H 09H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 4
OOH OAH	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 5
OOH OBH	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 6
OOH OCH	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 7
OOH ODH	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 8
OOH OEH	non'H lih	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 9
оон оғи	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 10 0,,,100

00H 10H	l mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 11
		0.,,100
00H 11H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 12
2011 1211		
50H 12H	mm# 11#	Voccder: Voice Char Level 13
99H 13H	mmH 11H	Voccder: Voice Char Level 14 C100
90H 14H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 15
00H 15H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 16
00H 16H	nmH 11H	Voccder: Voice Char Level 17
00H 17H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 18 0,,,100
00H 18H	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Voice Char Level 19
00H 19H	mmo# 11H	Vocoder: Mic High Pass Filter 9,,,200 = Thru,1.0,,,20.0kHz
09H 1AH	men# 11#	Vocoder: Mic High Pass Filter Pan 1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
00H 1BH	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Mic Mix 0,,,100
00H 1CH	mmH 11H	Vocoder: Noise Suppressor Threshold 0,,,100
COH 1DH	and llh	Chorus: Rate 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
00H 1EH	mmH 11H	Chorus: Depth e,,,1cc
OOH 1FH	mmH 11H	Chorus: Pre Delay 0,,,50ms
00H 20H	mmH 11H	Chorus: Mix Balance 0,,,100
00H 21H	00H 00H	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	осн осн	

♦Algorithm 29 Mic Simulator

NRPN	Data Entry	
COH OOH	mmH 11H	Link SW
	<u> </u>	0,1 = Off,On
00H 01H	mmH 11H	Mic Converter Ach SW 9,1 = Gff,On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Bass Cut Ach SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Distance Ach SW 0,1 = Off.On
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Limiter Ach SW 0,1 = Off.On
00Н 05Н	mmH 11H	Mic Converter Bch SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 06H	mmH 11H	Bass Cut Bch SW 0.1 = Off.On
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Distance Bch SW 0,1 = Off,On
сон овн	manH 11H	Limiter Ech SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 09H	menH 11H	Mic Converter Ach: Input 0,,,4 = DR-20,SmlDy,HedDy,MinCn,Flat
COH OAH	mmH 11H	Mic Converter Ach: Output 0,,,6 = SmlDy, VocDy, LrgDy, SmlCn, LrgCn, VntCn, Flat
COH OBH	mmH 11H	Mic Converter Ach: Phase 0,1 = Normal,Inverse
00H 0CH	mmH 11H	Bass Cut Ach: Bass Cut Frequency 1.,,200 = Thru,20,,,2000Hz
OOH ODH	mmH 11H	Distance Ach: Proximity Effect
00H OEH	mmH 11H	Distance Ach: Timelag 0,,,1000 = 0,,,3000cm
COH OFH	mmH 11H	Limiter Ach: Detect HPF Frequency 1,,,200 = Thru,20,,,2009Hz
00H 10H	mmH 11H	Limiter Ach: Level

-60,,,24di		
OH 11H mmH 11H Limiter Ach: Threshold -60,,,0di	llH mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 12H mmH 11H Limiter Ach: Attack 0,,,10	12H mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 13H mmH 11H Limiter Ach: Release 0,,,10	13H mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 14H monH 11H Mic Converter Bch: Input 0,,,4 = DR-20,SmlDy,HedDy,MinCn,Flat	14H mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 15H mmH 11H Mic Converter Bch: Output 06 = SmlDy, VocDy, LrgDy, SmlCn, LrgCn, VntCn, Flat	15H mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 16H mmH 11H Mic Converter Bch: Phase 0,1 = Normal, Inverse	16H mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 17H mmH 11H Bass Cut Bch: Bass Cut Frequency 1,,,200 = Thru,20,,,2000H.	17H mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 18H mmH 11H Distance Bch: Proximity Effect -12,,,+1	18H mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 19H mmH 11H Distance Bch: Timelag 0,,,1000 = 0,,,3000cm	19H mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 1AH mmH 11H Limiter Bch: Detect HPF Frequency 1,,,200 = Thru,20,,,2009H	LAH mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 1BH wmH 11H Limiter Sch: Level -60,,,24d	1BH mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 1CH mmH 11H Limiter BCh: Threshold -60,,,0d	ICH mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 1DH mmdH 11H Limiter Bch: Attack 0,,,10	1DH mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 1EH mmH 11H Limiter BCh: Release 0,,,10	IEH mmH 11H	00H 1
OH 1FH 00H 00H (Reserved)	1FH 00H 00H	00H 1
OH 7FH GOH COH	7FH 00H 00H	COH 7

- * When Mic Converter Input * MinCn, Output is fixed to SmlDy or LrgCn.
- * When Link SW = On, Bch corresponds to Ach.

♦Algorithm 30 3 Band Isolator

NRPN	Data		
	Entry		
00Н 00Н	mmH 11H	Isolator SW	0,1 = Off,Or
00H 01H	mm# 11%	Isolator High Volume	-60,,,+4dE
00H C2H	mm# 11#	Isolator Middle Volume	-60,,,+4dE
00Н 03Н	mmH 11H	Isolator Low Volume	-60,,,+4dE
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Isolator Anti Phase Middle Switch	0,1 = Off,Or
оон оэн	mon# 11H	Isolator Anti Phase Middle Level	0100
00H 06H	mmeH 11H	Isolator Anti Phase Low Switch	0,1 = Off,Or
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Isolator Anti Phase Low Level	0,,,100
оон овн :	1 оон оон	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	00H 00H	1	

♦Algorithm 31 Tape Echo 201

NRPN	Data Entry		
ODH OOH	mmH 11H	Tape Echo SW	0,1 - Off,On
00H 01H	mmH 11H	Tape Echo Mode Select	0,,,6 = 1,,,7
00H 02H	mm# 11H	Tape Echo Repeat Rate	0,,,100
оон озн	mmH 11H	Tape Echo Intensity	0,,,100
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Tape Echo Effect Level	

		h .	
	1		0,,,100
00H 05H	manH 11H	Tape Echo Direct Level	0,,,100
00H 06H	mmH 11H	Tape Echo Tone Base	-100,,,100
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Tape Echo Tone Treble	-100,,,160
00H 08H	mmH 11H	Tape Echo Tape Head S Pan	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
00н 09н	mmH 11H	Tape Echo Tape Head M Pan	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
OOH OAH	mm# 11H	Tape Echo Tape Head L Pan	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
90H 0BH	mmH 11H	Tape Echo Tape Distortion	0,,,100
OOH OCH	mmH 11H	Tape Echo Wah Flutter Rate	0,,,100
оон орн	neuH 11H	Tape Echo Wah Flutter Depth	0,,,100
OOH OEH	CH OOH	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	00H 00H	1	

♦Algorithm 32 Analog Flanger

NRPN	Data Entry	
оон оон	mmH 11H	Analog Flanger SW 0,1 = Off.Or
00H 01H	mmH 11H	Analog Flanger Mode 0.,,3 = FL1.FL2,FL3,CH0
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Analog Flanger Feedback 0,,,100
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Analog Flanger Modulation Rate 0190
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Analog flanger Modulation Depth 0,,,100
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Analog Flanger Modulation Frequency 0100
00H 06H	mmH 11H	Analog Flanger Channel B Modulation 0,1 = Nor.Inc
00Н 07Н	mmH 11H	Analog Flanger Channel A Phase 0,1 = Nor,Im
00H 08H	mmH 11H	Analog Flanger Channel B Phase 0,1 = Nor,In
оон оэн	100 ноо н	(Reserved)
00H 7FH	1 оон оон	İ

♦Algorithm 33 Analog Phaser

NRPN	Data Entry	
сон сон	mmH 11H	Analog Phaser SW 9,1 = Off,On
00H 01H	πεπ.Η 11H	Analog Phaser Mode 0,1 = 4STAGE.8STAGE
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Analog Phaser Frequency 0,,,100
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Analog Phaser Resonance 0,,,100
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Analog Phaser LFO 1 Rate 0,,,100
00H 05H	manH 11H	Analog Phaser LFO 1 Depth 0,,,100
оон оен	monH 11H	Analog Phaser LFO 1 Channel 5 Mod 0,1 = Nor, Inv
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Analog Phaser LFO 2 Rate 0,,,100
OOH 08H	mmH 11H	Analog Phaser LFO 2 Depth 0,.,,100
00Н 09Н	mmH 11H	Analog Phaser LFO 2 Channel B Mod 0,1 = Nor,Inv

00H	CAH		00H	оон	1	(Reserved)	-
00Н	7FH	1	00H	908	1		ł

♦ Algorithm 34 Speaker Modeling

NRPN	Data	
E 6 8 8 2 2	Entry	
OOH OCH	mmH 11H	Speaker Modeling SW 0.1 = Off,On
00H 01H	mmH 11H	Bass Cut SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 02H	mmH 11H	Low Frequency Trimmer SW 0,1 = Off.On
00Н 0ЭН	rom# 11#	High Frequency Trimmer SW 0,1 = Off.On
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Limiter SW 0,1 = Off,Cn
00H 05H	mmH 11H	(Reserved)
00H 06H	amH 11H	Speaker Modeling Model 0,,,11 = THRU, Super Flat, Powered GenBlk, Powered E-Bas, Powered Mack, Small Cube, White Cone, White C +tiesue, Small Radio, Small TV, Boom Box, BoomBox LoBoost
00H 07H	mmH 11H	Speaker Modeling Phase 0.1 = NRM, INV
нео ноо	mmH 11H	Bass Cut Frequency 1,,,200 = Thru,20,,.2000Hz
00Н 09Н	mmH 11H	Low Frequency Trimmer Gain -12,,,,12dB
COH OAH	mmH 11H	Low Frequency Trimmer Frequency 2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
OOH OBH	mmH 11H	High Frequency Trimmer Gain -12,,,12dB
OOH OCH	mmH 11H	High Frequency Trimmer Frequency 10,,,200 = 1.0,,,20.0kHz
OOH CDH	mmH 11H	Limiter Threshold -60,,,0dE
OOH CEH	mmH 11H	Limiter Release 0,,,100
00H OFH	mmH 11H	Limiter Level -60,,,24dB
00H 10H	00H 00H	(Reserved)
: COH 7FH	00H 00H	1

♦Algorithm 35 Mastering Tool Kit

NRPN	Data Entry	
HOC HOO	mmH 11H	
00H 01H	mmH 11H	Bass Cut SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 02H	nome 11H	Enhancer SW 0,1 = Off.On
00H 03H	mmH 11H	Expander SW 0.1 - Off,On
00H 04H	mmH 11H	Compressor SW 0,1 = Off,On
00H 05H	mmH 11H	Limiter SW 0,1 = Off,On
00Н 06Н	mmH 11H	EQ: Input Gain -24,,,12dB
00H 07H	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 08H	mmH 11H	EC: Low EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
00н 09н	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Frequency 242 = 20,.,2000Hz:*1 Frequency Table)
HAO HGO	mmH 11H	EQ: Low EQ Q 0,,,31 = 0.3,,,16.0(*2 Q Table)

OOH OBH	mmH 11H	-12,,,12dB
OOH OCH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low Mid EQ Frequency 2,,,54 * 20,,,8000Hz(*1 Frequency Table)
DOH ODH	mmH 11H	EQ: Low Mid EQ Q 0,,,31 = 0.3,,,16.0(-2 Q Table)
DOH OEH	mmH 11H	EQ: High Mid EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
DON OFH	mmH 11H	EQ: High Mid EQ Frequency 2,,,54 = 20,,,8000Hz(*1 Frequency Table)
00H 10H	mmH 11H	EQ: High Mid EQ Q 0,,,31 = 0.3,,,16.0(*2 Q Table)
00H 11H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
00H 12H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
99H 13H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Frequency 39,,,62 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz(*1 Frequency Table)
00H 14H	mmH 11H	EQ: High EQ Q
00H 15H	mmH 11H	EQ: Level -24,,,12dE
00H 16H	mmH 11H	Bass Cut Frequency 1,,.42 = Off,20,,,2000Hz(*1 Frequency Table)
00H 17H	mmH 11H	Enhancer Sens
00H 18H	mm# 11#	Enhancer Frequency 36,,,56 = 1.0,,,10.0kHz(*1 Frequency Table)
00H 19H	mmH 11H	Enhancer Mix Level -24,,,12dB
OCH LAH	mm# 11#	Input Gain -24,,,12dB
00H 1BH	umH 11H	Input Detect Time 0,10ms
00H 1CH	mmH 11H	Input Low Split Point 2,,,34 = 20,,,800Hz(*1 Frequency Table)
00H 1DH	mmH 11H	Input High Split Point 40,,,60 = 1.6,,,16.0kHz(*1 Frequency Table)
00H 1EH	mmH 11H	Expander Low Threshold 0,,,80 = -80,,,0dB
OOH 1FH	mmH 11H	Expander Mid Threshold 0,,,80 = -80,,,0dB
00H 20H	mmeH 11H	Expander High Threshold 0,,,80 = -80,,,0dP
00H 21H	mmH 11H	Expander Low Ratio 0,,,13 = 1:1.0,,,,1:INF(*3 Ratio Table)
00H 22H	mmH 11H	Expander Mid Ratic 0,,,13 = 1:1.0,,,1:INF(*3 Ratic Table)
00H 23H	mm# 11H	Expander High Ratio 0,,,13 = 1:1.0,,,1:INF(*3 Ratio Table)
00H 24H	num# 11#	Expander Low Attack 0,,,100ms
00H 25H	mm# 11#	Expander Mid Attack 0,,,100ms
00H 26H	wen# 11#	Expander High Attack 0,,,100ms
00H 27H	mmH 11H	Expander Low Release 0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
00H 28H	man# 11#	Expander Mid Release 0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
00H 29H	mmH 11H	Expander High Release 0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
00H 2AH	mmH 11H	Compressor Low Threshold -24,,,,0dB
00H 2BH	mmH 11H	Compressor Mid Threshold -24,,,,0dB
00H 2CH	mmH 11H	Compressor High Threshold -24,,,0dB
OOH 2DH	mmH 11H	Compressor Low Ratio 6,,,13 = 1:1.0,,,1:INF(*3 Ratio Table)
OOH 2EH	mmH 11H	Compressor Mid Ratio C,,,13 = 1:1.0,,,1:INF(*3 Ratio Table)
OOH 2FH	mmH 11H	Compressor High Ratio C.,.13 = 1:1.0,,,1:INF(*3 Ratio Table)
00H 30H	mmH 11H	Compressor Low Attack 0,,,180ms
00H 31H	mmH 11H	Compressor Mid Attack

	I	1	0,,,100ms
00H 32H	mmH ilH	Compressor High Attack	0,,,100ms
00H 33H	mmH 11H	Compressor Low Release	0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
00H 34H	mmH 11H	Compressor Mid Release	0.,,100 = 50.,,5000ms
00H 35H	mmH 11H	Compressor High Release	0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
оон зен	mmH 11H	Mixer Low Level	0,,,86 = -80,,,6dB
00H 37H	mmH 11H	Mixer Mid Level	0,,,86 = -80,,,6dB
00H 38H	mmH 11H	Mixer High Level	0,,,86 = ~80,,,6dB
00H 39H	mmH 11H	Limiter Threshold	-24,,,0dB
00H 3AH	mmH 11H	Limiter Attack	0,,,100ms
00H 3BH	mmH 11H	Limiter Release	0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
00H 3CH	mmH 11H	Output Level	0,,,86 = -80,,,6dB
осн зрн	mmH 11H	Output Soft Clip	0,1 = Off,On
00H 3EH	mmH 11H	Output Dither	0,,,17 = Off,24,,,8Bit
00H 3FH	00н оон	(Reserved)	
00H 7FH	00H 00H	1	

1 Frequency Table

Data	Freq(Hz)	Data	Freq(Hz)	Data	Freq(Hz)	Date	Freq(Hz)
0	THRU	16	100	32	630	48	4.00k
1	THRU	17	112	33	710	-49	4.50%
2	20.0	18	125	34	800	50	5.00k
3	22.4	19	140	35	900	51	5.60k
4	25.0	20	160	36	1.00k	52	6.30k
Š	28.0	21	180	37	1.12k	53	7.10k
6	31.5	22	200	38	1.25k	54	8.00k
7	35.5	23	224	39	1.40k	55	9.00k
8	40.0	24	250	40	1.60k	56	10.0k
ē	45.0	25	280	41	1.80k	57	11.2k
10	50.0	26	315	42	2.00k	59	12.5k
11	56.0	27	355	43	2.24k	59	14.0k
12	63.0	28	400	44	2.50k	50	16.0k
13	71.0	29	450	45	2.80k	61	18.0k
14	80.0	30	500	46	3.15k	62	20.0k
15	90.0	31	560	47	3.55k	63	22.4k

· 2 Q Table

Data	<u> </u>	Data	Q
0	0.3	16	2.8
1	0.4	17	3.1
1 2 3	0.5	18	3.5
3	0.6	19	4.0
4 5	0.7	20	4.5
5	0.8	21	5.0
- 6	0.9	22	5.6
7	1.0	23	6.3
8	1.1	24	7.1
9	1.2	25	6.0
10	1.4	26	9.0
11	1.6	27	10.0
12	1.8	28	11.2
13	2.0	29	12.5
14	2.2	30	14.0
15	2.5	31	16.0

' 3 Ratio Table

i	Data	RATIO	
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	1:1.0 1:1.1 1:1.2 1:1.4 1:1.6 1:1.8 1:2.0 1:2.5 1:3.1 1:4.0 1:5.6 1:8.0 1:16 1:INF	(OFF

Program Change

Works as program change for the effects when MIDI channel number is set to 0H, 1H, 2H or

Works as scene switch when channel number is set to FH.

VS-1880 never transmits this message.

Status Second CnH ppH

n = MIDI Channel No.: 0H - 3H (ch.1 = FX1, ch.2 = FX2, ch.3 = FX3 ch.4 = FX4)

FH (ch.16 = Scene Memory (*1))

pp = Program No.: 00H - 63H (0 - 99), n = 0H, 1H pp = Program No.: 00H - 07H (0 - 7), n = EH

(*1) If received while VS-1880 is playing, playback stops, and then restarts after the scene switched. Never receives while recording.

●Pitch Bend Range

mm,ll = value:

Receives when effect algorithm 27(Voice Transformer) is selected and MIDI Control SW is

Status Second Third EnH IIH mmH

n = MIDI Channel No.: 0H - 1H (ch.1-ch.2)

n=0.2 (ch.1,3): Voice Transformer : Chromatic Pitch n=1.3 (ch.2,4): Voice Transformer : Chromatic Formant 00H,00H - 40H,00H - 7FH,7FH (-8192 \sim 0 \sim +8191)

■System Common Messages

MIDI Time Code Quarter Frame Messages

MIDI Time Code Quarter Frame Messages can be transmitted while the VS-1880 is running (Playing or Recording) if the SYSTEM parameter "Sync Source" is "INT" and "Sync Gen." is "MTC" in the SYSTEM parameter. The transmitted time counts are summed to "SMPTE(MTC) Offset Time" as the song top is "00:00:00:00:00."

The VS-1880 synchronizes with the time counts which are summed to "SMPTE (MTC) Offset Time" as the song top is "00:00:00:00" if the SYSTEM parameter "Sync Source" is "EXT."

Status Second

F1H mmH (= 0nnndddd)

nnn = Message type: 0 = Frame count LS nibble

1 = Frame count MS nibble
2 = Seconds count LS nibble
3 = Seconds count MS nibble
4 = Minutes count LS nibble
5 = Minutes count MS nibble

6 = Hours count LS nibble 7 = Hours count MS nibble

dddd = 4 bit nibble data:0H - FH (0 - 15)

If the upper and lower 4 bits of the count are combined, these bit fields are assigned as follows.

Frame Count xxxyyyyy

xxx Reserved (000) yyyyy Frame No. (0-29)

Seconds Count xxyyyyyy

xx Reserved (00) yyyyyy Seconds Count (0-59)

Minutes Count xxvvvvvv

xxyyyyyy xx Reserved (00) yyyyyy Minutes Count (0-59)

Hours Count xyyzzzzz

x Reserved (0)
yy Time Code type
0 = 24 Frames / Sec
1 = 25 Frames / Sec

2 = 30 Frames / Sec (Drop Frame)

3 = 30 Frames / Sec (Non Drop Frame zzzzz Hours

Song Position Pointer

The current position is transmitted with the Song Position Pointer Message before the VS-1880 starts to run or after the locate operation, when "Sync Source" is "INT" and "Sync Gen." is "MIDIclk" or "SyncTr."

Status Second Third F2H mmH nnH

mm,nn = Song Position Point: 00H 00H - 7FH 7FH

■System Realtime Message

Transmitted when "Sync Source" is "INT" and "Sync Gen." is "MIDIcIk" or "SyncTr."

Timing Clock

Status

ESH

●Start

Status FAH

●Continue

Status ERH

Stop

Status FCH

■System Exclusive Message

Status	Data Bytes Status	
FOH	iiH,ddH,, eeH F7H	
Byte	Description	
F0H	Status of System Exclusive Message	
iiH	Manufacturer ID	
	41H Roland"s Manufacturer ID	
	7EH Universal Non Realtime Messa	ge
	7FH Universal Realtime Message	
ddH	Data: 00H - 7FH (0-127)	
:	:	
eeH	Data	
F7H	EOX (End of System Exclusive Mess	age)

The VS-1880 can transfer and receive the internal parameters information using system exclusive messages, and also can be controlled by the external devices using system exclusive messages.

The VS-1880 can transmit and receive Universal System Exclusive messages, Data Request(RQ1) and Data set(DS1) as the System Exclusive message.

OAbout Model ID

The Model ID of the VS-1880 is 00H,2AH as for Data Request (RQ1) and Data set(DT1). The VS-1880 also can transfer and receive 00H,0EH to be compatible with the VS-1680. The model ID of Data Request (RQ1) and Data set (DT1) is according to the value of SYSTEM parameter "MIDI Model ID."

OAbout Device ID

System Exclusive messages are not assigned to any particular MIDI channel. Instead, they have their own special control parameter called device ID.

The Roland system exclusive messages use device IDs to specify multiple VS-1880 units.

The VS-1880 sends system exclusive messages using 00H - 1FH, and receives the system exclusive messages whose device ID is same as its device ID and 7FH.

The value of the device ID is the value set on the SYSTEM parameter "Device ID" minus one.

●Universal System Exclusive Message

DINGUIRY MESSAGE

♦Identity Request

5	tatus	Data Byte	Status
F	0Н	7EH,Dev,06H,01H	F7H
B	<u>vie</u>	Description	
F	0H	Status of System Exc	lusive Message
7	EH	Universal System Ex	clusive Message Non Realtime Header
D	Dev:	Device ID (or 7FH)	
0	6H	General Information	(sub ID #1)
0	IH.	Identify Request (suf) ID #2)
F	7H	EOX (End of System	

The message is used to request the particular information of the VS-1880.

The VS-1880 does not transmit the message.

If the VS-1880 received the message and the device ID of the message is same as its device ID or 7FH, the VS-1880 transmits the following Identity Reply message.

&Identity Reply

Status FOH	Data Bytes Status 7EH,Dev,06H,02H,41H,7CH, F7H 00H,00H,00H,00H,00H,ssH,ssH F7H
Byte FOH 7EH Dev 06H 02H 41H mmH mmH 00H 00H	Description Status of System Exclusive Message Universal System Exclusive Message Non Realtime Header Device ID General Information (sub ID #1) Identify Request (sub ID #2) Manufacturer ID (Roland) Device Family Code (VS-1880/VS-1680) Device Family No.
00H ssH ssH F7H	Software Revision Level EOX (End of System Exclusive Message)

The value of the device family code is according to the value of SYSTEM parameter "MIDI Model ID."

Status

If "MIDI Model ID" is "VS-1880," The value of the device family code is 2AH,01H. If "MIDI Model ID" is "VS-1680," The value of the device family code is 0EH,01H.

♦MIDI Machine Control Commands

Status

Data Bytes

1.11.1.1		
FOH	7FH,Dev,06H,aaH,, bbH	F7H
Byte	Description	
FOH	Status of System Exclusive Messag	e
7FH	Universal System Exclusive Messa	ge Realtime Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
06H	MMC Command Message	
aaH	Command	
:	;	
ььн	Command	
F7H	EOX (End of System Exclusive Me	ssage)

(*) see "3. MIDI Machine Control" section

♦MIDI Machine Control Responses

Status FOH	<u>Data Bytes</u> 7FH,Dev,07H,aaH,, bbH	Status F7H
Byte	Description	
FOH	Status of System Exclusive Messag	ge
7FH	Universal System Exclusive Messa	ee Realtime Header

Dev	Device ID
07H	MMC Response Message
aaH	Response
:	:
ььн	Response
E7H	EOX (End of System Exclusive Message)

(*) see "3. MIDI Machine Control" section

●Data Transfer (RQ1, DT1)

⊃Data Request (RQ1)

<u>Status</u>	Data Bytes	Status
F0H	41H,Dev,00H,0EH,11H,	F7H
	aaH,bbH,ccH,ssH,ssH,ssH,Sum	
	,	
Byte .	<u>Description</u>	
FOH	Status of System Exclusive Message	
41H	Manufacturer ID (Roland)	
Dev	Device ID	
mmH mmH	Model ID (VS-1880/ VS-1680)	
11 H	Command ID (RQ1)	
aaH	Address MSB	
ььн	Address	
ccl-l	Address LSB	
ssH	Size MSB	
ssH	Size	
ssH	Size LSB	
Sum	Check Sum	
F7H	EOX (End of System Exclusive Message)

The message is used to request data to the VS-1880.

The VS-1880 does not transmit this message.

The VS-1880 transmits the requested data using Data Set(DT1) under following condition when it received the message.

- The requested address correspond to the specified parameter base address of the VS-1880.
- 2. The requested size is over 1 byte.

⊙Data Set (DT1)

Status	Data Bytes	Statu
FOH	41H,Dev,00H,0EH,12H,	F7H
	aaH,bbH,ccH,ddH,, eeH,Sum	
Byle	Description	
FOH	Status of System Exclusive Message	
41H	Manufacturer ID (Roland)	
Dev	Device ID	
mmH mmH	Model ID (VS-1880/ VS-1680)	
12H	Command ID (DT1)	
aaH	Address MSB	
bbH	Address	
ccH	Address LSB	
ddH	Data	
:	:	
eeH	Data	
Sum	Check Sum	
F7H	EOX (End of System Exclusive Message	•)

♦The message is received under the following condition.

If the device ID on the message is same as that of the receive device, and the address on the message correspond to the specified parameter base address, the received data are stored from the specified parameter base address.

If the interval of received messages is shorter than 25 msec, the VS-1880 can not work the receive message procedure correctly.

♦The message is transmitted under the following condition.

When the VS-1880 transmit the data on the requested parameter after receiving the Data Request message (RQ1).

- (*) see "2. Data Transfer Address Map" for more details of the transfer parameters.
- \diamond The message is transmitted under the following condition.

When the VS-1880 transmit the data on the requested parameter after receiving the Data Request message (RQ1).

(*) see "2. Data Transfer Address Map" for more details of the transfer parameters.

2. Data Transfer Address Map

Address are expressed in 7 - bit hexadecimal values.

Address	MSB	1	LSB	i
Binary 7 Bit Hex	Oasa aaaa AA	Obbb bbbb BB	Occc cccc CC	ĺ

mParameter Address Block

<Model ID = 00H 2AH>

Start address	Contents and remarks
00 00 00	System Farameter
01 00 00	Song Parameter
02 00 00	Mixer Parameter
03 00 00	Locate Farameter
04 00 00	Effect Parameter
05 00 00	Remote Operation
06 00 00 07 00 00	(Reserved)
08 00 00 09 00 00 0A 00 00 0B 00 00 0C 00 00 0D 00 00 0E 00 00 0F 00 00	Sync Track Data
10 00 00	(Reserved)
7F 7F 7F	I

●System Parameter

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
00 00 00 00 00 01# 00 00 02# 00 00 03#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc	SMPTE(MTC) Offset Time aaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccddddddi = 0,,,266435455block (lblock=16sample)
00 00 04 00 00 05# 00 00 06# 00 00 07#	0bbbbbbb 0cccccc	Vari Pitch 48kHz -241,,,23 (22.00,,,50.48kHz) 44.1kHz -202,,58 (22.05,,50.48kHz) 32kHz -93,,,172 (22.05,,,50.41kHz)
00 00 08 00 00 09#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	(Reserved)
00 00 0A	00 - 01	Vari Pitch Switch Off,On
00 00 0B	00 - 01	Marker Stop Switch Off,On
00 00 OC	00 - 05	Fade Length 2,10,20,30.40,50mS
00 00 0D	0A - 64	Preview From Length 1.0,,,10.0S
00 00 OE	0A - 64	Preview To Length 1.0,,,10.0S
00 00 OF	00 - 05	Foot Switch Assign Play/Stop, Record, TapMarker, Next, Previous
00 00 10	00 - 02	Metronome Out Mode Off, INT, MIDI
00 00 11	00 - 01	Metronome Out Type REConly, AnyTime
00 00 12	OC - 02	Master Clock DIGITAL1, INT, DIGITAL2
00 00 13	0C - 1F	MIDI System Exclusive Device ID (*1) 1,,,32

00 00 14	00 - 01	MIDI OUT/THRU Switch (*1) Out.Thru
00 90 15	00 - 01	MIDI System Exclusive RX Switch (*1) Off,On
00 00 16	00 - 01	MIDI System Exclusive TX Switch (*1) Off,On
00 00 17	00 - OF	MIDI Metronome Channel 1,,,16
00 00 18	0C - 7F	MIDI Metronome Accent Note 12,,,127
00 00 19	01 - 7F	MIDI Metronome Accent Velocity 1,.,127
00 00 1A	0C - 7F	MIDI Metronome Normal Note 12,,,127
00 00 1B	01 - 7F	MIDI Metronome Normal Velocity 1,,,127
00 00 10	00 - 01	MIDI Mixer Control Local Switch Off,On
00 00 1D	00 - 02	MIDI Mixer Control Type Off,C.C.,Excl
00 00 1E	00 - 0A	Sync. Error Level 0,.,10
00 00 1F	00 - 01	
		Sync. Source INT.EXT
00 00 20	00 - 03	Sync. Generate Off,MTC,MIDIclk,SyncTr
00 00 21	00 - 04	Sync. MTC Format 24,25,29D,29N,30
00 00 22	01 - 1F	(Reserved)
00 00 23	01 - 1F	(Reserved)
00 00 24	00 - 01	Recording Monitor Auto, Source
00 00 25	00 - 01	Time Disply ABS,REL
00 00 26	00 - 7f	Internal Metronome Level 0-127
00 00 27	00 - 01	Undo Message Off.On
00 00 28	Oaaaaaaa	Tempo Map-1 Tempo Map Time
00 00 29# 00 00 2A#	Oppopppp 0cccccc	
00 OC 2B#	Oddadddd	
00 00 2C 00 00 2D#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	
00 00 2E# 00 00 2F#	Occcccc Oddddddd	
00 00 30	Оаааааа	Tempo Map-1 Tempo
00 00 31#	0bbbbbbb	
00 00 32 00 00 33#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	
00 00 34	00	Tempo Map-1 Beat 0 - 31 ±
00 00 35#	00 - 1F	1/1, 1/2,, 7/8, 8/9
00 00 36	00	Tempo Map-1 (Reserved)
00 00 38		Tempo Map-2 (See Tempo Map-1, l6bytes each)
:	:	
00 06 47#		Тетро Мар-50
00 06 48	01 - 32	Total Tempo Map Number (*2). 1 - 50
00 06 49	00 - 4B	Scrub Loop Length 25 - 100 mS
00 06 4A	00 - 02	MMC Mode Off, Master, Slave
00 06 4B	00 - 01	(Reserved)
00 06 40	00 - 01	Digital Output Copy Protect Off.On
00 06 40	00 - 01	Auto Mix Mode Off.Cn
00 06 4E	00 - 01	Auto Mix Snap Shot Mode ALL.MaskF
00 06 4F	00 - 03	Display Type of Remaining Time, CapaMB, Capa*, Event
1		Fader Match Mode Null, Jump
		Peak Hold Off,On
		Scene Change by PG# Off,On
00 06 53		Effect Change by PG# Off,On
	,	
00 06 54		Effect Ctrl by Control Change Off,On
ļ		Level Meter Tx. via MIDI (*3) Cff,On,Interval
00 06 56		Effector Board Available (*4) 00, 01, 03
00 06 57	00 -	(Reserved)
00 07 5F	00 - 1	(Reserved)
00 06 60	00 - 01	Mastering Room Sw Off,On
00 06 61	00 - 01	Mastering Status REC, PLAY
00 06 62	00 - OF	Mastering V-Track VTrk1,,,VTrk16
. '	00 - 04	Mastering Track After Rec 0,.,4 = to ZERO.
00 06 63		
00 06 63	00 - 04	to Last Phrs: Os.tc Last Phrs: 2s,
		to Last Phrs: 0s,tc Last Phrs: 2s, to Last Phrs: 4s,stay HERE
	00 - 01	to Last Phrs: Os.tc Last Phrs: 2s,

- (*) The address marked by "#" are invalid. Transmit the Data Set (DT1) or Data Request (RQ1) message with the specified size to the address without "#" mark.
- (*1) These parameters are read only. The setting is a panel operation only.
- (*2) You must write to the parameter whenever you rewrite the Tempo Map Data. The calculation will be begun when to write the parameter.
- (*3) For details refer to "Polyphonic Key Pressure (p.81)."
- (*4) The flag shows that the Effect Board (VS8F-2) exists or not. It is a read only. 0=None 1=A piece of VS8F-2. 3=Two pieces of VS8F-2.

Song Parameter

Start address		Contents and remarks
01 00 00		Current Song Name -1 (ASCII)
: : 01 00 CB	: 20 - 7E	Current Song Name -12
01 00 CC	00 - 02	Current Song Sampling Frequency 48K,44.1K,32KHz
01 00 CD	00 - 06	Current Song Recording Mode MTP(5),CDR(4),MAS(3), MTI(0),MT2(1),LIV(2),LV2(6)
01 00 0E 01 00 0F 01 00 10 01 00 11 01 00 12 01 00 13 01 00 14 01 00 15#	00 - 3B 00 - 3B 00 - 17 21 - 07 01 - 1F 01 - 0C 0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb	Current Song Created (second: (minute) (hour) (a day of week) (day) (month) (year)
01 00 16 01 00 17 01 00 18 01 00 19 01 00 1A 01 00 1C 01 00 1C	00 - 3B 00 - 3B 00 - 17 01 - 07 01 - 1F 01 - 0C 0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbbbbbbb	Current Song Saved (second: (minute) (hour) (a day of week) (day) (month) (year)
01 00 1E	00	(Reserved)
01 00 1F	00	(Reserved)
01 00 20	00 - xx	Current Song Protect Off, On(=01 or 81)
01 00 21	00	(Reserved)
01 00 22 01 00 23#	0000000a 0bbbbbbbb	Song List Length abbbbbbbb = 1,,,200
01 00 24	00	(Reserved)
01 00 7F ((Reserved)
01 01 00	20 - 7E	Current Song Comment - 1 (ASCII)
	20 - 7E	Current Song Comment -100 (ASCII)
01 01 64	00	(Reserved)
01 01 70	00	(Reserved)
01 02 00	00 -	Song- 1 (similar to 01 00 00 - 01 00 1F)
01 02 1F	00 -	
: : 01 33 60 : : 01 33 7F	:	Song-200 (similar to 01 00 00 - 01 00 1F)

- (*) The address marked by "#" are invalid. Request to Data Request (RQ1) message with the specified size to the address without "#" mark.
- (*) Only the Data Set (DT)) message to the song nameand song comment is acceptable.

●Mixer Parameter

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
02 00 00	00 -	Track Status ·1 00=SOURCE,01=PLAY,02=REC 40=SOURCE_MUTE,41=PLAY_MUTE,22=REC_SOURCE
	00 -	Track Status -16
02 05 10	00 - 0£	V.Track -1 1,,,16
02 00 1F	00 - 0£	V.Track -16
02 00 20	00 -	(Reserved) 0
02 00 3F	00 -	(Reserved)

02 00 40	00 - 08	
1::::	:	-42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 00 4F 02 00 50	00 - 08	Track Channel ATT -16 Input Channel ATT -1
	:	-42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 00 59	00 - 08	Input Channel ATT -10
02 00 5A	00 -	(dumny)
02 00 SF		
1 02 00 60 1	00 - 01	
02 00 6F		Track Channel Phase -16 Input Channel Phase -1 Nor.Inv
1 02 00 70	:	
02 00 79 02 00 7A		Input Channel Phase -10 (durmy)
02 00 7F	:	
02 01 00		
: : 02 01 1F	:	
i		Track Channel EQ Switch -1 Off,On
: : 02 01 2F	: 00 - 01	Track Channel EQ Switch -16
02 01 30	00 - 01	
: : 02 01 39	: 00 - 01	Input Channel EQ Switch -10
G2 01 3A		
02 01 3F	•	
02 01 40	0C - 7F	Track Channel EQ L Freq1 40,50,60, 70,80,90,100,120,140,160,180,200,300,400,500.
1 !	:	600,700,800,900,1K,1.1K,1.2K,1.3K,1.4K,1.5KHz
02 01 4F	00 - 7F	Track Channel EQ L Freq16
02 01 50	00 - 7F	Input Channel EQ L Freq1 40,50,60, 70,80,90,100,120,140,160,180,200,300,400,500,
1 : :	:	600,700,800,900,1K,1.1K,1.2K,1.3K,1.4K,1.5KH2
02 01 59		Input Channel EQ L Freq10
02 Cl 5A	:	(dummy)
02 01 5F 02 01 60		Track Channel EQ L Gain -1 -12,,,+12dB
· : :	:	
02 01 6F 02 01 70		Track Channel EQ L Gain -16 Input Channel EQ L Gain -1 -12,,,+12dP
02 01 79	:	
02 01 7A		(dummy)
02 01 7F	:	·
02 02 00	00 - 7F	Track Channel EQ M Freq1 200,300,
		400,500,600,700,800,900,1K,1.1K,1.2K,1.3K,1.4K, 1.5K,1.6K,1.7K,1.8K,1.9K,2K,3K,4K,5K,6K,7K,8KHz
	00 - 7F	Track Channel EO M Freq16
02 02 10	00 - 7F	Input Channel EQ M Freq1 200,300, 409,500,600,700,800,900,1K,1.1K,1.2K,1.3K,1.4K,
: :	١.	1.5K,1.6K,1.7K,1.8K,1.9K,2K,3K,4K,5K,6K,7K,8KH2
02 02 19		Input Channel EQ M Freq16
02 02 1A : :	00 - :	(dummy)
02 02 1F		
02 02 20	:	Track Channel EQ M Gain -1 -12,,,+12dB
		Track Channel EQ M Gain -16
02 02 30	:	
02 02 39 02 02 3A	+	Input Channel EQ M Gain -10
****	:	1 sammy
02 02 3F 02 02 40	+	
: :	:	
		Track Channel EC M Q -16 Input Channel EC M Q -1
1 : : : :	:	

		Input Channel EC M Q -10
02 02 5A : :	:	(dummy)
02 02 SF	00 -	Track Channel FO # Freq -1 500.
02 02 60	00 - 7F	Track Channel EC H Freq1 600,700,900,900,1K,1.2K,1.4K,1.6K,1.8K,2K,3K, 4K,5K,6K,7K,8K,9K,10K,11K,12K,13K,14K,16K,18KHz
·	:	
02 02 6F		Track Channel EC H Freq16
02 02 70	00 - 7F	Input Channel EC H Freq1 600,700,800,900,1K,1.2K,1.4K,1.6K,1.8K,2K,3K, 4K,5K,6K,7K,8K,9K,10K,11K,12K,13K,14K,16K,18KHz
': : '	: '	
02 02 79		Input Channel EQ H Freq10
02 02 7A 	:	(dummy) 1
02 02 7F		
02 03 00	:	
		Track Channel BO H Gain -16
02 03 10 1	00 - 7F :	Input Channel EQ H Gain -1 -12,,,+12dE
		Input Channel EQ H Gain -10
02 03 LA	;	(dunmy)
02 03 1F		
02 03 20	00 - 04	Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -1 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS
: : 02 03 2F	00 - 04	Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -16
02 03 30	00 - 04	Input Channel FX1 Insert Switch -1 Off, Ins. Inst. InsR. InsR.
: : '	:	
02 03 39 02 03 3A		Input Channel FX: Insert Switch -10 (dummy)
<u> </u>	:	, tabley
02 03 3F	00 - 08	Track Channel FX: Insert Send Level -1
1 02 03 10	:	-42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 03 4F	00 - 08	Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -16
02 03 50	00 - 08	Input Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -1 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
1 02 03 59	: Inn - ne	Input Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -10
02 03 5A		(dummy)
: : 02 03 5F	:	 i
02 03 60	00 - 06	Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -1
; ;	:	-4236,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 03 6F	00 - 08	Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -16
02 03 70	00 - 08	Input Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -1 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
: : 02 03 79	: 00 - 08	Input Channel FX1 Insert Return Level ~10
	00 -	(dummy)
: : 02 03 7F	:	i I
02 04 00	00 - 04	
	:	Cff, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS
		Track Channel FX2 Insert Switch -16
02 04 10	:	Input Channel FX2 Insert Switch -1 Off, Ins., InsL, InsR, InsS
		Input Channel FX2 Insert Switch -10
02 04 1A	00 -	(durany)
02 04 1F		
02 04 20	00 - 08	Track Channel FX2 Insert Send Level -1 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
1 : :	:	
02 04 2F 02 04 30	00 - 08	Track Channel FX2 Insert Send Level -16
1 02 09 30	:	-42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
		Input Channel FX2 Insert Send Level -10
D2 04 3A	00 -	(dunany)
02 04 3F		<u> </u>
1		

02 04 40	00 - 08	Track Channel FX2 Insert Return Level -1 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 04 4F	00 - 08	Track Channel FX2 Insert Return Level -16
02 04 50	00 - 08	Input Channel FX2 Insert Return Level -1 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 04 59	: 00 - 08	Input Channel FX2 Insert Return Level -10
02 04 5A	00 -	(dummy)
: : 02 04 5F	: 00 -	1
02 04 60	00 - 04	Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Switch -1
1 : :	:	Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS
02 04 6F	00 - 04	Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Switch -16
02 04 70	00 - 04	Input Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Switch -1 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS
1 02 04 79	:	Input Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Switch -10
02 04 7A	00 -	(dummy)
; :	:	1
02 04 7F 02 05 00	00 -	Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Send Level -1
: :	:	-42,-35,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dE
02 05 OF		Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Send Level -16
02 05 10	00 - 08	Input Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Send Level -1
: :	:	i -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,*6dB
02 05 19		Input Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Send Level -10
02 05 1A : :	1 00 -	(dummy)
02 05 1F	00 -	<u> </u>
02 65 26	00 - 08	Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Return Level -1 -4236,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0.+6dB
: : 02 05 2F .	: 00 - 08	Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Return Level -16
02 05 30	00 - 08	Input Channel FX3 (AUX1) Insert Return Level -1
: :	:	-42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 05 39	00 - 08	Input Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Return Level -10
02 05 3A	00 -	(dumay)
02 05 3F	00 -	
02 05 40	00 - 04	Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Switch -1 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS
: : 1 02 05 4F	; 00 - 04	Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Switch -16
02 05 50	00 - 04	Input Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Switch -1
! : !	:	Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS
02 05 59	00 - 04	Input Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Switch -10
02 05 5A	00 -	(dummy)
02 05 SF	00 -	[
02 05 60	00 - 08	Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Send Level -1 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
,	:	
	00 - 08	Track Channel FX4 (AUX2) Insert Send Level -16
02 05 70		Input Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Send Level -1 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
	00 - 08	Input Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Send Level -10
02 05 7A		(dummy)
: : 02 05 7F	:	Į i
02 06 00	00 - 08	
! : ! !	:	-42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
ļ		Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Return Level -16
02 05 10	00 - 08	Input Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Return Level -1 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
: : 02 06 19	: 00 - 08	Input Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Return Level -10
02 05 1A	00 -	(dummy)
: : 02 06 1F	:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
02 06 20		Track Channel Level -1 0,,,127
: :	:	Track Channel Level -16
		Input Channel Level -1 0,,,127
: :	:	, sopre diminist marks -1 U,,,12/

02 05 39	00 - 7F	Input Channel Level -10	1
	00 -	(dummy)	
02 05 3F	: 00 -	1	1
02 06 40	00 -	(Reserved)	2
02 06 5F	00 -	(Reserved)	1
02 06 60	01 - 7F	Track Channel MIX & BUS Pan -1	63 ,,, R63
02 06 6F	01 - 7F	Track Channel MIX & BUS Pan -16	
02 06 70	01 - 7F	Input Channel MIX & BUS Pan -1 L	63 ,,, R63
02 06 79	01 - 7F	Input Channel MIX & BUS Pan -10	
02 06 7A	00 -	(dummy)	1
02 06 7F			
02 07 00	: 00 - 02	Track Channel MIX Switch -1	Off,On
		Track Channel MIX Switch -18	
[02 07 10] : :	00 - 02	Input Channel MIX Switch -1	Off,On
		Input Channel MIX Switch -10	
02 07 1A	:		!
C2 07 1F		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -1 -1	Off.On
: :	:		orr.on
		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -1 -16 Track Channel BUS Send Switch -2 -1	Off,On
: :	:	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -2 -16	011,011
		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -2 -1	Off,On
: :	:	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -3 -16	, ,,,,,,
		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -4 -1	Off,On
; :	:	Track Channel EUS Send Switch -4 -16	
		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -5 -1	Off,On
: : 02 07 6F	: 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -5 -16	
		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -6 -1	Off,On
: : D2 D7 7F j	: 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -6 -16	1
02 08 00 1	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -7 -1	Off,On
02 08 OF	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -7 -16	
02 08 10	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -8 -1	Off,On
02 08 1F	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -8 -16	
02 08 20	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -9 -1	Off,On
02 08 2F	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -9 -16	
02 08 30	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -10 -1	Off,On
02 08 3F	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -10 -16	
02 08 40	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -11 -1	Off,On
02 08 4F	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -11 -16	
1 02 08 50 1	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -12 -1	Off,On
		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -12 -16	
02 08 60	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -13 -1	Off,On
		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -13 -16	
: :	:	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -14 -1	Off,On
		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -14 -16	064.00
: :	:	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -15 -1	Off,On
ļ ——— +		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -15 -16 Track Channel BUS Send Switch -16 -1	Off,On
: :	:		JII,UH
		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -16 -16 Input Channel BUS Send Switch -1 -1	Off,On
: :	:	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -1 -16	+==,011
		Input Channel BUS Send Switch -1 -1	Off,On
,	1		

02 09 3F	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -2 -16
02 09 40	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -3 -1 Off,On
02 09 4F	: 00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -3 -16
]	·	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -4 -1 Off.On
: : 1 02 09 5F	: 00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -4 -16
	,	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -5 -1 Off,On
: :	:	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -5 -16
	•	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -6 -1 Off.On
: :	:	,,
	•	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -6 -16 Input Channel BUS Send Switch -7 -1 Off,Om
: :	:	
		Input Channel BUS Send Switch -7 -16
; 02 0A 10	:	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -8 -1 Off,On
D2 GA 1F	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -8 -15
02 OA 20	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -9 -1 Off,On
02 0A 2F	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -9 -16
02 OA 30	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -10 -1 Off,On
02 0A 3F	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -10 -16
02 0A 40	00 -	(dummy)
02 08 1F	00 -	1
02 OB 20	00 - 02	Track Channel FX1 Switch -1 Off, Pre, Post
: : : 02 0E 2F	: DO - O2	Track Channel FX1 Switch -16
		Input Channel FX1 Switch -1 Off, Pre, Post
: :	:	
02 OF 39		Input Channel FX1 Switch -10 (dummy)
: :	:	(Country)
02 OE 3F	,	
: :	:	Track Channel FX1 Level -1 0,,,127
02 0B 4F	: 00 - 7F	Track Channel FX1 Level -16
02 0B 4F	: 00 - 7F	
02 OB 4F 02 OB 50 : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : 00 - 7F	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 0,,,127 Input Channel FX1 Level -10
02 0B 4F 02 0B 50	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : 00 - 7F	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 6,,,127
02 OB 4F 02 OB 50 : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : 00 - 7F 00 -	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 0,,,127 Input Channel FX1 Level -10
02 0B 4F 02 0B 59 02 0B 5F	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : 00 - 7F 00 - 7F	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 0,,,127 Input Channel FX1 Level -10
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F : 00 - 7F : 00 - 7F : 00 - 7F : 00 - 7F	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 0,,,127 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy)
: : : 02 08 4F 02 08 50 : : : 02 08 59 02 08 5F 02 08 6F 02 08 6F	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 00 - 01 - 7F : 01 - 7F	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 0,,,127 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 L63,,,R63
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : 00 - 7F : 00 - : 00 - : 01 - 7F : 01 - 7F : : 01 - 7F : : 01 - 7F : :	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 0,,,127 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 L63,,,R63 Track Channel FX1 Pan -16
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 01 -	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 0,,,127 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 L63,,,R63 Track Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -1 L63,,,R63
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : 01 - 7F : : : 00 - : : : : : : : : :	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -1 L63,R63 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy)
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : 100 - 100	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -1 L63,R63 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy)
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : : 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 00 - 1 1 1 1	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Track Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -1 L63,R63 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy)
: : : 02 0B 4F 02 0B 50 : : : 02 0B 5P 02 0B 5F 02 0B 6F 02 0B 6F 02 0B 6F 02 0B 6F 02 0B 70 : : : 02 0B 79 02 0B 7A : : : 02 0B 7A : : : 02 0B 7A : : : 02 0B 7A : : : : 02 0B 7A : : : : 02 0B 7A : : : : 02 0B 7A : : : : 02 0B 7A : : : : 02 0B 7A : : : : : 02 0B 7A : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : : 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 00 - 15 00 - 15 01 - 7F 00 - 10 00 - 02 00 - 02	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 0,,,127 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 L63,,,R63 Track Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -1 L63,,,R63 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -10
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : 100 -	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Track Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -1 Off, Pre, Post
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F : 100 -	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -10
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 1 00 - 7F 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -10
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 100 - 100	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Track Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy)
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 1 00 - 7F 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy)
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 1 00 - 7F 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 Track Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy)
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 100 - 7F 100 - 7F 100 - 7F 100 - 100	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Track Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Level -1 Track Channel FX2 Level -1 Input Channel FX2 Level -16 Input Channel FX2 Level -1
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 1 00 - 7F 1 00 - 7F 1 00 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Level -10 Track Channel FX2 Level -16 Input Channel FX2 Level -16 Input Channel FX2 Level -10
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 1 00 - 7F 1 00 - 7F 1 00 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Level -10 Track Channel FX2 Level -16 Input Channel FX2 Level -16 Input Channel FX2 Level -10
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 100 - 7F	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Track Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Level -1 Input Channel FX2 Level -16 Input Channel FX2 Level -10 (dummy)
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 100 - 7F	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Input Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Level -10 Track Channel FX2 Level -16 Input Channel FX2 Level -16 Input Channel FX2 Level -10
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 00 - 7F 00 - 7F 100 - 100	Track Channel FX1 Level -16 Input Channel FX1 Level -1 Input Channel FX1 Level -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -1 Input Channel FX1 Pan -16 Input Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX1 Pan -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -1 Track Channel FX2 Switch -16 Input Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Switch -10 (dummy) Track Channel FX2 Level -1 Input Channel FX2 Level -16 Input Channel FX2 Level -10 (dummy)

		The state of the s
02 OC 50	01 - 7F	Input Channel FX2 Pan -1 L63R63
1 02 00 59	: 01 - 7F	Input Channel FX2 Pan -10
02 0C 5A		(dummy)
: : 02 0C SF	:	1
ļi		Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Switch -1 Off, Pre, Post
: :	:	
		Track Channel FX3 (AUX1) Switch -16 Input Channel FX3 (AUX1) Switch -1 Off, Pre, Post
: :	:	
ļ		Input Channel FX3(AUX1) Switch -10
: :	00 -	(Cachiany)
02 0C 7F	·	
1 02 00 00 1	;	Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Level -1 0,,,127
		Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Level -16
02 00 10	00 - 7F :	Input Channel FX2 (AUX1) Level -1 0,,,127
		Input Channel FX3 (AUX1) Level -10
02 0D 1A	00 -	(dummy)
02 0D 1F	00 -	
02 0D 20	01 - 7F	Track Channel FX2 (AUX1) Pan -1 L63,,,R63
02 0D 2F	01 - 7F	Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Pan -16
02 0D 30	01 - 7F	Input Channel FX3(AUX1) Pan -1 L63,,,R63
02 00 39	01 - 7F	Input Channel FX3 (AUX1) Pan -10
02 0D 3A	00 -	(dummy)
: : 02 0D 3F	: 00 -	1
02 0D 40	00 - 02	Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Switch -1 Off, Pre, Post
: : 02 0D 4F	: 00 - 02	Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Switch -16
ļ		Input Channel FX4(AUX2) Switch ~1 Off, Pre, Post
: :	:	Input Channel FX4(AUX2) Switch -10
	00 -	
: : 02 0D 5F	:	
ļ——-		Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Level -1 0,,,127
: :	:	Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Level -16
i——-		Input Channel FX4 (AUX2) Level -1 0,,,127
: :	:	
	00 - 71	Input Channel FX4 (AUX2) Level -10
: :	:	
	00 -	
: :	:	Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Pan -1 L63,,,R62
		Track Channel FX4 (AUX2) Pan -16
02 0E 10 : :	01 - 7F :	Input Channel FX4(AUX2) Pan -1 L63,,,R63
	·	Input Channel FX4(AUX2) Pan -10
02 0E 1A	00 -	(dunmy)
02 OE 1F	00 -	
02 OE 20	00 - 02	Track Channel AUX(AUX3) Switch -1 Off, Pre, Post
I		Track Channel AUX(AUX3) Switch -16
02 OE 30	00 - 02	Input Channel AUX(AUX3) Switch -1 Off, Pre, Post
02 OE 39	00 - 02	Input Channel AUX(AUX3) Switch -10
02 OE 3A	00 -	(dummy)
02 0E 3F	00 -	
02 0E 40	00 - 7F	Track Channel AUX(AUX3) Level -1 0,,,127
02 0E 4F	00 - 7F	Track Channel AUX(AUX3) Level -16
02 OE 50	00 - 7F	Input Channel AUX(AUX3) Level -1 0,,,127
7 : 02 0E 59 :	: 00 - 7F	Input Channel AUX(AUX3) Level -10
02 DE 5A		(dummy)
: :	:	

	00 -	
: :	:	Track Channel AUX(AUX3) Pan -1 L63,,,R63
	+	Track Channel AUX(AUX3) Pan -16
02 0E 70 : :	01 - 7F	Input Channel AUX(AUX3) Pan -1 L63,,,R63
02 0E 79	01 - 7F	Input Channel AUX(AUX3) Pan -10
02 0E 7A	00 -	(dummy)
02 0E 7F	00 -	
02 OF 00	00 -	(Reserved) 0
: : 02 OF 1F	: 00 -	(Reserved)
		Track Channel Solo Switch -1 Off,On
: :	:	Track Channel Solo Switch -16
	·	Input Channel Solo Switch -1 Off.On
: :	:	
		Input Channel Solo Switch -10
02 OF 3A : :	00 -	(dummy)
02 OF 3F	00 -	<u> </u>
02 OF 40	00 - 01	Track Channel Mute Switch -1 Off,Cn
02 OF 4F	00 - 01	Track Channel Mute Switch -16
02 OF 50	00 - 01	Input Channel Mute Switch -1 Off,On
02 OF 59	00 - 01	Input Channel Mute Switch -10
02 OF 5A	00 -	(dummy)
: : 02 0F 5F	:	1
		Track Channel Link Switch -1 Off,On
: :	;	Track Channel Link Switch -16
		Input Channel Link Switch -1 Off, On
; :	:	
		Input Channel Link Switch -10
02 OF 7A	:	(dummy)
02 OF 7F	00 -	
02 10 00 1	00 - 7F	Track Channel Ofset Level -a 0,,,127
02 10 07	00 - 7F	Track Channel Ofset Level -h
02 10 08	00 - 7F	Input Channel Ofset Level -a 0,,,127
02 10 0C	00 - 7F	Input Channel Ofset Level -e
02 10 0D	00 -	(dumny)
02 10 OF	00 -	
		Track Channel Ofset Pan -a L63,,,R63
: :	: - 00 - 7F !	Track Channel Ofset Pan -h
		Input Channel Ofset Pan -a L63,,,R63
: :	:	
02 10 1C		Input Channel Ofset Pan -e
02 10 1D : :	60 - :	(dummy)
02 10 1F		
02 10 20	00 -	(Reserved)
02 10 27	00 -	(Reserved)
02 10 28	00 - 05	Stereo in Select Off, Input12, Input34, Input36, Input78, Digitalin
02 10 29	00 - 7F	Stereo In Level 0,.,127
02 10 2A		Stereo in Balance L63,.,R63
		(Reserved)
02 10 2B		Stereo In Bus Send Switch -1 Off,On
02 10 28		
02 10 20	: no - or	Charan In Due Cand Cuited 10
02 10 2C : : 02 10 3B		Stereo In Bus Send Switch -16
02 10 2C : : 02 10 3B 02 10 3C	00 - 01	Stereo In Solo Switch Off,On
02 10 2C : : 02 10 3B 02 10 3C 02 10 3D	00 - 01	Stereo In Solo Switch Off,On Stereo In Mute Switch Off,On
02 10 2C : : 02 10 3B 02 10 3C	00 - 01 00 - 01 00	Stereo In Solo Switch Off,On

02 10 41	1 00 -	(Reserved)
02 10 42		FX1 Return Bus Send Switch -1 Off,On
: :	•	
02 10 51	·	FX1 Return Bus Send Switch -16
02 10 52	00 - 01	FX1 Return Solo Switch Off,On
02 10 53		FX1 Return Mute Switch Off,On
		(Reserved)
02 10 55		FX2 Return Level 0,,,127
02 10 56	00 -	FX2 Return Balance L63,,,R63 (Reserved)
02 10 59		FX2 Return Bus Send Switch -1 Off,On
	;	
02 10 67	·	FX2 Return Bus Send Switch -16
02 10 68	00 - 01	FX2 Return Solo Switch Off,On
02 10 69		FX2 Return Mute Switch Off,On
02 10 6A	00	(Reserved)
02 10 6B		FX3 Return Level 0127
92 10 6C	01 - 7F	FX3 Return Balance L63,,,R63
02 10 6D	00 -	(Reserved)
02 10 6E	00 - 01	FX3 Recurn Bus Send Switch -1 Off,On
02 10 70	50 - 01	FX3 Return Bus Send Switch ~16
02 10 7E	00 - 01	FX3 Return Solo Switch Off,On
02 10 7F		FX3 Return Mute Switch Off,On
02 11 00	00	(Reserved)
02 11 01	90 - 7F	FX4 Return Level 0,,,127
02 11 02	01 - 7F	FX4 Return Balance L63,,,R63
02 11 03	00 -	(Reserved)
02 11 04	00 - 01 :	FX4 Return Bus Send Switch -1 Off,On
02 11 13	00 - 01	FX4 Return Bus Send Switch -16
02 11 14	00 - 01	FX4 Return Solc Switch Off,On
02 11 15	00 - 01	FX4 Return Mute Switch Off,On
02 11 16	00 - 01	FX1 Master Insert Sw Off, Ins
02 11 17	00 - 08	FX1 Master Send Level -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dE
02 11 18	00 - 08	FX1 Master Return Level -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 11 19	00 - 01	FX2 Master Insert Sw Off, Ins
02 11 1A	00 - 08	FX2 Master Send Level -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 11 1B	00 ~ OB	FX2 Master Return Level -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 11 1C	00 - 01	FX3 Master Insert Sw Off, Ins
02 11 15	00 - 08	FX3 Master Send Level
02 11 1E	00 - 08	-42,-36,-30,-24,-19,-12,-6,9,+6dB FX3 Master Return Level
		-42,-36,-30,-24,-19,-12,-6.0,+6dB
02 11 1F		FX4 Master Insert Sw Off, Ins
02 11 20	00 - 08	FX4 Master Send Level -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dF
02 11 21	00 - 08	FX4 Master Return Level -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dE
02 11 22	00 - 7F	Master Out Level 0,,,127
02 11 23	01 - 7F	Master Out Balance L63,,,R63
02 11 24	00 - 7F	Master FX1 Send Level 0,,,127
02 11 25	01 - 7F	Master FX1 Send Balance L63,,,R63
02 11 26	00 - 7F	Master FX2 Send Level 0,,,127
02 11 27		Master FX2 Send Balance L63,,,R63
02 11 28		Master FX3(AUX1) Send Level 0,,,127
		Master FX3 (AUX1) Send Balance L63,,,R63
		Master FX4(AUX2) Send Level 0,,,127
02 11 2B		Master FX4 (AUX2) Send Balance L63,,,R63
02 11 2C		Master AUX(AUX3) Send Level 0,,,127
02 11 2D	01 - 7F	Master AUX(AUX3) Send Balance L63,,,R63

1		
02 11 2E	00 - 07	Monitor Mode Master, RecBus, FX1, FX2, FX3 (AUX1), FX4 (AUX2), AUX (AUX3), StereoIn
02 11 2F	00 - 7F	Monitor Out Level 6,,,127
02 11 30	01 - 7F	Monitor Out Balance L63,R63
02 11 31		(Reserved)
02 11 32	00 - 04	AUX A Output Select FX3(AUX1),FX4(AUX2),AUX(AUX3)
02 11 33	00 - 04	AUX B Output Select FX3(AUX1),FX4(AUX2),AUX(AUX3)
02 11 34	00 - 06	Digital 1 Output Select Master, FX1, FX2, FX3 (AUX1), FX4 (AUX2), AUX (AUX3), Monitor
02 11 35	00 - 06	Digital 2 Output Select Master, FX1, FX2, FX3 (AUX1), FX4 (AUX2), AUX (AUX3), Monitor
02 11 36	00 - 01	EQ Mode 2Band, 3Band
02 11 37	00 -	(Reserved)
02 11 38	00 -	(Reserved)
02 11 39	00 - 01	Digital Input Select 6,1
02 11 3A	00 - 02	Direct Output Switch Off,1-8,9-16
02 11 3B	00 -	(duranty)
: :	:	,
02 11 3F 02 11 40		Track Channel Fader Group -1 0,8 = Off.1,,,8
02 11 45 }	00 - 7F :	Track Channel Fader Group -1 0,8 = Off.1,,,8
02 11 4F		Track Channel Fader Group -16
02 11 50 (00 - 7F :	Input Channel Fader Group -1 0,,,8 = Off,1,,,8
02 11 59	00 - 7F	Input Channel Fader Group -10
02 11 5A	00 -	(dummy)
: : 02 11 5F	: 00 -	ı
02 11 60	00 -	Track Status -17
		00=SOURCE,01=PLAY,02=REC 40=SOURCE_MUTE,41=PLAY_MUTE,22=REC_SOURCE
02 11 61	20 -	Track Status -18
02 11 62 02 11 63	00 - 0f 50 - 0f	V.Track -17 1.,,16 V.Track -18
02 11 64	00 - 08	Track Channel ATT -17
02 11 65	00 - 08	-42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dE Track Channel ATT -18
02 11 66 02 11 67	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel Phase -17 Nor, Inv Track Channel Phase -18
02 11 68 02 11 69	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel EQ Switch -17 Off,On Track Channel EQ Switch -18
02 11 6A	00 - 7F	Track Channel EQ L Freq17 40,50,60,
		70,80,90,100,120,140,160,180,200,300,400,500, 600,700,800,900,1K,1.1K,1.2K,1.3K,1.4K,1.5KHz
02 11 68	00 - 7F	Track Channel EQ L Freq18
02 11 6C 02 11 6D	00 - 7F 00 - 7F	Track Channel EQ L Gain -17 -12,,,-12dB Track Channel EQ L Gain -18
02 11 6E	00 - 7F	Track Channel EQ M Freq17 200,300,
02 11 6F	00 - 7F	400,500,600,700,800,900,1K,1.1K,1.2K,1.3K,1.4K, 1.5K,1.6K,1.7K,1.8K,1.9K,2K,3K,4K,5K,6K,7K,8KHz Track Channel EQ M Freq18
02 11 70 02 11 71	00 - 7F 00 - 7F	Track Channel EQ M Gain -17 -12,,,+12dE Track Channel EQ M Gain -18
02 11 72 02 11 73	00 - 7F 00 - 7F	Track Channel EQ M Q -17 0.5,1,2,4,8,16 Track Channel EQ M Q -18
62 11 74	00 - 7F	Track Channel EQ H Freq17 500.
02 11 75	00 - 7F	600,700,800,900,1K,1.2K,1.4K,1.6K,1.8K,2K,3K, 4K,5K,6K,7K,8K,9K,1CK,11K,12K,13K,14K,16K,18KHz Track Channel EQ H Freq18
		Track Channel EQ H Gain -17 -12,,,+12dF
02 11 76	00 - 7F	
02 11 77	00 - 7F	Track Channel EQ H Gain -18
02 11 77	00 - 7F 00 - 04	Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -17 Off,Ins,InsL,InsR,InsS
02 11 77 02 11 78 02 11 79	00 - 7F 00 - 04 00 - 04	Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -18
02 11 77 02 11 78 02 11 79 02 11 7A	00 - 7F 00 - 04 00 - 04 00 - 08	Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins. Insk, Insk, Insk Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dE
02 11 77 02 11 78 02 11 79 02 11 7A 02 11 78	00 - 7F 00 - 04 00 - 04 00 - 08 00 - 08	Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins. InsL. InsR. InsS. Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dE Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -18
02 11 77 02 11 78 02 11 79 02 11 7A 02 11 7B 02 11 7C	00 - 7F 09 - 04 00 - 04 00 - 08 00 - 08	Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins. InsL, InsR, InsS Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 11 77 02 11 78 02 11 79 02 11 7A 02 11 7B 02 11 7C	00 - 7F 00 - 04 00 - 04 00 - 08 00 - 08 00 - 08	Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -17 Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -17 -42, -36, -30, -24, -18, -12, -6, 0, +6dB Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -18
02 11 77 02 11 78 02 11 79 02 11 7A 02 11 7B 02 11 7C 02 11 7D 02 11 7E	00 - 7F 00 - 04 00 - 04 00 - 08 00 - 08 00 - 08 00 - 08 00 - 09	Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dE Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dE Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -18 Track Channel FX2 Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsR
02 11 77 02 11 78 02 11 79 02 11 7A 02 11 7B 02 11 7C	00 - 7F 00 - 04 00 - 04 00 - 08 00 - 08 00 - 08	Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dE Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -18 Track Channel FX2 Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS Track Channel FX2 Insert Switch -18
02 11 77 02 11 78 02 11 79 02 11 7A 02 11 7B 02 11 7C 02 11 7D 02 11 7E	00 - 7F 00 - 04 00 - 04 00 - 08 00 - 08 00 - 08 00 - 08 00 - 09	Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS Track Channel FX1 Insert Switch -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dE Track Channel FX1 Insert Send Level -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dE Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -18 Track Channel FX1 Insert Return Level -18 Track Channel FX2 Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsR

02 12 02	00 - 08	Track Channel FX2 Insert Return Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 12 03	00 - 08	Track Channel FX2 Insert Return Level -18
02 12 04	00 - 04	Track Channel FX3(AUX1: Insert Switch -17 Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS
02 12 05	00 - 04	Track Channel FX3 (AUX1: Insert Switch -15
02 12 06	00 - 08	Track Channel FX3 (AUX1) Insert Send Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 12 07	00 - 08	Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Send Level -18 Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Return Level -17
02 12 09	00 - 08	-42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Insert Return Level -18
02 12 0A	00 - 04	Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Switch -17
02 12 0B	00 - 04	Off, Ins, InsL, InsR, InsS Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Switch -15
02 12 0C	00 - 09	Track Channel FX4 (AUX2) Insert Send Level -17
02 12 0D	00 - 08	-42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Send Level -18
02 12 0E	00 - 08	Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Insert Return Level -17 -42,-36,-30,-24,-18,-12,-6,0,+6dB
02 12 OF	00 - 08	Track Channel FX4 (AUX2) Insert Return Level -18
02 12 10 02 12 11	00 - 7F 00 - 7F	Track Channel Level -17 0,,,127 Track Channel Level -18
02 12 12	01 - 7F	Track Channel MIX & BUS Pan -17 L63 ,,, R63
02 12 13	01 - 7F 00 - 02	Track Channel MIX & BUS Pan -18 Track Channel MIX Switch -17 Off, On
02 12 15	00 - 02	Track Channel MIX Switch -18
02 12 16 02 12 17	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -1 -17 Off,On Track Channel BUS Send Switch -1 -18
02 12 18 02 12 19	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -2 -17 Off,On Track Channel BUS Send Switch -2 -18
02 12 1A 02 12 1B	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -3 -17 Off,On Track Channel BUS Send Switch -3 -18
02 12 1C	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -4 -17 Off,On
02 12 1D 02 12 1E	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -4 -18 Track Channel BUS Send Switch -5 -17 Off, On
02 12 1F	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -5 -18
02 12 20 02 12 21	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -6 -17 Off,On Track Channel BUS Send Switch -6 -18
02 12 22 02 12 23	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -7 -17 Off,Cn Track Channel BUS Send Switch -7 -18
02 12 24 02 12 25	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -8 -17 Off,Cn Track Channel BUS Send Switch -8 -18
02 12 26 02 12 27	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -9 -17 Off, Cn Track Channel BUS Send Switch -9 -18
02 12 28 02 12 29	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -10 -17 Off,On Track Channel BUS Send Switch -10 -18
02 12 2A 02 12 2B	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -11 -17 Off,Cn Track Channel BUS Send Switch -11 -18
02 12 2C 02 12 2D	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -12 -17 Off,Cn Track Channel BUS Send Switch -12 -18
02 12 2E 02 12 2F	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -13 -17 Off,On Track Channel BUS Send Switch -13 -18
02 12 30	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -14 -17 Off,On
02 12 31	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -14 -19 Track Channel BUS Send Switch -15 -17 Off,On
02 12 33	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -15 -18
02 12 34 02 12 35	00 - 01 00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -16 -17 Off,On Track Channel BUS Send Switch -16 -18
02 12 36	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -17 -1 Off,On
02 12 47	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -17 -18
02 12 48	00 - 01	Track Channel BUS Send Switch -18 -1 Off,On
02 12 59		Track Channel BUS Send Switch -18 -18
02 12 5A 02 12 5B	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -1 -17 Off,On Input Channel BUS Send Switch -1 -18
02 12 5C 02 12 5D		Input Channel BUS Send Switch -2 -17 Off,On Input Channel BUS Send Switch -2 -18
02 12 5E	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -3 -17 Off,On
02 12 5F 02 12 60	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -3 -16 Input Channel BUS Send Switch -4 -17 Off,On
02 12 61	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -4 -18
02 12 62 02 12 63	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -5 -17 Off,On Input Channel BUS Send Switch -5 -18
02 12 64 02 12 65	00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -6 -17 Off,On Input Channel BUS Send Switch -6 -18
02 12 66 02 12 67	00 - 01 00 - 01	Input Channel BUS Send Switch -7 -17 Off,On Input Channel BUS Send Switch -7 -18
	+	

02 12 68 02 12 69	00 - 01 Input Channel BUS Send Switch -8 -17 Off,On 00 - 01 Input Channel BUS Send Switch -8 -18
02 12 6A 02 12 6B	00 - C1 Input Channel BUS Send Switch -9 -17 Off.On 00 - C1 Input Channel BUS Send Switch -9 -18
02 12 6C 02 12 6D	00 - 01 Input Channel BUS Send Switch -10 -17 Off,On 00 - 01 Input Channel BUS Send Switch -10 -18
02 12 6E 02 12 6F	00 - 02 Track Channel FX1 Switch -17 Off, Pre, Post 00 - 02 Track Channel FX1 Switch -18
02 12 70 02 12 71	00 - 7F Track Channel FX1 Level -17
02 12 72 02 12 73	01 - 7F Track Channel FX1 Pan -17 L63,,,R63 01 - 7F Track Channel FX1 Pan -18
02 12 74 02 12 75	00 - 02 Track Channel FX2 Switch -17 Off, Pre, Post 00 - 02 Track Channel FX2 Switch -18
02 12 76 02 12 77	00 - 7F Track Channel FX2 Level -17
02 12 78 02 12 79	01 - 7F Track Channel FX2 Fan -17
02 12 7A 03 12 7B	00 - 02 Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Switch -17 Off, Pre, Post 90 - 02 Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Switch -18
02 12 7C 02 12 7D	00 - 7F Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Level -17 0,27 00 - 7F Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Level -18
02 12 7E 02 12 7F	01 - 7F Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Pan -17 L63,,,R63 01 - 7F Track Channel FX3(AUX1) Pan -18
02 13 00 02 13 01	00 - 02 Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Switch -17 Off,Pre,Post 00 - 02 Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Switch -18
02 13 02 02 13 03	00 - 7F Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Level -17 0,127 00 - 7F Track Channel FX4(AUX2) Level -18
02 13 04 02 13 05	01 - 7F Track Channel FX4 (AUX2) Pan -17 L63,R63 01 - 7F Track Channel FX4 (AUX2) Pan -18
02 13 06 02 13 07	00 - 02 Track Channel AUX(AUX3) Switch -17 Off, Pre, Post 00 - 02 Track Channel AUX(AUX3) Switch -18
02 13 08 02 13 09	00 - 7F Track Channel AUX(AUX3) Level -17
02 13 CA 02 13 CB	01 - 7F Track Channel AUX(AUX3) Pan -17
02 13 0C 02 13 0D	00 - 01 Track Channel Solo Switch -17 Off.On 00 - 01 Track Channel Solo Switch -18
02 13 CE 02 13 CF	00 - 01 Track Channel Mute Switch -17 Off,On 00 - 01 Track Channel Mute Switch -18
02 13 10 02 13 11	00 - 01 Irack Channel Link Switch -17 Off,On 00 - 01 Track Channel Link Switch -18
02 13 12	00 - 7F Track Channel Ofset Level -17/18 0,,,127
02 13 13	00 - 7F Track Channel Ofset Pan -17/18 L63,,,R63
02 13 14 02 13 15	00 - 01 Stereo In Bus Send Switch -17 Off,On 00 - 01 Stereo In Bus Send Switch -19
02 13 16 02 13 17	00 - 01 FX1 Return Bus Send Switch -17 Off,On 00 - 01 FX1 Return Bus Send Switch -18
02 13 18 02 13 19	00 - 01 FX2 Return Bus Send Switch -17
02 13 1A 02 13 1B	00 - 01 FX3 Return Bus Send Switch -17 Off,On 00 - 01 FX3 Return Bus Send Switch -18
02 13 1C 02 13 1D	00 - 01 FX4 Return Bus Send Switch -17 Off,On 00 - 01 FX4 Return Bus Send Switch -18
02 13 1E 02 13 1F	00 - 7F Track Channel Fader Group -17 0,,,8 = Off,1,,,8 00 - 7F Track Channel Fader Group -18

●Locate Parameter

	Start Data			Contents and remarks	
03	00 00 00 01# 00 02# 00 03#	00000000	LOCATE-1	(*1) aaaaasabbbbbbbcccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock+16sample)	
03	00 04 00 05# 00 06# 00 07#	00000000	LOCATE-2	(*1) aaaaaaabbbbbbbbcccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)	
03 03 03 03	00 0A#	00000000	LOCATE-3	(*1) aaaaaaabbbbbbbbcccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (1block=16sample)	
03 03 03 03	00 0C 00 0D# 00 0E# 00 0F#	00000000	LOCATE-4	(*1) aaaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)	

```
03 00 10
03 00 11#
03 00 12#
03 00 13#
                   Oaaaaaaa
Obbbbbbbb
                                      LOCATE-5
                                                             aaaaaaabbbbbbbbccccccddddddd -
                                                             0,,,268435455block (1block=16sample)
03 0C 14
03 0C 15#
03 0C 16#
03 0C 17#
                   Caaaaaaa LOCATE-6
Obbbbbbb
                                                                aaaaaahbbbbbbbccccccddddddd -
                                                                ,,,268435455block (1block=16sample)
03 00 18
03 00 19#
03 00 1A#
03 00 1B#
                   Daaaaaaa
Obbbbbbb
Dcccccc
Odddddd
                                      LOCATE - 7
                                                             aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
03 90 1C
03 90 1D#
93 90 1E#
03 90 1F#
                                                             aaaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
03 00 20
03 00 21#
03 00 22#
03 00 23#
                                      Loop Start Point
                    0aaaaaaa
0bbbbbbbb
                                                            aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccdddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
                    0ccccccc
0ddddddd
03 00 24
03 00 25#
03 00 26#
03 00 27#
                                                            nt (*1,2)
aaaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccdddddd =
0,,,268435455block (1block=16sample)
                    Oaaaaaaa Loop End Point
Obbbbbbb
                   0ccccccc
0ddddddd
03 00 28
03 00 29#
03 00 2A#
03 00 2B#
                                      Punch In Point
                    Obbbbbbb
                                                              aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccdddddd =
                                                            0.,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
                    Occcccc
Odddddd
03 00 2C
03 00 2D#
03 00 2E#
03 00 2F#
                    Dagagga
                                      Punch Out Point
                    Obbbbbbb
                                                            aaaaaaabbbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
                   Occcccc
Odddddd
                   Oaaaaaaa Marker Time or Marker Number (*1,3)
Obbbbbbb aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccdddddd 
Occccccc 0,.268435455block (!block=16sample)
Or 0,.,999 Marker Number, >=1000 All
```

- 03 01 02# Oddddddd or 0.,,999 Marker Number, >=1000 All

 03 01 04 00 04 Marker/Locator Command
 00=Marker Read (*3)
 01=Marker Write (*3)
 02=Marker Clear (*3)
 03 = Get Locate Bank (*4)
 04 = Set Locate Bank (*4)
- The address marked by "#" are invalid. Transmit the Data Set (DT1) or Data Request (RQ1) message with the specified size to the address without "#" mark.
- (*) Time parameters are set to the relocated time (REL) that the time of song top is "00:00:00:00:00."
- (*1) The VS-1880 treats the 16 samples as 1 block for managing internal time. Pay attention to the expression of the internal time changes respond to the sampling frequency of each song. And time parameter can not be set to over 24 hours.

```
Example 1) Set the time 00:01:00:00 (30 Non-Drop)
Sampling Frequency is 48 kHz:
2880000 sample = 180000 block = 00 0A 7E 20 (7bit Hex)
```

Sampling Frequency is 44.1 kHz : 2646000 sample = 165375 block = 00 0A 0B 7F (7bit Hex)

Sampling Frequency is 32 kHz: 1920000 sample = 120000 block - 00 07 29 40 (7bit Hex)

Example 2) Set the time 23:59:59:29 (30 Non-Drop)

Sampling Frequency is 48 kHz:

4147198400 sample = 259199900 block = 7B 4C 27 1C (7bit Hex)

Sampling Frequency is 44.1 kHz : 3810238530 sample = 238139908 block = 71 46 74 04 (7bit Hex)

Sampling Frequency is 32 kHz: 2764798933 sample = 172799933 block = 52 32 6F 3D (7bit Hex)

- (*2) The Loop Start point must be before the Loop Stop point. The Auto Punch In point must be before the Auto Punch Out point. If the interval of each point is shorter than 1 sec, the VS-1880 does not work correctly.
- (*3) Read/Write/Erase of the Mark points are done by writing operation mode to the Marker command. Set the value of the Marker Time and Marker Number, before setting the value of the Marker command.

Example 1) Delete all mark points (DeviceID = 10)

```
(HOST) => F0 41 10 00 0E 12 03 01 00 7F 7F 7F 7F 7A F7 => (VS-1860) (HOST) => F0 41 10 00 0E 12 03 01 00 07 74 F7 => (VS-1860) (HOST) <= F0 41 10 00 0E 12 03 01 00 00 00 00 00 85 F7 <= (VS-1860)
```

The return value "00000000" is a sum of mark points.

Example 2) Write the mark point (DeviceID = 10)

If the total of mark point is over 1000, the VS-1880 ignores the writing and returns the total numbers of the mark points.

If the mark point already exists 0.1 msec near the new mark point, the VS-1880 ignores the writing and returns the total numbers of the mark points.

Example 3) Read the mark point #3 (DeviceID = 10)

```
(HOST) => F0 41 10 00 0E 12 03 01 00 00 00 00 03 75 F7 => (VS-1880) HOST) => F0 41 10 00 0E 12 03 01 04 00 76 F7 => (VS-1880) HOST) => F0 41 10 00 0E 12 03 01 00 nn nn nn nn ns F7 <= (VS-1880) nnnnnnnn = total marker number, ss = check sum (HOST) <= F0 41 10 00 0E 12 03 01 00 na aa aa aa as SF7 <= (VS-1880) aaaaaaaa = time of Marker #3
```

If the mark point is less than 3, the VS-1680 does not return the block of "aaaaaaaaa."

Example 4) Read all mark points (DeviceID = 10)

```
(HOST) => FC 41 10 00 0E 12 03 01 00 7F 7F 7F 7F 7A F7 => (VS-1880)
7FF7F7F7F(>= 1000) means All marker

(HOST) => FC 41 10 00 0E 12 03 10 40 76 F7 (VS-1860)
(HOST) <= FC 41 10 00 0E 12 03 10 40 76 F7 (VS-1860)
7FF7F7F7F (VS-1860) marker number, SS = Check sum
7FF7F7F7 (VS-1880) marker number, SS = Check sum
7FF7F7F7 (VS-1880) marker number, SS = Check sum
7FF7F7F7 (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker number (VS-1880) marker numbe
```

If the mark point does not exist, the VS-1880 does not return blocks under

Example 5) Delete the mark point (DeviceID = 10)

The VS-1880 deletes the mark point which includes specified time, and returns the total numbers of the mark points.

('4) Write Locate data into a bank memory (Set Locate Bank), and read from a bank memory (Get Locate Bank), according to the Locate Bank number (0-3) set in Marker Number.

Effect parameters

♦Basic Address

```
(27:Voice Transformer *1,*2)
(28:Vocoder 2 *1,*2)
                                              (21:Voice Transformer
(28:Vocoder 2 *1,*1
29:Mic Simulator
30:3Band Isolator
31:Tape Echo 201
32:Analog Flanger
33:Analog Phaser
34:Speaker Modeling
(35:Mastering Tool Kit
                                                                                                       *1.*2)
04 00 02 | 20 - 7E | Effector - 1 Name -1
                                                                                                                                             (ASCII)
 04 00 0D | 20 - 7E | Effector - 1 Name -12
04 00 0E | 00 - 7F | Effector - 1 Parameter Area (See Below)
                        Ossasaasa Effector - 2 Algorithm asas
Obbbbbb (0:Reverb *1)
1:Delay
2:Stereo Delay Chorus
3:Stereo Pitch Shifter Delay
04 01 00
04 01 01#
                                                                                                        aaaaaaabbbbbbbb =
                                                    4:Vocoder
5:2ch RSS
                                                6:Delay RSS
7:Chorus RSS
8:Guitar Multi 1
9:Guitar Multi 2
10:Guitar Multi 3
                                               11:Vocal Multi
12:Rotary
13:Guitar Amp Simulator
14:Stereo Phaser
15:Stereo Flanger
16:Dual Comp/Limiter
(17:Gate Revert *1)
18:Multi Tap Delay
19:Stereo Multi
20:Reverb 2
21:Space Chorus
22:Lo-Fi Processor
23:48and Parametric Equalizer
24:10Band Graphic Equalizer
25:Hum Canceler
26:Vocal Canceler
                                                 11:Vocal Multi
                                                26:Vocal Canceler
(27:Voice Transformer
(28:Vocoder 2 *1
                                                                                         *1,*2)
                                                 29:Mic Simulator
                                               29:Mac Similator
30:3Band Isolator
31:Tape Echo 201
32:Analog Flanger
33:Analog Phaser
34:Speaker Modeling
(35:Mastering Tool Kit
                                                                                                       *1.*2}
04 01 02 | 20 - 7E | Effector - 2 Name -1
                                                                                                                                             (ASCII)
 04 01 0D | 20 - 7E | Effector - 2 Name -12
04 01 0E | 20 - 7E | Effector - 2 Parameter Area (See Below)
 aaaaaaabbbbbbbb =
                                                   2:Stereo Delay Chorus
3:Stereo Pitch Shifter Delay
                                               4. Vocoder
5.2ch RSS
6.Delay RSS
7. Chorus RSS
8. Guitar Multi 1
9. Guitar Multi 2
10. Guitar Multi 2
11. Vocal Multi 3
11. Vocal Multi 3
11. Vocal Multi 3
11. Vocal Multi 3
11. Stereo Plaser
15. Stereo Plaser
15. Stereo Flanger
16. Dual Comp/Limiter
(17. Gate Reverb "1)
18. Multi Tap Delay
18. Stereo Multi
20. Reverb 2
21. Space Chorus
22. Lo-Fi Processor
23. 4Band Graphic Equalizer
24. 10Band Graphic Equalizer
25. Hum Canceler
26. Vocal Canceler
                                                    5:2ch RSS
                                                26:Vocal Canceler
(27:Voice Transformer
(26:Vocoder 2 *1
                                                                                                       *1,*2)
                                                                                          *1.*2)
                                               (26: Vocoder 2 *1,*2
29:Mic Simulator
30: 3Band Isolator
31: Tape Echo 201
32: Analog Flanger
33: Analog Phaser
34: Speaker Modeling
(35: Mastering Tool Kit
                                                                                                         *1,*2)
 04 02 02 | 20 - 7E | Effector - 3 Name -1
                                                                                                                                              (ASCII)
 04 02 0D | 20 - 7E | Effector - 3 Name -12
 04 02 DE | 30 - 7E | Effector - 3 Parameter Area (See Below)
 04 02 7F | 20 - 7E |
 aaaaaaabbbbbbb =
```

	1:Delay 2:Stereo Delay Chorus 1:Stereo Pitch Shifter Delay 4:Vocoder 5:2ch RSS 6:Delay RSS 7:Chorus RSS 8:Guitar Multi 1 9:Guitar Multi 1 10:Guitar Multi 1 11:Vocal Multi 12:Rotary 13:Guitar Amp Simulator 14:Stereo Phaser 15:Stereo Phaser 15:Stereo Flanger 16:Dual Comp/Limiter (17:Gate Reverb *1) 19:Multi Tap Delay 19:Stereo Multi 20:Reverb 2 21:Space Chorus 21:Lo-Fi Processor 23:4Band Parametric Equalizer 24:1DBand Graphic Equalizer 25:Hum Canceler 27:Vocal Canceler 27:Vocal Canceler (27:Vocic Transformer *1,*2) 29:Mic Simulator 30:3Band Isolator 31:Tape Echo 201 32:Analog Flanger 33:Analog Flanger 34:Speaker Modeling (35:Mastering Tool Kit *1,*2)	
04 03 02 20 - 7E	Effector - 4 Name -1	(ASCII)
04 03 0D 20 - 7E	Effector - 4 Name -12	
04 03 0E 20 - 7E : : : 04 03 7F 20 - 7E	Effector - 4 Parameter Area (See Below)	

- (*1) cannot select "0:Reverb," "17:Gate Reverb," "27:Voice Transformer," "28:Vocoder2" or "35:Mastering Tool Kit" on EX2 and FX4.
- (*2) If "27:Voice Transformer," "28:Vocoder2," or "35:Mastering Tool Kit" is selected at FX1 or FX3, FX2 or FX4 is invalid.
- (*) Two same parameters exist with two system EX.
- (*) A meaning of the parameter area changes correspond with the top of parameter of Effect Algorithm. See the following tables. The address shows at FX1.
- (*) If select the different Algorithm type from current one, all parameters will be copied from the preset patch data which selected Algorithm.

♦Algorithm 0 Reverb (FX1 or FX3)

OE OF#		EQ SW	0,1 = Off,On
		EQ: Low EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Frequency	2,,,200 ± 20,,,2000Hz
		EQ: Low EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	20,,,800 ± 200,,,8000Hz
	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
		EQ: High EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Frequency	14.,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: High EC Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Out Level	0,,,100
	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Reverb: Room Size	5,,,40m
	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Reverb: Reverb Time	1,,,320 = 0.1,,,32.0s
2C	Oanaaaaa	Reverb: Pre Delay	
	0F# 10 11 12 13 13 14 15 15 16 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	0F# Obbbbbb 10	OF# Obbbbbbb Caaaaaaa EQ: Low EQ Type

04 00 2E 04 00 2F#	Oaaaaaaa Reverb	b: Diffusion G,,,100
	Jasaasaa Reverb Jobbbbbbbb	b: Density 0,,,100
04 00 32 04 00 33#	Oaaaaaaa Reverb Obbbbbbbb	b: Early Reflection Level 0,,,100
04 00 34 04 00 35#	Oaaaaaaa Reverb Obbbbbbbb	b: LF Damp Frequency 5,,,400 = 50,,,4000Hz
04 00 36 04 00 37#	Oasaaaaa Reverb Obbbbbbbb	b: LF Damp Gain -36,,,0dB
	Oaaaaaaa Reverb	b: HF Damp Frequency 10,,,200 = 1.0,,,20.0kHz
	Caaaaaaa Reverb	b: HF Damp Gain -36,,,0dB
04 00 3C 04 00 3D#	Oaaaaaaa Reverb Obbbbbbbb	b: HI Cut Frequency 2,,,200 = 0.2,,,20.0kHz
	Cassassa Revert	p: Effect Level -100,,,100
	Caaaaaaa Reverb	o: Direct Level -100,,,100
04 00 42	00 (Reser	rved:
04 OC 7F	00	

♦Algorithm 1 Delay

04 00 0E 0aaaaaa 04 00 0F# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 10 0aaaaaaa 04 00 11# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 12 0aaaaaaa 04 00 13# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 14 9aasaaaa 04 00 15# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 16 Daasasaa 04 00 17# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 18 0aaaaaaa 04 00 19# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 1A 0aaaaaaa 04 00 1B# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 1C 0aaaaaaa 04 00 1D# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 1E Osassasa 04 00 1F# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 20 Oaaaaaaa 04 00 21# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 22 Oaaaaaaa 04 00 23# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 24 0aaaaaaa 04 00 25# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 26 Oaaaaaaa 04 00 27# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 28 Osassasa 04 00 29# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 2A 0aaaaaaa 04 00 2B# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 2C 0aaaaaaa 04 00 2D# 0bbbbbbbb	
04 00 2E 0aaaaaaa 04 00 2F# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 30 0aaaaaaa 04 00 31# 0bbbbbbbb	
04 00 32 0aaaaaaa 04 00 33# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 34 0aaaaaaa 04 00 35# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 36 Caaasaaa 04 00 37# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 38 Oaaaaaaa 04 00 39# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 3A 0aaaaaaa 04 00 3B# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 3C 0aaaaaaa 04 00 3D# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 3Е Оададаа	EQ: Out Level

1	04	00	3 F	# İ	0bb	dddddd		0,,,160
	04	00	40	Ī	00	Ī	(Reserved;	
-	04	00	7 F	1	00	i	*	

^{* (}Delay Time) + (Absolute Shift) should be 1200 or less.

♦Algorithm 2 Stereo Delay Chorus

04 CC OE 04 CC OF#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Delay SW 0,1 = Off.On
04 00 10 04 00 11#	Oasasaaa Obbbbbbbb	Chorus SW 0.1 = Off.On
04 00 12 04 00 13#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ SW 0.1 = Off.On
04 GC 14 04 GC 15#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Delay: Delay Time 0,,,500ms
04 00 16 04 00 17#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbbbbbbb	Delay: Shift -500,,,500 = L500,,,R500ms
04 00 18 04 00 19#	Oasaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Delay: Lch Feedback Level -100,,,,100
04 C0 1A 04 CC 1B#	Daaaaaaa Dbbbbbbbb	Delay: Rch Feedback Level -100,,,100
04 00 1C 04 00 1D#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Delay: Lch Cross Feedback Level -100,,,,100
04 00 1E 04 00 1F#	Daaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Delay: Rch Cross Feedback Level -100,,,100
04 00 20 04 00 21#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Delay: Effect Level -100,,,100
04 00 22 04 00 23#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Delay: Direct Level -100,,,100
04 00 24 04 00 25#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Chorus: Rate 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
04 C0 26 04 C0 27#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Chorus: Depth 0,,,100
04 00 28 04 00 29#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Chorus: Pre Delay 0,,,50ms
04 00 2A 04 00 2B#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Chorus: Effect Level -100,,,100
04 00 2C 04 00 2D#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Chorus: Direct Level -100,,,100
04 00 2E 04 00 2F#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Chorus: Lch Feedback Level
04 00 30 04 00 31#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Chorus: Rch Feedback Level -100,,,,100
04 00 32 04 00 33#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Chorus: Lch Cross Feedback Level -100,,,100
04 00 34 04 00 35#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Chorus: Rch Cross Feedback Level -100,,,100
04 00 36 04 00 37#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 38 04 00 39#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
04 00 3A 04 00 3B#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Frequency 2,200 = 20,2000Hz
04 00 3C 04 00 3D#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ C 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 3E 04 00 3F#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
04 00 40 04 00 41#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
04 00 42 04 00 43#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 44 04 00 45#	Gazasasa Obbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
G4 00 46 G4 00 47#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
04 00 48 04 00 49#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Frequency 14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
04 00 4A 04 00 4B#	Daaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 4C 04 00 4D#	Ossasasa Obbbbbbb	
04 00 4E	OC	(Reserved)

:	:		
04 00	7F 0G	f	1

* (Delay Time) + (Absolute Shift) should be 500 or less.

♦Algorithm 3 Stereo Pitch Shifter Delay

04 00 04 00	OE OF#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	P.ShifterDelay SW 0,1 = Off,Cn
	10 11#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	EC SW 0,1 = Off,Cn
04 00 04 00	12	Caaaaaaa	P.ShifterDelay: Lch Chromatic Pitch
	14	Casasasa Cbbbbbbbb	P.ShifterDelay: Lch Fine Pitch
	16 17#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	P.ShifterDelay: Lch Pre Delay
	18	Gaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	P.ShifterDelay: Lch Feedback Delay Time C,,,500ms
04 00 04 00	1A 1B#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	P.ShifterDelay: Lch Feedback Level -100100
04 00 04 00	1C 1D#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	P.ShifterDelay: Lch Cross Feedback Level
	1E 1F#	Caasaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	P.ShifterDelay: Rch Chromatic Pitch
	20	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	P.ShifterDelay: Rch Fine Pitch
	22	Oadaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	P.ShifterDelay: Rch Pre Delay
	24 25#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	P.ShifterDelay: Rch Feedback Delay Time
	26 27#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	F.ShifterDelay: Rch Feedback Level -100,100
04 00 04 00	28 29#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	F.ShifterDelay: Rch Cross Feedback Level -100,,,100
	2A 2B#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	F.ShifterDelay: Effect Level -100,,,100
04 00 04 00	2C 2D#	Qaaaaaaa Qbbbbbbbb	P.ShifterDelay: Direct Level -100,,,100
	2E 2F#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving. Peaking
	30 31#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Gain
	32 33#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Frequency 2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
	34 35#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	36 37#	Osaassa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
	38 39#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency 20,,,800 = 200,,,800CHz
04 00 04 00	3A 3B#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Q 3,.,100 = 0.3,.,10.0
	3C 3D#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Type C,1 = Shelving, Peaking
	3E 3F#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
	40 41#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Frequency 14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
	42 43#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	44 45#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ: Out Level 0,,,100
		00	(Reservei)
04 00	46	. 00	(neserves,

♦Algorithm 4 Vocoder

	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb		0,1 = Off,On
	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Vocoder: Voice Character 1	0,,,100

		12 13#		Vocoder: Voice Character 2	0,,,100
	00 00	14 15#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Vocoder: Voice Character 3	0,,,100
		16 17#		Vocoder: Voice Character 4	0,,,100
		10 19#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Vocoder: Voice Character 5	0,,,100
		IA 1B#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Vocoder: Voice Character 6	0,,,100
			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Vocoder: Voice Character 7	0,,,100
		lE 1F#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Voccder: Voice Character 8	0,,,100
		20 21#		Vocoder: Voice Character 9	0,,,100
		22 23#		Vocoder: Voice Character 10	0,,,100
		24 25#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Chorus: Rate	1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
		26 27#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Chorus: Depth	0,,,100
	00	28 29#	Osasasa Obbbbbbb	Chorus: Pre Delay	0,,,50ms
	00	2A 2B#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Chorus: Feedback Level	-100,,,100
		2C 2D#		Chorus: Effect Level	-100,,,100
		2E 2F#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Chorus: Direct Level	-100,,,100
04	00	30	00	(Reserved)	
04	00	7F	oc		

♦ Algorithm 5 2CH RSS

			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	2CH RSS: Ach Azimuth	-30,,,30 = -180,,,180
			Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	2CH RSS: Ach Elevation	-15,,,15 = -90,,,90
			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	2CH RSS: Bch Azimuth	-30,,,30 = -180,,,180
		14 15#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	2CH RSS: Bch Elevation	-15,,,15 = -90,,,90
04	00	16	00	(Reserved)	
04	oc	7F	00 (

♦Aigorithm 6 Delay RSS

04 00 0E 04 00 0F#	Oaaaaaaa Delay RSS: Delay Time O,,,,1200ms
04 00 10 04 00 11#	
04 00 12 04 00 13#	Oaaaaaaa Delay RSS: Center Delay Time Obbbbbbb 0,,,,1200ms
04 00 14 04 00 15#	
04 00 16 04 00 17#	Oaaaaaaa Oblay RSS: Center Level 0,,,100
04 00 18 04 00 19#	
04 00 1A 04 00 1B#	
04 00 1C 04 06 1D#	Oasaaaaa Delay RSS: LF Damp Gain Obbbbbbb -36,,,OdE
04 00 1E 04 00 1F#	Oaaaaaaa Delay RSS: HF Damp Frequency 0bbbbbbb 10,,,200 = 1.0,,,20.0kHz
04 00 20 04 00 21#	
04 00 22 04 00 23#	

				Osasasa Obbbbbbb	Delay RSS: Direct Level -100,,,100	
04	90	26	Ϊ:	00	(Reserved)	
04	00	7 F		00		

♦Algorithm 7 Chorus RSS

				Chorus RSS:	Chorus	Rate	
04	00	0F#	04444440				1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
		10		Chorus RSS:	Chorus	Depth	0,,,100
		12 13#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Chorus RSS:	Effect	Level	-100,,,100
		14 15#		Chorus RSS:	Direct	Level	-100,,,100
04 ;	00	16	00	(Reserved)			
04	00	7F	00 1				

♦Common for Algorithm 8, 9, 10 Guitar Multi 1, 2, 3

04 00 0E 04 00 0F#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Compressor SW	0,1 = 0ff,0n
04 00 10 04 00 11#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Metal/Distortion/Over Drive	SW 0,1 = Off,On
04 00 12 04 00 13#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor SW	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 14 04 00 15#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Auto Wah SW	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 16 04 00 17#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Guitar Amp Simulator SW	0,1 = Off.On
04 00 18 04 00 19#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Flanger SW	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 1A 04 00 1B#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Delay SW	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 1C 04 00 1D#	Daaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Compressor: Attack	0,.,100
04 00 1E 04 00 1F#	Daaaaaaa Dbbbbbbbb	Compressor: Level	0,,,100
04 00 20 04 00 21#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Compressor: Sustain	0,.,100
04 00 22 04 00 23#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Compressor: Tone	-50,,,-50
04 00 24 04 00 25#	Daaaaaaa Obbbbbbbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor: Threshold	0,,,100
04 00 26 04 00 27#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor: Release	0,,,100
04 00 28 04 00 29#	Oaasaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Auto Wah: Mode	0,1 * LPF.BPF
04 00 2A 04 00 2B#	Daaaaaaa Dbbbbbbbb	Auto Wah: Polarity	0,1 = Down, Up
04 00 2C 04 00 2D#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb	Auto Wah: Frequency	0,,,150
04 00 2E 04 00 2F#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Auto Wah: Level	0,,,100
04 00 30 04 00 31#	Osasasaa Obbbbbbbbb	Auto Wah: Peak	0,,,100
04 00 32 04 00 33#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Auto Wah: Sens	0,,,100
04 00 34 04 00 35#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Auto Wah: Rate	1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
04 00 36 04 00 37#	9aaaaaaa 9bbbbbbb	Auto Wah: Depth	0,,,100
04 00 38 04 00 39#	Daaaaaaa Obbbbbbb		l,BultIn,2Stack,3Stack
04 00 3A 04 00 3B#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Flanger: Rate	1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
04 00 3C 04 00 3D#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Flanger: Depth	0,,,100
04 00 3E 04 00 3F#	Daaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Flanger: Manual	0.,,100
04 00 40	Daaaaaaa	Flanger: Resonance	

0,,,	bbbb	(41#	00	04
Delay: Delay Time 0,,,100	aaaa Dela bbbb				
Delay: Shift -1000,,,1000 = L1000,,,R1000	aaaa Dela bbbb.				
Delay: Feedback Time 0,,,100	sasa Dela				
Delay: Feedback Level -100,,,,	aaaa Dela				
Delay: Effect Level -100,,,	aaaa Dela bbbb				
Delay: Direct Level -100,,,	aaaa Dela	-	4C 4D#	00	04 04

^{* (}Delay Time) + (Absolute Shift) should be 1000 or less.

♦Individual : Algorithm 8 Gultar Multi 1

		4E 4F#		Metal: Gain	0,,,100
	00	50 51#		Metal: Level	0,,,100
		52 53#		Metal: Hi Gain	-100,,,100
		54 55#		Metal: Mid Gain	-100,,,100
		56 57#		Metal: Low Gain	-100,,,100
04	00	58	00	(Reserved)	
04	00	7 £	00		

♦Individual : Algorithm 9 Guitar Multi 2

04 04	00	4E 4F#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Distortion: Gain	0,,,100
04 04	00	50 51#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Distortion: Level	0,,,100
04 04	00	52 53#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Distortion: Tone	0,,,100
04	00	54	00 !	(Reserved)	
04	00	7F	00 j		

♦Individual : Algorithm 10 Guitar Multi 3

	00 4E 00 4F#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Over Drive: Gain	0,,,100
	00 50 00 51#		Over Drive: Level	0,,,100
	00 52 00 53#		Over Drive: Tone	0,,,100
04	00 54	00	(Reserved)	
04	00 7F	00		

♦Algorithm 11 Vocal Multi

			Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor SW	0,1 = Off,On
		10 11#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Limiter/De-esser SW	0,1 = Off.On
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbbbbbb	Enhancer SW	0,1 = Off,On
		14 15#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ SW	0,1 = Off,On
		16 17#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	P.Shifter SW	0,1 = Off,On
04	00	18	0aaaaaaa	Delay SW	

04 00 19#	i dddddddd		0,1 = Off,On
04 00 1A 04 00 1B#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Chorus SW	0,1 = Off.On
04 00 1E 04 00 1E	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Limiter/De-esser Mode	0,1 = Limiter.De-esser
04 00 1E 04 00 1F#	Oasaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor: Threshol	
04 00 20 04 00 21#	Osasasas Obbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor: Release	0,,,100
04 00 22 04 00 23#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Limiter: Threshold	9,,,100
04 00 24 04 00 25#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Limiter: Release	0,,,100
04 00 26 04 00 27#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Limiter: Level	0,,,100
04 00 28 04 00 29#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	De-esser: Sens	0,,,100
04 00 2A 04 00 2B#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	De-esser: Frequency	10,,,100 * 1.0,,,10.0kHz
04 00 2C 04 00 2D#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Enhancer: Sens	0,,,100
04 00 2E 04 00 2F#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Enhancer: Frequency	10,,,100 = 1.0,,,10.0kHz
04 00 30 04 00 31#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Enhancer: MIX Level	0,,,100
04 00 32 04 00 33#	Daaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Enhancer: Level	0,,,100
04 00 34 04 00 35#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 36 04 00 37#	Daaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 38 04 00 39#	Daaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Frequency	2.,,209 = 26,,,2000Hz
04 00 3A 04 00 3B#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 3C 04 00 3D#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 3E 04 00 3F#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
04 00 40 04 00 41#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 42 04 00 43#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 44 04 00 45#	Oasasasa Obbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 46 04 00 47#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Frequency	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
04 00 48 04 00 49#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 4A 04 00 4B#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Out Level	0,,,100
04 00 4C 04 CD 4D#	0aaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	P.Shifter: Chromatic Pitc	h -12,,,12
04 00 4E 04 00 4F#	0aaaaaa 0bbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb	P.Shifter: Fine Pitch	-100,,,100
04 00 50 04 00 51#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb		-100,,,100
04 00 52 04 00 53#	0aaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	P.Shifter: Direct Level	-100,,,100
04 00 54 04 00 55#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb		0,,,1000
04 00 56 04 00 57#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	Delay: Feedback Level	-100,,,100
04 00 58 04 00 59#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb	Delay: Effect Level	-100,,,100
04 00 5A 04 00 5B#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Delay: Direct Level	-100,,,100
04 00 5C 04 00 5D#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb		1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
04 00 5E 04 00 5F#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbb		6,,,100
04 00 60 04 00 61#	Osassasa Obbbbbbb		0,,,50ms
04 00 62 04 00 63#	0aaaaaaa 0ddddddd	Chorus: Effect Level	-100,,,100
04 00 64 04 00 65#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb		-100,,,100

	04 :	00	66	1	00	İ	(Reserved)	-
1	04	00	7£	ł	00	1		ļ

♦Aigorithm 12 Rotary

			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor SW		0	,1	*	Ο£	f,On
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Over Drive SW		C	,1	=	Of	f,On
04 04	00	12 13#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor: Threshold				,	,,	,100
04 94	00 00	14 15#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor: Release				,	o,,	,100
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Over Drive: Gain				,	o,,	,100
			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Over Drive: Level				(),,	,100
			0asaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Rotary: Low Rate	1,,,100	= 0	.1,		.10	.OHz
			Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Rotary: Hi Rate	1,,,100	= 0	.1,	,	.10	.OHz
04	00	1E	00	(Reserved)					*******	
04	00	7F	00 (1

♦Algorithm 13 Guitar AMP Simulator

*	
04 00 0E Caaaa 04 00 0F# 0bbbb	aaa Noise Suppressor SW 0,1 = Off.On
04 00 10 Caaaa 04 00 11# Obbbb	
04 00 12 Oaaaa 04 00 13# Obbbbl	
04 00 14 Gaaaa 04 00 15# Obbbbb	
04 00 16 0aaaaa 04 00 17# 0bbbbb	aaa Noise Suppressor: Release
04 00 18 Oaaaa 04 00 19# Obbbbi	
04 00 1A 0aaaa 04 00 1B# 0bbbb	
04 00 1C Oaaaa 04 00 1D# Obbbb	
04 00 1E 0aaaa 04 00 1F# 0bbbb	
04 00 20 0aaaa 04 00 21# 0bbbbb	
04 00 22 0aaaa 04 00 23# 0bbbbl	
04 00 24 0asaa: 04 00 25# 0bbbb	
04 00 26 Osasa 04 00 27# Obbbbl	
04 00 28 0aaaa 04 00 29# 0bbbbl	
04 00 2A 0aaaaa 04 00 2B# 0bbbbl	
04 00 2C Daaaa 04 00 2D# Obbbbl	
04 00 ZE Gaasa: 04 00 ZF# Obbbbi	
04 00 30 Oaaaa 04 00 31# Obbbb	aaa Speaker: Direct Level
04 00 32 00	(Reserved)
04 00 7F 00	1
+	

- The "Pre Amp Middle" is invalid when "Mode" is "Match Drive."

 The "Pre Amp Presence" works counter to the Value (-100,,,0) when "Mode" is "Match Drive."
- (*) The "Pre Amp Bright" is valid when "Mode" is "JC-120," "Clean Twin" or "BG Lead."

♦ Algorithm 14 Stereo Phaser

	aaaaa Phaser SW	0,1 = Off.On
	aaaaa EQ SW bbbbbb	0,1 = Off,On
	aaaaa Phaser: Mode bbbbbb	0,,,3 = 4.8.12.16stage
	asaaa Phaser: Rate bbbbb	1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
	aaaaa Phaser: Depth	9,,,100
	aaaaa Phaser: Polarity bbbbbb	0.1 = Inverse,Synchro
	aaaaa Phaser: Manual bbbbb	0.,,100
	aaaaa Phaser: Resonance bbbbbb	0.,,190
	aaaaa Phaser: Cross Feedback	0,,,100
	aaaaa Phaser: Effect Level	-100,.,100
	aaaaa Phaser: Direct Level	-100,,,100
	aaaaa EQ: Low EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
	aaaaa EQ: Low EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
	aaaaa EQ: Low EQ Frequency	2,200 = 20,.,2000Hz
	aaaaa EQ: Low EQ Q bbbbbb	3,,,100 = 6.3,,,10.0
	aaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Gain bbbbbb	-12,,,12dB
	aaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
	aaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	aaaaa EQ: High EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
	aaaaa EQ: High EQ Gain bbbbbb	-12,,,12dB
	aaaaa EQ: High EQ Frequency	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
	aaaaa EQ: High EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	aaaaa EQ: Cut Level	0.,,100
04 00 3C 00	(Reserved)	
04 00 7F 00	1	
4		

♦Algorithm 15 Stereo Flanger

			Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Flanger S	i	0,1 = Off,On
			Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	EQ SW		0,1 = Off,Cn
			Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	Flanger:	Rate	1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0Hz
		14 15#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Flanger:	Depth	0,,,100
			Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	Flanger:	Polarity	0,1 = Inverse.Synchro
		18 19#		Flanger:	Manual	0,,,100
04	00	1A	Oaaaaaa	Flanger:	Resonance	

04 00 1B#	ddddddd0		0,,,100
04 00 1C 04 00 1D#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb		Level 0,,,100
04 00 1E 04 00 1F#			-100,,,100
04 00 20 04 00 21#			-100,,,100
04 00 22 04 00 23#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 24 04 00 25#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Gain	-12.,,12dB
04 00 26 04 00 27#	Ossassas Obbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Frequency	2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
04 00 28 04 00 29#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 2A 04 00 2B#	Gaaaaaaa Gbbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 2C 04 00 2D#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
04 00 2E 04 00 2F#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 30 04 00 31#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 32 04 00 33#	Caaaaaaa Gbbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 34 04 00 35#	Casasas Obbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Frequency	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
04 00 36 04 00 37#		EQ: High EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 38 04 00 39#	Gaaaaaaa Gbbbbbbbb	EQ: Out Level	0,,,100
04 00 3A	00	(Reserved)	
04 00 7F	00		

♦Algorithm 16 Dual Compressor/Limiter

00 00	0E 0F#	Oasasasa Obbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb	Comp/Limit A SW	0,1 = Off,On
	10 11#		Noise Suppressor A SW	0,1 = Off,On
00	12 13#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Comp/Limit B SW	0,1 = Off,On
00 00	14 15#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor B SW	0,1 = Off,On
00 00	16 17#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Comp/Limit A: Detect	0,1,2 = A,B,Link
00	19 19#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbbb	Comp/Limit A: Level	-60,.,12dB
00	1A 1B#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Comp/Limit A: Thresh	-60,,,0dB
	1C 1D#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Comp/Limit A: Attack	0,,,100
00	1E 1F#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Comp/Limit A: Release	0,,,100
	20 21#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Comp/Limit A: Ratio	1.5:1,2:1,4:1,100:1
00	22 23#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor A: Detect	0,1,2 = A,B,Link
00	24 25#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor A: Threshold	0,.,100
00 00	26 27#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor A: Release	0,,,100
00	28 29#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Comp/Limit B: Detect	0,1,2 = A.B.Link
00	2A 2B#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Comp/Limit B: Level	-60,,,12dB
00		0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Comp/Limit B: Thresh	-60,,,0dB
	2E 2F#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Comp/Limit B: Attack	0,,,100
00	30 31#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Comp/Limit B: Release	0,,,190
00	32 33#		Comp/Limit B: Ratio	1.5:1,2:1,4:1,100:1

			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor B: Detect	0,1,2 = A,B,Link
04 04	00 00	36 37#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor B: Threshold	0,,,100
			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor B: Release	0,,,100
04 :	00	3A	oc l	(Reserved)	
04	00	7£	00		

♦Algorithm 17 Gate Reverb (FX1 or FX3)

4			
04 00 0E 04 00 0F#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	G.Reverb SW	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 10 04 00 11#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ SW	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 12 04 00 13#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	G.Reverb: Gate Time	10400ms
04 00 14 04 00 15#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	G.Reverb: Pre Delay	0,,,300ms
04 00 16 04 00 17#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	G.Reverb: Effect Level	-100,,,100
04 00 18 04 00 19#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	G.Reverb: Mcde 94 = Normal,L->	R,R->L,Reversel,Reverse2
04 00 1A 04 00 1B#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	G.Reverb: Thickness	0,,,100
04 00 1C 04 00 1D#	Daaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	G.Reverb: Density	0,,,100
04 00 1E 04 00 1F#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	G.Reverb: Accent Delay	0,,,200ms
04 80 20 04 98 21#	Caasaaaa Obbbbbbbb	G.Reverb: Accent Level	0,,,100
04 00 22 04 00 23#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	G.Reverb: Accent Pan	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 24 04 00 25#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	G.Reverb: Direct Level	-100,,,100
04 00 25 04 00 27#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 28 04 00 29#	Gaaaaaaa Gbbbbbbb	EC: Low EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 2A 04 00 2B#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Frequency	2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
04 00 2C 04 00 2D#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 2E 04 00 2F#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 30 04 00 31#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
04 00 32 04 00 33#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 34 04 00 35#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 36 04 00 37#	Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 38 04 00 39#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Frequency	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
04 00 3A 04 00 3B#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 3C 04 00 3D#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: Out Level	0,.,100
04 00 3E	.00	(Reserved)	
04 00 7F	00		
4			

♦Algorithm 18 Multi Tap Delay

-	Caasaaaa F# Obbbbbbb	EQ SW	0,1 * Off,On
-	0 0aaaaaaa 1# 0bbbbbbb	M.Tap Delay: Time 1	0,,,1200ms
	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	M.Tap Delay: Level 1	0,,,100

04 00 14	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Pan 1 Obbbbbbbb	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 16 04 00 17#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Time 2 Obbbbbbbb	9,,,1200ms
04 00 18 04 00 19#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Level 2 Obbbbbbbb	0,,,100
04 00 1A 04 00 1B#	Oasaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Fan 2 Obbbbbbbb	1,,,127 = L63.,,R63
04 00 1C 04 00 1D#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Time 3 Obbbbbbbb	0,,,1200ms
04 00 1E 04 00 1F#	Oaaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Level 3	0,,,100
04 00 20 04 00 21#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Pan 3 Obbbbbbb	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 22 04 00 23#	Omanamama M.Tap Delay: Time 4 Obbbbbbb	0,,,1200ms
04 00 24 04 00 25#	Oaasaaaa M.Tap Delay: Level 4	0,,,100
04 00 26 04 00 27#	Oasaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Pan 4	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 28 04 00 29#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Time 5	0,,,1200ms
04 00 2A 04 00 2B#	Qaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Level 5 Qbbbbbbbb	0,,,100
04 00 2C 04 00 2D#	Omamamama M.Tap Delay: Pan 5 Obbbbbbb	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 2E 04 00 2F#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Time 6	C,.,1200ms
04 00 10 04 00 31#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Level 6	0,,,100
04 00 32 04 00 33#	Gaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Pan 6 Gbbbbbbb	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 34 04 00 35#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Time 7	C,,,1200ms
04 00 35 04 00 37#	Caaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Level 7 Obbbbbbb	0,,,100
04 00 38 04 00 39#	Gaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Pan 7	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 3A 04 00 3B#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Time 8 Obbbbbbb	0,,,1200ms
04 00 3C 04 00 3D#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Level 8	0,,,100
04 00 3E 04 00 3F#	Osassasa M.Tap Delay: Pan 8 Obbbbbbb	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 40 04 00 41#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Time 9 Obbbbbbb	0,,,1200ms
04 00 42 04 00 43#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Level 9 Obbbbbbb	0,,,100
04 00 44 04 00 45#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Pan 9 Obbbbbbb	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 46 04 00 47#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Time 10	0,,,1200ms
04 00 48 04 00 49#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Level 10	0,,,100
04 00 4A 04 00 4B#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Pan 10 Obbbbbbb	1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 4C 04 00 4D#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Feedback I	Delay Time 0,,,1200ms
04 00 4E 04 00 4F#	Daaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Feedback 1	Level -100.,,100
04 00 50 04 00 51#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Effect Lev	vel -100,,,100
04 00 52 04 00 53#	Oaaaaaaa M.Tap Delay: Direct Lev	
04 00 54 04 00 55#	Oaaaaaaa EQ: Low EQ Type Obbbbbbb	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 56 04 00 57#	Oaaaaaaa EQ: Low EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 58 04 00 59#	0aaaaaaa EQ: Low EQ Frequency 0bbbbbbb	2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
04 00 5A 04 00 5B#	Oaaaaaaa EQ: Low EQ Q Obbbbbbbb	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 5C 04 00 5D#	Oaaaaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 SE 04 00 SF#	Oaaaaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
	Oaaaaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Q	

:		7F	;	(Reserved)	
04	00	6B#	0bbbbbbb	EQ: Out Level	0,,,10
			Osassasa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10
			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Frequency	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0ki
			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Gain	-12,,,120
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peakir
04	00	61#}	0ppppppp		3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10

♦Algorithm 19 Stereo Multi

4 ************************************	
04 00 0E 0aaaaaaa 04 00 CF# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 10 0aaaaaaa 04 00 11# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 12 0aaaaaa 04 00 13# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 14 0aaaaaaa 04 00 15# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 16 Oaaaaaa 04 00 17# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 18 0aaaaaaa 04 00 19# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 1A 0aaaaaa 04 00 1B# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 1C 0asaasas 04 00 1D# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 1E Oaaaaaaa 04 00 1F# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 20 Damamaa 04 00 21# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 22 Oaaaaaa 04 00 23# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 24 0aaaaaaa 04 00 25# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 26 Osassass 04 00 27# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 28 0aaaaaaa 04 00 29# 0bbbbbbb	Enhancer: MIX Level 0,.,100
04 00 2A 0aaaaaa 04 00 2B# 0bbbbbbb	Enhancer: Level 0,.,100
04 00 2C 0aaaaaa 04 00 2D# 0bbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 2E	EQ: Low EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
04 00 30 0aaaaaa 04 00 31# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 32 Qaaaaaa 04 00 33# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 34	
04 00 36 0aaaaaa 04 00 37# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 38 0aaaaaa 04 00 39# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 3A Qaaaaaa 04 00 3E# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 3C 0aaaaaa 04 00 3D# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 3E 0aaaaaa 04 00 3F# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 40 0aaaaaa 04 00 41# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 42 0aaaaaaa 04 00 43# 0bbbbbbb	
04 00 44 00	(Reserved)
04 00 7F 00	

♦Algorithm 20 Reverb 2

04 00 44 Qaaaaaaa EQ: Out Level			
04 00 11# Obbbbbbb 0,1 = Off,On			
04 00 15# Obbbbbbb			EC SW 0,1 = Off,On
04 00 15 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			Reverb 2: Reverb Type 0,4 = Rooml,Room2,Hall1,Hall2,Plate
04 00 18	04 00 14 94 00 15#		
04 00 184			Reverb 2: Pre Delay 0,,,200msec
04 00 1C			
04 00 158			Reverb 2: High Pass Filter 1,,,200 = Thru,20,,,2000Hz
04 00 22			Reverb 2: Low Pass Filter 10,,,201 = 1.0,,,20,0kHz,Thru
04 00 24			
04 00 24			
04 00 26 Oaaaaaaa Reverb 2: Gate Threshold 0,100 04 00 27# Obabbbbb			Reverb 2: Gate SW 0,1 = Off,On
04 00 28			
04 00 28			
04 00 2C			Reverb 2: Gate Attack Time
04 00 2F8			Reverb 2: Gate Release Time
04 00 3F			Reverb 2: Gate Hold Time
04 00 318			
04 00 34 Oaaaaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Gain .12,,,12dB 04 00 38 Oaaaaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Gain .20,,800 = 20,,,8000Hz 04 00 38 Oaaaaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Gain .20,,800 = 200,,8000Hz 04 00 38 Oaaaaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Frequency .20,,800 = 200,,8000Hz 04 00 38 Oaaaaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Frequency .3,,100 = 0.3,,10.0 04 00 3B Oaaaaaaa EQ: Mid EQ Q .3,,100 = 0.3,,10.0 04 00 3B Oaaaaaaa EQ: High EQ Type .0,1 = Shelving, Peaking .00 3F Oabbbbbb EQ: High EQ Gain .12,,12dB 04 00 3E Oaaaaaaa EQ: High EQ Gain .12,,12dB 04 00 3F Oaaaaaaa EQ: High EQ Frequency .12,,12dB 04 00 40 Gaaaaaaa EQ: High EQ Frequency .12,,12dB 04 00 40 Caaaaaaa EQ: High EQ Frequency .14,,200 = 1.4,,20.0kHz 04 00 42 Caaaaaaa EQ: High EQ Frequency .14,,200 = 0.3,,10.0 04 00 42 Caaaaaaa EQ: High EQ Frequency .14,,200 = 0.3,,10.0			EQ: Low EQ Gain -12,.,12dB
04 00 358			EQ: Low EQ Frequency 2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
04 00 37# Obbbbbbb			EQ: Low EQ Q 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 38			EQ: Mid EQ Gain
04 00 3BB			
04 00 3DB Obbbbbbb			EQ: Mid EQ Q $3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0$
04 00 3F# Obbbbbbb			EQ: High EC Type 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 418 Obbbbbbb			EQ: High EQ Gain
04 00 43# (bbbbbbbb 3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0 04 00 44			
04 00 45# Obbbbbbb 0,,,100 04 00 46 00 (Reserved) : : :			
04 00 7F 00	04 00 46	00	(Reserved)
	04 00 7F	00	!

♦Algorithm 21 Space Chorus

			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Chorus SW	0,1 = Off,Or
			0aaaaaaa 0ddddddd	Chorus: Input Mode	0,1 = Mono,Stered
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Chorus: Mode	0,,,6 = 1,2,3,4,1+4,2+4,3+4
		14 15#		Chorus: Mix Balance	0,,,100
04	00	16	00	(Reserved)	

: : | 04 00 7F | 00 |

♦Algorithm 22 Lo-Fi Processor

04 00 0E Caasaaaa 04 00 0F# 0bbbbbbb	Lo-Fi Processor SW 0,1 = Off,On	
04 00 10 0aaaaaaa 04 00 11# 0bbbbbbb	Realtime Modify Filter SW 0,1 = Off,Cn	
04 00 12	Lo-Fi Processor: Pre Filter SW 0,1 - Off,Cn	
04 00 14 0aaaaaaa 04 00 15# 0bbbbbbb	Lo-Fi Processor: Rate 0.,,31 = 0ff.1/2,,,1/32	
04 00 16 0aaaaaaa 04 00 17# Chbbbbbb	Lo-Fi Processor: Number of Bit 0,,,15 • Off,15,,,lbit	
04 00 18 0sasasas 04 00 19# 0bbbbbbb	Lc-Fi Processor: Post Filter SW 0,1 = Off,On	
04 00 1A 0aaaaaa 04 00 1B# 0bbbbbbb	Lo-Fi Processor: Effect Level 0,,,100	
04 00 1C 0aaaaaaa 04 00 1D# 0bbbbbbb	Lo-Fi Processor: Direct Level 0,,,100	
04 00 1E 0aaaaaa 04 00 1F# 0bbbbbbb	Realtime Modify Filter: Filter Type 0,,,2 = LPF,BPF,HPF	
04 00 20 Caaaaaaa 04 00 21# Obbbbbbb	Realtime Modify Filter: Cut Off 0,,,100	
04 00 22 Caaaaaaa 04 00 23# Cbbbbbbb	Realtime Modify Filter: Resonance 0,,,100	
04 00 24 Camaaaaa 04 00 25# Obbbbbbb	Realtime Modify Filter: Gain 024dB	
04 00 26 Gamamaaa 04 00 27# @bbbbbbb		
04 00 28 Caaaaaaa 04 00 29# Obbbbbbb		
04 00 2A 00	(Reserved)	
04 00 7F 00		

♦Algorithm 23 4 Band Parametric EQ

C4 00 OE Oaaaaa C4 00 OF# Obbbbbb	
04 00 10 0aaaaa 04 00 11# 0bbbbbb	a Parametric EQ Ach SW 0,1 = Off,On
04 00 12 0aaaaa 04 00 13# 0bbbbbb	
04 00 14 0aaaaa 04 00 15# 0bbbbbb	a EQ Ach: Input Gain
04 00 16 0aaaaa 04 00 17# 0bbbbbb	a EQ Ach: Low EQ Type b 0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 18 0aaaaa 04 00 19# 0bbbbbb	a EQ Ach: Low EQ Gain b -12,,,12dB
04 00 1A 0aaaaa 04 00 1B# 0bbbbbb	a EQ Ach: Low EQ Frequency bb 2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Kz
04 00 1C 0aaaaa 04 00 1D# 0bbbbb	a EQ Ach: Low EQ Q 5,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
04 00 1E 0aaaaa 04 00 1F# 0bbbbbb	a EC Ach: Low Mid EQ Gain b -12,,,12dB
04 00 20 Oaaaaa 04 00 21# Obbbbb	a EQ Ach: Low Mid EO Frequency b 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
04 00 22 0aaaaa 04 00 23# 0bbbbb	
04 00 24 0aaaaa 04 00 25# 0bbbbb	a EQ Ach: High Mid EQ Gain -12,,,12dB
04 00 26 0aaaaa 04 00 27# 0bbbbbb	
04 00 28 0aaaaa 04 00 29# 0bbbbb	
04 00 2A 0aaaaa 04 00 2B# 0bbbbb	
04 00 2C Gaaaaa 04 00 2D# 0bbbbb	
04 00 2E 0aaaaa 04 00 2F# 0bbbbb	EQ Ach: High EQ Frequency 14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz

	aaaaaa EQ Ach	: High EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	aaaaaa EQ Ach bbbbbbb	: Output Level	-60,,,12dB
	aaaaaa EQ Bch bbbbbbb	: Input Gain	-60,12 d B
	aaaaaa EQ Bch bbbbbb	: Low EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
	aaaaaa EC Bch	: Low EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
	aaaaaa EQ Bch	: Low EQ Frequency	2,,,200 = 20,,,2000Hz
	aaaaaa EQ Bch	Low EQ Q	3,,,100 ± 0.3,,,10.0
	aaaaaa EQ Bch	: Low Mid EQ Gain	-12.,,12dB
	aaaaaa EQ Bch	: Low Mid EQ Frequen	cy 20,.,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
	aaaaaa EQ Bch	: Low Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	aaaaaa EQ Bch	High Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
	aaaaaa EQ Bch	High Mid EQ Freque	ncy 20,,,800 = 200,,,8000H2
	aaaaaa EQ Bch	High Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	aaaaaa EQ Bch	High EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
	maaaaa EQ Bch	High EC Gain	-12,,,12dE
	saaaaa EQ Bch:	High EC Frequency	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
	aaaaa EQ Bch	High EC O	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
	saaaaa EQ Bch:	Output Level	-60,,,12dE
04 00 54 00	Reserv	red)	
04 00 7F 00	1		

^{*} When Link SW \approx On, Bch corresponds to Ach.

♦Algorithm 24 10 Band Graphic EQ

Oaaaaaaa Gr Obbbbbbbbb	aphic EQ Link SW	0,1 = Off,On
Oaaaaaaa Gr Obbbbbbbb	aphic EQ Ach SW	0,1 = Off,On
Oaaaaaaa Gr Obbbbbbbb	aphic EQ Bch SW	0,1 = Off,On
	Ach: Input Gain	-60,,,12dB
Oaaaaaaa EQ Obbbbbbbb	Ach: 31.25Hz Gain	-12,,,12dE
	Ach: 62.5Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
Oaasaaaa EQ Obbbbbbbb	Ach: 125Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
Oaaaaaaa EQ Obbbbbbbb	Ach: 250Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
Oasaaaaa EQ Obbbbbbbb	Ach: 500Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
Oaaaaaaa EQ Obbbbbbbb	Ach: 1.0kHz Gain	-12,.,12dB
Oaaaaaaa EQ Obbbbbbbb	Ach: 2.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dE
Oaaaaaaa EQ Obbbbbbbbb	Ach: 4.0kHz Gain	-12.,,12dE
Oaaaaaaa EQ Obbbbbbbb	Ach: 8.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dB
Oaaaaaaa EQ Obbbbbbbb	Ach: 16.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dB
Oaaaaaa EC	Ach: Output Level	
	Obbbbbb Caaaaaa Cbbbbbbb Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbb C	Obbbbbb Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbb Caaaaaaa Caaaaaa Caaaaaaa Caaaaaaa Caaaaaa

04 00 2C 04 00 2D#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ Bch: Input Gain	-60,,,12dB
04 00 2E 04 00 2F#		EQ Bch: 31.25Hz Gain	-12.,,12dB
04 00 30 04 00 31#		EQ Bch: 62.5Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 32 04 00 33#	Oasaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ Bch: 125Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 34 04 00 35#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb		-12,,,12dB
04 00 36 04 00 37#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ Bch: 500Hz Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 36 04 00 39#		EQ Bch: 1.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 3A 04 00 3B#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ Bch: 2.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 3C 04 00 3D#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ Bch: 4.9kHz Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 3E 04 00 3F#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ Bch: 8.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 40 04 00 41#	0aaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	EQ Bch: 15.0kHz Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 42 04 00 43#		EQ Bch: Output Level	-60,,,12dB
04 00 44	00	(Reserved)	
04 00 7F	00		1

^{*} When Link SW = On, Bch corresponds to Ach.

♦Algorithm 25 Hum Canceler

		OE OF#		Hum Canceler SW 0.1 = Off.On
	00	10 11#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	
		12 13#	Ossassas Obbbbbbb	Hum Canceler: Freq 290,,,8000 = 20.0,,,800.0Hz
	00		0aaaaaaa 0dddddd0	Hum Canceler: Width 10,,,40%
	00 00	16 17#	Gaaaaaaa Oddddddd0	
	00	18		Hum Canceler: Threshold 0,,,,100
		1A 15#		Hum Canceler: Range Low 1,,,200 = Unlimit,20,,,2009Hz
	00	1C 1D#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	
		1E 1F#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Noise Suppressor: Threshold 0,,,100
		20 21#		Noise Suppressor: Release 0,,,100
04	00	22	00	(Reserved)
04	90	7F {	00	!

♦Algorithm 26 Vocal Canceler

0.1 = Off,On	Vocal Canceler S	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb			
0,1 = Off,On	EQ SW	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb			
0,.,100	Vocal Canceler:	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb			
Low 1,,,286 * Unlimit,20,,,2000Hz	Vocal Canceler:	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	14 15#		
High ,,201 = 1.0,,,20,0kHz,Unlimit	Vocal Canceler:	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	16 17#		
0,1 = Shelving, Peaking	EQ: Low EQ Type	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb			
-12,,,12dB	EQ: Low EQ Gain		1A 1B#		
***************************************	EQ: Low EQ Frequ	Daaaaaa	1C	00	04

04	00	1D#	0bbbbbbb		2.,,200 = 20.,,2000Hz
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: Low EQ Q	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Frequency	20,,,800 = 200,,,8000Hz
			Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	EQ: Mid EQ Q	3,,,100 = 9.3,,,10.0
			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
		26 29#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	EQ: High EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
		2A 2B#		EQ: High EQ Frequency	14,,,200 = 1.4,,,20.0kHz
		2C 2D#		EQ: High EQ 0	3,,,100 = 0.3,,,10.0
		2E 2F#		EQ: Out Level	0,,,100
04	00	30	00	(Reserved)	
04	00	7F	00		

♦Algorithm 27 Voice Transformer (FX1 or FX3)

	sasasas dddddddd	Voice Transformer SW 0,1 = Off.On
	Daaaaaaa Dobbbbbbb	Reverb SW 0,1 = Off,On
	Dasasasas Dobbbbbbb	Fader Edit SW 0.1 = Off.On
	laaaaaaa bbbbbbbb	MIDI Control SW 0.1 = Off.Cn
	Daaaaaaa Dbbbbbbbb	Voice Transformer: Robot SW 0,1 = Off,On
	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Voice Transformer: Chromatic Pitch -12,,,36
	Daaaaaaa Dbbbbbbbb	Voice Transformer: Fine Pitch -100,,,100
	Daaaaaaa Dbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb	Voice Transformer: Chromatic Formant -12,,,12
	Daaaaaaa Dbbbbbbbbbbbbb	Voice Transformer: Fine Formant -100,,,,100
	Daaaaaaa Dbbbbbbbb	Voice Transformer: Mix Balance
	Dagagaaa Dbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb	Reverb: Reverb Time 1,,,100 = 0.1,,,10.0sec
	Daaaaaaa Dbbbbbbbbb	Reverb: Pre Delay 0,,,200msec
	Daaaaaaa Dbbbbbbbbb	Reverb: Density C,,,100
	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb	Reverb: Effect Level 0,,,100
	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	MIDI Control: Eend Range 0,,,12 = 0ff,1,,,12
	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbbb	MIDI Control: Portamento 0100 = Off,1,,,100
04 00 2E	00	(Reserved)
04 00 7F 0	00 !	
+		

♦Algorithm 28 Vocoder 2 (FX1 or FX3)

04 00 0E Oaaaaaaa Chorus SW 04 00 0F# Obbbbbbb	0,1 = Off.On
04 00 10 Oaaaaaaa Vocoder: Envelo	pe Mode 0,,,2 = Sharp,Soft,Long
04 00 12 Oaaaaaaa Vocoder: Pan Mo 04 00 13# Obbbbbbb	de 0,,,3 = Mono,Stereo,L->R,R->L
04 00 14 Gaaaaaaa Vocoder: Hold 04 00 15# Obbbbbbb	0,1 = Off,MIDI
04 00 16 Oaaaaaaa Vocoder: Mic Se 04 00 17# Obbbbbbb	ns 0,,,100

04 00 18 0aaaaaaa Vocoder: Synth Input Level 010
04 00 1B# Obbbbbbb 0,,,10
04 00 1E Oaaaaaa Vocoder: Voice Char Level 3
04 00 1F# 0bbbbbbb 0,,,10
04 00 20 0aaaaaa Vocoder: Voice Char Level 4 0,,,10
04 00 21 Oaaaaaa Vocoder: Voice Char Level 5 0,,,10
04 00 24
04 00 26 Oaaaaaaa Vocoder: Voice Char Level 7 O,,,,10
04 00 28 0aaaaaa Vocoder: Voice Char Level 8 0,,,10
04 00 2A 0aaaaaa Vocoder: Voice Char Level 9 0,,,10
04 00 2C Oaaaaaa Vocoder: Voice Char Level 10 0,,,10
04 00 2E
04 00 20 Oaaaaaaa Vocoder: Voice Char Level 12 O4 00 31# Obbbbbbb O,,,10
04 00 22 Oaaaaaaa Vocoder: Voice Char Level 13 04 00 33# Obbbbbbb 0,,,10
04 00 34
04 00 36
04 0C 38
04 00 3A
04 00 3C Oaaaaaaa Voccder: Voice Char Level 18 0,,,10
04 00 3E
04 00 40 0aaaaaa Vocoder: Mic High Pass Filter 04 00 41ff Obbbbbbb 9,,,200 = Thru,1.0,,,20.0kH
04 0C 42 0aaaaaa Voccder: Mic High Pass Filter Pan 1,,,127 = L63,,,R6
04 00 44 Oaaaaaa Vocoder: Mic Mix O,,,,10
04 00 46 Oaaasaaa Vocoder: Noise Suppressor Threshold 0,,,10
04 00 48 Daaaaaaa Chorus: Rate
04 00 4A 0aaaaaa Chorus: Depth 0,,,10
04 00 4C 0aaaaaa Chorus: Pre Delay 0,.,50m
04 00 4E Daaaaaaa Chorus: Mix Balance 0,,,10
04 00 50 00 (Reserved)
04 00 7F 00

♦Algorithm 29 Mic Simulator

		OE OF#		Link SW	0,1 = Off,On
04 04		10 11#		Mic Converter Ach SW	0,1 = Off,On
		12 13#		Bass Cut Ach SW	0,1 = Off,On
		14 15#		Distance Ach SW	0,1 = Off,On
04 04		16 17#	Gaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Limiter Ach SW	0,1 = Off,On
04 04		18 19#		Mic Converter Bch SW	0,1 = Off,On
	-				

04 00 1A Caaaaaa	Bass Cut Bch SW
04 00 19# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 1C Qaaaaaaa 04 00 1D# Obbbbbbbb	
04 00 1E Oaaaaaaa 04 00 1F# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 20 Oaaaaaaa 04 00 21# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 22 Oaaaaaaa 04 00 23# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 24 Osaasasa 04 00 25# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 26 Oaaaaaaa 04 00 27# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 28 Oaaaaaa 04 00 29# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 2A Daaaaaaa 04 00 2B# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 2C Gaaaaaa 04 00 2D# Obbbbbb	
04 00 2E Oaaaaaaa 04 00 2F# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 30 Oaaaaaa 04 00 31# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 32 Daaaaaaa 04 00 33# Obbbbbbb	Limiter Ach: Attack
04 00 34 Oaaaaaa 04 00 35# Obbbbbbb	Limiter Ach: Release
04 00 36 Oaaaaaaa 04 00 37# Obbbbbbb	Mic Converter Bch: Input
04 00 38 Osasasas 04 00 39# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 3A 0aaaaaa 04 00 3B# 0bbbbbbb	
04 08 3C 0aaaaaa 04 00 3D# 0bbbbbb	
C4 00 3E Oaaaaaaa C4 00 3F# Obbbbbbb	Distance Bch: Proximity Effect
04 00 40 Gasassa 04 00 41# Obbbbbb	Distance Bch: Timelag
04 00 42 Oaaaaaaa 04 00 43# Obbbbbbb	Limiter Bch: Detect HPF Frequency
04 00 44 Oasasaaa 04 00 45# Obbbbbbb	Limiter Bch: Level
04 00 46 Oaaaaaaa 04 00 47# Obbbbbbb	Limiter Bch: Threshold
04 00 48 Oaaaaaaa 04 00 49# Obbbbbbb	
04 00 4A Oaaaaaaa 04 00 4B# Obbbbbbb	Limiter Bch: Release
04 CO 4C OO	
: : 04 00 7F 09	l

- * When Mic Converter Input = MinCn, Output is fixed to SmlDy or LrgCn.
- * When Link SW = On, Bch corresponds to Ach.

♦Algorithm 30 3 Band Isolator

04 00 0E 04 00 0F#	Oaaaaaaa Isolator SW Obbbbbbb	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 10 04 00 11#	Oaaaaaaa Isolator High Volume Obbbbbbbb	-60,,,+4dB
04 00 12 04 00 13#	Oaaaaaaa Isolator Middle Volume Obbbbbbb	-60,,,+4dE
04 CG 14 04 CD 15#	Oaaaaaaa Isolator Low Volume Obbbbbbb	-60,,,+4dB
04 00 16 04 00 17#	Oaaaaaaa Isolator Anti Phase Middle Switch	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 18 04 00 19#	Oaaaaaaa Isolator Anti Phase Middle Level	0,,,100
04 00 1A 04 00 1B#	Oaaaaaaa Isolator Anti Phase Low Switch	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 1C 04 00 1D#	Oaaaaaaa Isolator Anti Phase Low Level	0,,,100

1	04 CO IE :	00 :	(Reserved)	***************************************
1	04 00 7F	00	I	ļ

♦Algorithm 31 Tape Echo 201

04 00 0E 04 00 0F#			0,1 = Off,On
04 00 10 04 00 11#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb		0,,,6 = 1.,,7
04 00 12 04 00 13#			0,,,100
04 00 14 04 00 15#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Tape Echo Intensity	0,,,100
04 00 16 04 00 17#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb		0,,,100
04 00 18 04 00 19#		Tape Echo Direct Level	0,,,100
04 00 1A 04 00 1B#			-100,,,100
04 00 1C 04 00 1D#	Qaaaaaaa Qbbbbbbbb		-100100
04 00 1E 04 00 1F#	Qaaaaaaa Qbbbbbbbb		1,,,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 20 04 00 21#	Qaaaaaaa Qbbbbbbbb	Tape Echo Tape Head M Pan	1,.,127 = L63,,,R63
04 00 22 04 00 23#	0asaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb		1,127 = L63,.,R63
04 00 24 94 00 25#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb		0,,,100
04 00 26 04 00 27#		Tape Echo Wah Flutter Rate	0,,,100
04 00 28 04 00 29#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Tape Echo Wah Flutter Depth	0,,,190
04 00 2A	00	(Reserved)	
04 00 7F			

♦Algorithm 32 Analog Flanger

		OE OF#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Analog Flanger SW	0,1 = Off,On
		10 11#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Analog Flanger Mode 0,,,3 * FL	L, FL2, FL3, CHC
		12 13#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Analog Flanger Feedback	0,,,100
		14 15#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Analog Flanger Modulation Rate	0,,,100
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Analog Flanger Modulation Depth	0,,,100
		16 19#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Analog Flanger Modulation Frequency	0,,,100
		1A 1B#	Gaaaaaaa Gbbbbbbbb	Analog Flanger Channel B Modulation),1 = Nor,Inv
		1C 1D#		Analog Flanger Channel A Phase),1 = Nor,Inv
		1E 1F#		Analog Flanger Channel B Phase),1 = Nor,In
04	00	20	00	(Reserved)	
94	00	7F	00		

♦Algorithm 33 Analog Phaser

			Caassass Obbbbbbbb	Analog	Phaser	SW	0,1 * Off,On
04 04	00 00	10 11#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Analog	Phaser	Mode	0,1 = 4STAGE,8STAGE
04 04	00	12	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Analog	Phaser	Frequency	0,,,100
04	00	14	Oaaaaaaa	Analog	Phaser	Resonance	

04	00	15#	dadadada		0,,,100
			Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbbbb	Analog Phaser LFO 1 Rate	0,,,100
		19 19#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Analog Phaser LFO 1 Depth	0,,,100
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Analog Phaser LFO 1 Channel B Mod	0,1 = Nor,Inv
			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Analog Phaser LFG 2 Rate	0,,,100
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Analog Phaser LFO 2 Depth	0,,,100
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Analog Phaser LFO 2 Channel B Mod	0,1 * Nor,Inv
04	00	22	00 1	(Reserved)	
04	00	7F	00		

♦Algorithm 34 Speaker Modeling

04 00 0E 04 00 DF#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Speaker Modeling SW	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 10 04 00 11#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Bass Cut SW	0,1 = Cff,On
04 00 12 04 00 13#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Low Frequency Trimmer SW	0,1 * Off,On
04 00 14 04 00 15#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	High Frequency Trimmer SW	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 16 04 00 17#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbbbbbb	Limiter SW	0,1 = 0ff,0n
04 00 18 04 00 19#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	(Reserved)	
04 00 1A 04 00 1B#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Speaker Modeling Model 0,,,11 = THRU,Super Flat,Powered G Powered E-Bas,Powered Mack,Small White C + tissue,Small Radio,Small BoomBox LoBoost	Cube, White Cone,
04 00 1C 04 00 1D#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Speaker Modeling Phase	0,1 = NRM, INV
04 00 1E 04 00 1F#	Osassas Obbbbbbb	Bass Cut Frequency 1,,,200 =	Thru,20,,,2000Hz
04 00 20 04 00 21#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Low Frequency Trimmer Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 22 04 00 23#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Low Frequency Trimmer Frequency 2,,,2	00 = 20,,,2000Hz
04 00 24 04 00 25#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	High Frequency Trimmer Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 26 04 00 27#	Oasasasa Obbbbbbb	High Frequency Trimmer Frequency 10,,,200	= 1.0,,,20.9kHz
04 00 28 04 00 29#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Limiter Threshold	-60,,,0dB
04 00 2A 04 00 2B#	Oassasas Obbbbbbb	Limiter Release	0,,,100
04 00 2C 04 00 2D#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Limiter Level	-60,,,24dB
04 00 2E	.90	(Reserved)	
04 00 7F	00		

♦Algorithm 35 Mastering Tool Kit

			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	EQ SW	0,1 = Off,On
		10 11#		Bass Cut SW	0,1 = Off,On
		12 13#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Enhancer SW	0,1 = Off,On
			0aaasaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Expander SW	
		16 17#	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Compressor SW	0,1 = Off.On
		18 19#		Limiter SW	0,1 = Off,On
04	00	1A	Oaassaaa	EQ: Input Gain	-24,,,12dB

04 00 1B#	Oaasaaaa[EQ: Low EQ Type	0,1 = Shelving, Peaking
04 00 1C	Osassaaa	EQ: Low EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
04 00 1D#	Oassaaaa	EQ: Low EQ Frequency	I,,,42 = 20,,,2000Hz(*1)
04 00 1E	Oaaaaaai	EQ: Low EQ Q	0,,,31 = 0.3,,,16.0(*2)
+		EQ: Low Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
			2,,,54 = 20,,,8000Hz(*1)
-		EQ: Low Mid EQ Q	0,,,31 = 0.3,,,16.0(*2)
		EQ: High Mid EQ Gain	-12,,,12dB
-			y 2,,,54 = 20,,,8000Hz(*1)
		EQ: High Mid EQ C	0,,,31 = 0.3,,,16.0(*2)
		EQ: High EQ Type	C,1 = Shelving, Peaking
	 ;		-12,,,12dB
+	-	EQ: High EQ Gain	
			9,,,62 = 1.4,,,20.0 kHz(*1) $C,,,31 = 0.3,,,16.0(*2)$
-		EQ: High EQ Q	
04 00 29#			-24,,,12dB
+			.,42 = Off,20,,,20C0H=(*1)
04 CC 2B#	Oaaaaaaa	Enhancer Sens	0,,,100
	+		6,,,56 = 1.0,,,10.0kHz(*1)
04 GC 2D#	Dassasas	Enhancer Mix Level	-24,,,12dB
04 00 2E	Oaaaaaa	Input Gain	-24,,,12dB
04 00 2F#	Daaaaaa	Input Detect Time	0,,,10ms
04 00 30	0aaaaaa	Input Low Split Point	2,,,34 = 20,,,800Hz(*1)
04 00 31#	Gaaaaaa	Input High Split Point 4	0,,,60 = 1.6,,,16.0kHz(*1)
04 00 32	Oamamama	Expander Low Threshold	0,,,80 = -60,,,0dB
04 00 33#	Oaaaaaaa	Expander Mid Threshold	0,,,80 ± -80,,,0dB
04 00 34	Osaaaaaa	Expander High Threshold	0,,,80 = -80,,,0dB
04 00 35#1	Oaaaaaaa	Expander Low Ratio	0,,,13 = 1:1.0,,,1:INF(*3)
04 00 36	Oaaaaaa	Expander Mid Ratio	0,,,13 = 1:1.0,,,1:INF(*3)
04 00 37#	Oaaaaaaa	Expander High Racio	0,,,13 * 1:1.0,,,1:INF(*3)
04 00 38	Oasasas)	Expander Low Attack	0,,,100ms
04 00 39#	0aaaaaaa	Expander Mid Attack	0,,,100ms
		Expander High Attack	0,,,100ms
04 00 3B#	Dasaaaaa	Expander Low Release	0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
	+	Expander Mid Release	0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
ļ +		Expander High Release	0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
04 00 3E	 +	Compressor Low Threshold	
÷		Compressor Mid Threshold	
		Compressor High Threshol	
÷		Compressor Low Ratio	0,,,13 = 1:1.0,,,1:INF(*3)
04 00 42		Compressor Mid Ratio	0,,,13 = 1:1.0,,,1:INF(*3)
+		Compressor High Ratio	0,,,13 = 1:1.0,,,1:INF(*3)
1	+	Compressor Low Attack	
			0,,,100ms
		Compressor Mid Attack	0,,,100ms
-		Compressor High Attack	0,,,100ms
		Compressor Low Release	0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
		Compressor Mid Release	0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
		Compressor High Release	0,,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
+		Mixer Low Level	0,,,86 = -80,,,6dB
04 00 4B#	Damamaaa	Mixer Mid Level	0,,,86 = -80,,,6dB
04 00 40	Oaaaaaaa	Mixer High Level	0,,,86 = -80,,,6dB
04 00 4D#	Caaaaaaa	Limiter Threshold	-24,,,0dB
04 00 4E	Oaaaaaa	Limiter Attack	0,,,100ms
04 00 4F#	0aaaaaaa	Limiter Release	0.,,100 = 50,,,5000ms
04 00 50	Osssass	Output Level	0,,,86 = -80,,,6dB
04 00 51#	Ossasasa	Output Soft Clip	0,1 = Off,On
04 00 52	Osassas	Output Dither	0,,,17 = Off,24,,,8Bit
04 00 53#	00	(Reserved)	
04 00 54	05	(Reserved)	

| 04 00 7F | 00

●Remote Operation

Start	Data	Contents and remarks
05 00 00	00 -	Remote Command / Response
05 60 01#	00 -	Parameter
05 nm mm#	00 -	Parameter

- (*) The address marked by "#" are invalid. Transmit the Data Set (DT1) message with the specified size to the address without "#" mark. Data Request(RQ1) message is ignored.
- (*) The commands require to set simultaneously the parameter which specified size.

♦Remote Operation Command List

Command	Remerks
00	NOP (No Operation)
01	Abort Command
02	Undo
03	Redo
04	Get Now Time
05	Preview From
06	Preview To
07	Preview Thru
08	Preview Scrub On
09	Preview Scrub Off
0.A	Get Amplitude Profile
0B	Get Wave Data
0C	Get Track Name
0D	Set Track Name
0E	Get Event List (1) - Full Parameter Sequence
0F	Get Event List (2) - Event Number Sequence
10	Get Event List (3) - Event List Pointer: Top, Bottom, Count
11	Get Event Parameter
12	Set Event Name
13	Create New Event
14	Track Copy
15	Track Move
16	Track Exchange
17	Track Insert
18	Track Cut
19	Track Erase
1A	Track Time Comp/Exp.
18	Track Exchange with Track Name

♦Remote Operation Response List

Response	Remarks
40	Complete (No Error)
41	Error
42	Now Time
43	Amplitude Profile
44	Wave Data
45	Track Name
46	Event List (1) - Full Parameter Sequence
47	Event List (2) - Event Number Sequence
48	Event List (3) - Event List Pointer: Top, Bottom, Count
49	Event Parameter

♦Command 00 NOP (No Operation)

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks	
05 00 00		NOP (No Operation)	i

♦Command 01 Abort Command

	idre	255	•	Data	- 1	-		Contents	remarks
05							Command		

♦Command 02 Undo

Sta	art	ss	Data		c	ontents	and	remarks			
05	0.0	00	02	Undo							
05	G D		000000aa Obbbbbbb Occcccc	Undo	Level		aabb	ebbbbbcccccc	:C =	1,,,99	9

♦Command 03 Redo

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks	
05 00 00		+=====================================	

♦Command 04 Get Now Time

			٠
Start	i		
address	Data	Contents and remarks	
05 00 00	04	Get Now Time	

♦Command 05 Preview From

·		***************************************	-
Start address	Data	Contents and remarks	
*******	*********	- c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c : - c	
05 00 00	05	Preview From	

♦Command 06 Preview To

•	Start address	Data	Contents and remarks	
	**********		- 华华杰等产业中华中的中央中国的中国共和国的中国的中国的中国的中国的中国的中国的中国的中国的中国的中国的中国的中国的中国	
	05 00 00	06	Preview To	

♦Command 07 Preview Thru

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks	
05 00 00		Preview Thru	

♦Command 08 Preview Scrub On

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
05 00 00		Preview Scrub On
05 00 01#	00 - OF	Target Track 1,,,16

♦Command 09 Preview Scrub Off

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks	
05 00 00	09	Preview Scrub Off	

♦Command 0A Get Amplitude Profile

Start Data	Contents and remarks	
	Get Amplitude Profile	
05 00 01#1 0000000=	Target V Tr	

1	05	00	02#	0666666666	abbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16
	05 05	00 00	03# 04# 05# 06#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbb Occcccc Oddddddd	From Time aaaaaaabbbbbbbbcccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
	05 05	00	07# 08# 09# 0A#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbb Occcccc Oddddddd	Length Time aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
			0B# 0C#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Resolution aaaaaaabbbbbbbb = 1,,,(blocks)
			0D#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Packet Byte Length aaaaaaabbbbbbbb = 6,,,16384(=00)

♦Command 0B Get Wave Data

	Start address		Data	Contents and remarks	
05	00	00	0B	Get Wave Data	
		01# 02#		Target V.Tr. abbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16	
05 1 05 1	00 00	03# 04# 05# 06#	Ossassas Obbbbbbb Oscceccc Oddddddd	From Time aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)	
05 (05 (00	07# 08# 09#	0555555 0555555	Length Time aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,268435455block (lblock=16sample)	
		0B#	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Packet Byte Length aaaaaaabbbbbbbb = 6,,,16384(=00)	

♦Command 0C Get Track Name

	Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
	05 00 00	0C	Get Track Name
-	05 00 01# 05 00 02#	0000000a 0bbbbbbb	Target V.Tr. abbbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16

♦Command 0D Set Track Name

Sta		ss	Data	Contents	and remarks
05	00	00	OD	Set Track Name	
05 05	00	01#	0000000a 0bbbbbb	Target V.Tr. abbbb	bbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16
05 05 :	00 00	03#	20 - 7E 20 - 7E	Name - 1 Name - 2	(ASCII)
05	00	12#	20 - 7E	Name - 16	

♦Command 0E Get Event List (1) - Full Parameter Sequence

Sta	rt idre:	ss	Data	Contents and remarks
05	00	00	0E	Get Event List (1) - Full Parameter Sequence
			Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Target V.Tr. aaaaaaabbbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16, take(=3FFF)
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Packet Byte Length aaaaaaabbbbbbbb = 6,,,16384(=00)

♦Command 0F Get Event List (2) - Event Number Sequence

Start address		ss	Data	Contents and remarks
05	90	00	OF	Get Event List (2) - Event Number Sequence
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Target V.Tr. aaaaaaabbbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16, take(=3FFF)
			0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb	Packet Byte Length asaasaabbbbbbbb = 6,,,16384(=00)

♦Command 10 Get Event List (3) - Event List Pointer:Top, Bottom, Count

	ar: ddr	256	Data	Contents and remarks
0.5	00	00	10	Get Event List (3) - Event List Pointer: Top, Bottom, Count
05 05	00	01# 02#	Caaaaaaa Obbbbbbbb	Target V.Tr. aaaaaaabbbhbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16, take(=3FFF)

♦Command 11 Get Event Parameter

	art	ss	Data	Contents and remarks
05	00	00	11	Get Event Parameter
05	20	02#	000000aa 0bbbbbbb 0bbbbbbb	Event Number aabbbbbbbccccccc = 0000,,,FFFE

♦Command 12 Set Event Name

Start address		Data	Contents and remarks
05	00 00	12	Set Event Name
05	00 02#	000000aa 0bbbbbbb 0bbbbbbb	Event Number aabbbbbbbbccccccc * 0000,,,FFFE
05 (05 (00 C4# 00 C5#	20 7E 20 - 7E :	Name - 1 (ASCII) Name - 2
05	00 13#	20 - 7E	Name - 16

♦Command 13 Create New Event

Start addres	s Data	Contents and remarks	
05 00 0	0 13	Create New Event	
05 00 0 05 00 0	01# 0aaaaaa 02# 0bbbbbbb		
05 00 0 05 00 0		Original Take Event Number aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,,,FFFE (silent event=FFFF)	
00 00 0 05 00 0 05 00 0	7# Obbbbbbb 08# Occcccc	<pre>aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)</pre>	
00 00 0 05 00 0 05 00 0	08# 0bbbbbbb 0C# 0cccccc	aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)	
00 00 0 05 00 0 05 00 1	0F# 0bbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb	aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (1block=16sample)	

♦Command 14 Track Copy

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
05 00 00	14	Track Copy
05 00 01# 05 00 02# 05 00 03# 05 00 04#	Obbbbbbb Occcccc	Track Copy Start Time aaaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
05 00 05# 05 00 06# 05 00 07# 05 00 08#	Obbbbbbb Occcccc	<pre>aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)</pre>
05 00 09# 05 00 0A# 05 00 0B# 05 00 0C#	00000000 00000000	<pre>aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccdddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)</pre>
05 00 0D# 05 00 0E# 05 00 0F# 05 00 10#	0ppppppp 0cccccc	<pre>aaasaaabbbbbbbcccccccdddddd = 0,,,258435455block (lblock=16sample)</pre>
05 00 11#	01 - 63	Track Copy Time 199

05	00 12	00 - 01	Track Copy -Insert	Off,On
		000000aa 0bbbbbbb	The Number Of Target	aabbbbbbb = 1,,,256
05 05	00 15: 00 16: 00 17: 00 18:	0000000c	abbbbbbb = Destination V.Tr.	V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16
05	nn mm	a0000000a dddddddd 0000000c 0ddddddd	abbbbbbb = Destination V.Tr. cddddddd =	V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 Number Of Target * 4)

♦ Command 15 Track Move

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
05 00 00	15	Track Move
05 00 02# 05 00 03#		aaaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccdddddd = C,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
05 00 05# 05 00 06# 05 00 07# 05 00 08#	0bbbbbbb	<pre>aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccdddddd = 9,,,268435455block (1block=16sample)</pre>
05 00 DA#	0cccccc	<pre>aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)</pre>
		0,258435455block (1block=16sample)
05 00 11#	00 - 01	Track Move +Insert Off,On
05 00 12# 05 00 13#		
05 00 14# 05 00 15# 05 00 16# 05 00 17# :		Destination V.Tr.
05 racı men#	0000000a Obbbbbbb 0000000c Oddddddd	abbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16

♦Command 16 Track Exchange

Start addre	ss	Data	Contents and	remarks
05 00	00	16	Track Exchange	
		000000aa 0bbbbbbbb	The Number Of Target	aabbbbbbb = 1,,,256
05 00	04# 05#	ddddddd0	Destination V.Tr.	V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16
05 nn	nen#	0000000a 0bbbbbbb 0000000c 0ddddddd	abbbbbbb = Destination V.Tr. cddddddd =	V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 Number Of Target * 4)

♦Command 17 Track Insert

Sta	rt Idre	ss	Data	Contents and remarks	
05	00	00	17	Track Insert	
05	00	01#	Oaaaaaa	Track Insert Start Time	
05	00	02#	ddddddd0	aaaaaaabbbbbbbbcccccccddddddd =	
05	00	03#	Occecce	0,,,268435455block (1block=16sam	ple)
05	00	04#	0ddddddd		•
05	00	05#	Oaaaaaaa	Track Insert To Time	
05	00	06#	Obbbbbbb	aaaaaaabbbbbbbbccccccddddddd =	
05	90	07#	00000000	0,,,268435455block (1block=16sam	ple
05	90	06#	bbbbbbbb0		-
05	00	09#	000000aa	The Number Of Target aabbbbbbb = 1,,	. 256
05	00	CA#	0bbbbbbb		
05	00	0B#1	0000000al	Insert V.Tr.	

1 05 00 00	# Obbbbbbb :	abbbbbbb =	V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16
05 nn mn	# Obbbbbbb	/.Tr. abbbbbbbb =	V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 Number Of Target * 29
İ	1 1	nn mm = 00 OA + The	Number Of Target * 2)

♦Command 18 Track Cut

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
05 00 00	18	Track Cut
05 00 01# 05 00 02# 05 00 03# 05 00 04#	Obbbbbbb Occcccc	Track Cut Start Time aaaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (1block=16sample)
05 00 05# 05 00 06# 05 00 07# 05 00 08#	Obbbbbbbb Occcccc	Track Cut End Time aaaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=l6sample)
05 00 09# 05 00 0A#		The Number Of Target aabbbbbbb = 1,,,256
05 00 0B# 05 00 0C# : :		Cut V.Tr. abbbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16
05 nn me#		Cut V.Tr. abbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 (nn mm = 00 OA + The Number Of Target * 2)

♦Command 19 Track Erase

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
05 00 00	19	Track Erase
05 00 03#	0aaaaaa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc 0dddddd	aaaaaaabbbbbbcccccccdddddd *
05 00 07#	0aaaaaa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc 0dddddd	aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccdddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
05 00 09# 05 00 0A#		The Number Of Target aabbbbbbb = 1,,,256
	0000000a Obbbbbbb :	Erase V.Tr. abbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16
05 nn mm#		Erase V.Tr. abbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 (nn mm = 00 0A + The Number Of Target * 2)

♦Command 1A Track Time Comp/Exp.

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
05 00 00	1A	Track Time Comp/Exp.
05 00 02# 05 00 03#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbb Occcccc Odddddd	<pre>aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccdddddd = 0,,,269435455block (1block=16sample)</pre>
05 00 05# 05 00 07#	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbb Gcccccc Odddddd	aaaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccdddddd = 0.,,268435455block (1block=16sample)
05 00 0A# 05 00 0B#	Daaaaaaa Obbbbbbb Occcccc Odddbbbb	C,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
05 00 0D#	00 - 01	Track Time Comp/Exp. Pitch Mode Fix, Vari
05 00 0E#	00 - 02	Track Time Ccmp/Exp. Type A.E.C
05 00 OF#	01 - 64	Track Time Comp/Exp. Amplitude 1,,,100
05 00 10# 05 00 11#	000000aa 0bbbbbbb	The Number Of Target aabbbbbbb = 1,,,256
05 00 0B# 05 00 0C# : :	00000000a 0bbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb	Comp/Exp V.Tr. abbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16
05 nn mm#	00000000a 0bbbbbbbb	Comp/Exp V.Tr. abbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 (nn mm = 00 11 + The Number Of Target * 2)

♦Command 1B Track Exchange with Track Name

Start address	Data	Contents and	remarks
05 00 00	1B	Track Exchange With Track 1	Name
05 00 01# 05 00 02#		The Number Of Target	aabbbbbbbb = 1,,,256
05 00 03# 05 00 04# 05 00 05# 05 00 06#	0000000c	Destination V.Tr.	= V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-15
05 nn mm#	0000000a 0bbbbbbb 0000000c 0ddddddd	Destination V.Tr. cddddddd	= V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16 e Number Of Target * 4)

♦Response 40 Complete (No Error)

Start Data	Contents and remarks	
05 00 00 40	e (No Error)	

♦Response 41 Error

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
05 00 00	41	Error
05 00 01#	00 - 7F	Error Code (00=No Error(complete, end of data)) 01=Nusy 02=Command Aborted 03=T1legal Command 04=Command Error 05=Command Rejected (song protetced)

♦Response 42 Now Time

Start address		ess	Data	Contents and remarks							
05	00	00	42	Now	Time						
05 05	00	01# 02# 03# 04#	ddddddd0 2222220	Now	Relative	Time adaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccdddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=l6sample)					
05	00	05# 06# 07# 08#	Daaaaaa Obbbbbbb Occcccc Odddddd	Now	Absolute	Time aaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)					

♦Response 43 Amplitude Profile

Start address		Data	Contents and remarks								
05	00 00	43	Amplitude Profile								
05 05	00 01# 00 02#	0000000a 0bbbbbbb	Target V.Tr. abbbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16								
		Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb	Packet Number aaaaaaabbbbbbbb = 0 - 16383								
05	00 05# :	00 - 7F	Packet Data Buffer								
05	nn mm#	1	(nn mm = Packet Byte Length - 1)								

Ì	I	at	:a :	Seq	ıeı	nce						į
	C	15	00	oc	-	00	-	7F	-	Amplitude	1=-126dB,,126=-1dB,127=0dB	İ

♦Response 44 Wave Data

Start address		ess	Data	Contents and remarks						
05	00	00	44	Wave Data						
05 05	00	01# 02#	0000000a 0bbbbbbb	Target V.Tr.	abbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16					

05	00	05	1	oc	-	7 F	i	Packet	Data	Buffer						
: 05	nn	: mm	#	:			ļ			{	nn	mm	Packet	Byte	Length	 1

05 00 00 000000aa Wave Data 05 00 01 0bbbbbb aabbbbbbbccccccc = 16bit 2*s Competent data | 05 00 02 0cccccc

♦Response 45 Track Name

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks							
05 00 00	45	Track Name							
05 00 01# 05 00 02#	00000000a 0bbbbbbbb	Target V.Tr.	abbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16						
05 00 03# 05 00 04#	20 - 7E 20 - 7E	Name - 1 Name - 2	(ASCII)						
05 00 12#	20 - 7E	Name - 16							

◆Response 46 Event List (1) - Full Parameter Sequence

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks									
05 00 00	46	Event List (1) - Full Parameter Sequence									
05 00 01# 05 00 02#		Target V.Tr. aaaaaaabbbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16, cake(=3FFF									
05 00 03# 05 00 04#		Packet Number aaaaaaabbbbbbb = 0 - 1638									
05 00 05#	00 - 7F	Packet Data Buffer									

Data Seque	ence (Even	t Parameter)
00 00 30 00 00 01 00 00 02	000000aa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc	Event Number aabbbbbbbccccccc = 0000,,,FFFE
00 00 03 00 00 04 00 00 05 00 00 06	0aaaaaa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc 0dddddd	Start Time aaaaaaabbbbbbbbccccccddddddd ~ 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
00 00 07 00 00 08 00 00 09 00 00 0A	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc 0dddddd	End Time aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccdddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
00 00 0B 00 00 0C 00 00 0D 00 00 0E	0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc 0dddddd	aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0.,,268435455block (1block=16sample)
00 00 0F 00 00 10 00 00 11	000000aa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc	aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,,,FFFE,
00 00 12 00 00 13 00 00 14	000000aa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc	aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,,,FFFE,
00 00 15 00 00 16 00 00 17	ddddddd0	Archive Flag aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,,,FFFF
00 00 18 00 00 19 00 00 1A	Cobbbbbb	aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,,,FFFF
00 00 IB 00 00 IC	0000000a 0bbbbbbb	Target V.Tr. abbbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16,
00 00 1D	00 - 01	Sub Take ORG, SUE
00 00 1E 00 00 1F 00 00 20	000000aa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc	aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,.,FFFE
00 00 21 00 00 22 00 00 23 00 00 24 00 00 25 00 00 26 00 00 27 00 00 28 00 00 29	00 - 3B 00 - 3B 00 - 17 00 - 06 00 - 1E 00 - 0B 000000aa 0bbbbbbb	•

	00 00 :	00	2A 2P	*	20 20	-	7e 7e		Name Name	-	1 2	ASCII	
İ	00	00	39	1	20	٠	7 e	1	Name	-	16		١

♦ Response 47 Event List (2) - Event Number Sequence

Sta		Data	Contents and remarks
05	00 00	47	Event List (2) - Event Number Sequence
		0aaaaaaa 0bbbbbbbb	Target V.Tr. aaaaaaabbbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16, take(=3FFF)
		Caaaaaaa Cbbbbbbb	Packet Number aaaaaaabbbbbbb = 0 - 16383
05 :	00 05#	00 - 7F :	Packet Data Buffer
05	nn mm#	1	(nn mm = Packet Byte Length - 1)

į	Dat	ca .	Seque	ence		***************************************		-
	0.0	00		000000aa Obbbbbbb 0cccccc	Event	Number	aabbbbbbbccccccc = 0000,,,FFFE	- The same of the

♦Response 48 Event List (3) - Event List Pointer: Top,Bottom,Count

Start address		888	Data	Contents and remarks	
05	0.0	00	49	Event List (3) - Event List Pointer: Top.Bottom.Count	
		01# 02#		Target V.Tr. aaaaaaabbbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16, take(=3FFF)	
00	00	03# 04# 05#		Event List Top aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,FFFE, Termination(=FFFF)	
00	0.0	06# 07# 06#	dqqqqqq	Event List Bottom aabbbbbbbccccccc = 0000,,,FFFE, Termination(=FFFF)	
	00	09# 0A# 0B#	ddddddd0	Event List Count aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,,,FFFF	

♦Response 49 Event Parameter

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
05 00 00		Event Parameter
05 00 01 05 00 02 05 00 03	000000aa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc	Event Number aabbbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,,,FFFE
05 00 04 05 00 05 05 00 06 05 00 07	Oaaaaaa Obbbbbbb Occcccc Oddddddd	Start Time aaaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)
05 00 08 05 00 09 05 00 0A 05 00 0B	Oaaaaaaa Obbbbbbb Occcccc Oddddddd	<pre>aaaaaaabbbbbbbcccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block (lblock=16sample)</pre>
05 00 0C 05 00 0D 05 00 0E 05 00 0F	Osasasas Obbbbbbb Occecce Oddddddd	<pre>aaaaaaabbbbbbbccccccddddddd = 0,,,268435455block {1block=16sample}</pre>
05 00 10 05 00 11 05 00 12	000000aa Oddddddd Occcccc	aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000, ., FFFE,
05 00 13 05 00 14 05 00 15	000000aa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc	aabbbbbbbcccccc = 9000,,,FFFE,
05 00 16 05 00 17 05 00 18	0000000aa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc	aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,,,FFFF
05 00 19 05 00 1A 05 00 1B	000000aa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc	UNDC Level aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,,,FFFF
05 00 1C 05 00 1D	0000000a Obbbbbbb	Target V.Tr. abbbbbbb = V.Tr.1-1,,,V.Tr.16-16,
05 00 1E	00 - 01	Sub Take ORG, SUB

	05	00 00 00		000000aa 0bbbbbbb 0cccccc	From Original Event Number of Take List aabbbbbbbcccccc = 0000,,,FFFE
A DESTRUCTIVE THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE SECURE A	05 05 05 05 05 05	00 00 00	23 24 25 26 27 28 29	00 - 3B 00 - 3B 00 - 17 00 - 06 00 - 1E 00 - 0B 000000aa 0bbbbbbb	Time&Date (second) 0,,,59 (minute) 0,,,59 (hour; 0,,23 (day) 1,,,7 (date) 1,,,31 (month) (year) aabbbbbbcccccc = 1980,,2679
		00 00		20 - 7e 20 - 7e	Name - 1 ASCII Name - 2
l	05	00	3 A	20 - 7e	Name - 16

Sync Track Data

Start address	Data	Contents and remarks
08 00 00 08 00 01 08 00 02 08 00 03	00000000	Sync Track Data 1 aaaabbbbccccdddd
08 00 04 08 00 05 08 00 06 08 00 07	0000aaaa 0000bbbb 0000cccc 0000dddd	Sync Track Data 2 aaaabbbbccccdddd
CB OC O8	DOOCaaaa	Sync Track Data 3
OF 7f 7B	0000dadd]	Sync Track Data 32767
0F 7F 7C 0F 7F 7D 0F 7F 7E 0F 7F 7F		Sync Track Data 32768 aaaabbbbccccdddd

3. MIDI Machine Control

EMIDI Machine Control Details

●STOP(MCS)

Status	Data Byte	Status
FOH	7FH,Dev,06H,01H	F7H
Byte	Description	
F0H	Status of System Exclu	sive Message
7FH	Universal System Excl	usive Message Realtime Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
06H	MMC Command Mess	sage
01H	STOP (MCS)	
F7H	EOX (End of System E	xclusive Message)

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 stops immediately.

If the transport switch [STOP] was pressed, the VS-1880 transmits as the device ID 7FH.

●PLAY(MCS)

Status	Data Byte	Status
FOH	7FH,Dev,06H,02H	F7H
Byte	Description	
F0H	Status of System Exclu	sive Message
7FH	Universal System Excl	usive Message Realtime Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
06H	MMC Command Mess	sage
02H	PLAY (MCS)	
F7H	EOX (End of System E	xclusive Message)

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 goes into the playback condition. The VS-1880 does not transmit this message.

●DEFERRED PLAY(MCS)

Status FOH	<u>Data Bytes</u> 7FH,Dev,06H,03H	Siatus F7H
Byte	Description	
F0H	Status of System Exclusive	e Message
7FH	Universal System Exclusive	e Message Realtime Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
06H	MMC Command Message	•
03H	DEFERRED PLAY (MCS)	
F7H	EOX (End of System Exch	isive Message)

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 goes into the playback condition after the locate operation.

If the transport switch [PLAY] was pressed, the VS-1880 transmits as the device ID 7FH.

Status

•FAST FORWARD(MCS)

Data Bytes

FOH	7FH,Dev,06H,03H	F7H
Byte	Description	
FOH	Status of System Exclus	sive Message
7FH	Universal System Exclu	usive Message Realtime Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
06H	MMC Command Mess	age
03H	DEFERRED PLAY (MC	CS)
F7H	EOX (End of System Ex	clusive Message)

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 goes into the fast forward condition.

The VS-1880 does not transmit the message.

●REWIND(MCS)

Status FOH	<u>Data Bytes</u> 7FH,Dev,06H,05H	<u>Status</u> F7H
Byte	Description	
FOH	Status of System Exclu	sive Message
7FH	Universal System Excl	usive Message Realtime Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
06H	MMC Command Mess	age
05H	REWIND (MCS)	
F7H	FOX (End of System E	xclusive Message)

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 goes into the rewind condition.

The VS-1880 does not transmit the message.

ORECORD STROBE

Status	Data Bytes	Status
FOH	7FH,Dev,06H,06H	F7H
Byte	Description	
FOH	Status of System Exclu	sive Message
	•	usive Message Realtime Header
7FH	•	usive Message Realtime rieader
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
06H	MMC Command Mess	age
06H	RECORD STROBE	
C7LJ	ECY (End of System E	chicina Maccana)

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 goes into the following condition.

- 1. The VS-1880 is in the playback condition. Start Recording the tracks that status are the record standby mode.
- The VS-1880 is in the stop condition. Start Playing back, and Start Recording the track that status are the record standby mode.

If the transport switch [REC] was pressed out of the recording condition, the VS-1880 transmits as the device ID 7FH.

ORECORD EXIT

Status .	<u>Data Byles</u> Status	
F0H	7FH,Dev,06H,07H F7H	
Byte	Description	
FOH	Status of System Exclusive Message	
7FH	Universal System Exclusive Message Realtime Header	
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
0614	MMC Command Message	
07H	RECORD EXIT	
F7H	EOX (End of System Exclusive Message)	

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 exits from the record condition.

If the transport switch [REC] was pressed while recording, the VS-1880 transmits as the device ID 7FH.

•MMC RESET

Status F0H	<u>Data Bytes</u> 7FH,Dev,06H,0DH	Status F7H
Byte	Description	
FOH	Status of System Exclu	sive Message
7FH	Universal System Excl	usive Message Realtime Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
06H	MMC Command Mess	sage
0DH	MMC RESET	_
F7H	EOX (End of System E	actusive Message)

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 resets all communication channels related with MMC. When powered on the VS-1880 transmits as the device ID 7FH.

OWRITE

Status	Data Byles	Status
FOH	7FH,Dev,06H,40H,ccH,ddH,eeH,,,ffH,,,	F7H
Byte	Description	
FOH	Status of System Exclusive Message	
7FH	Universal System Exclusive Message Realti	me Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
06H	MMC Command Message	
40H	WRITE	
ccH	Information Bytes follows the command	
ddH	The name of the writable Information Field	
eeH	Information Field Format	
:	:	
ſſН	Field names and data	
:	:	
F7H	EOX (End of System Exclusive Message)	

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 writes the data to the specified information field.

The VS-1880 does not transmit the message.

MASKED WRITE

Status	Data Bytes Status
FOH	7FH,Dev,06H,41H,04H,ddH,eeH,ffH,ggH F7H
Byte	Description
FOH	Status of System Exclusive Message
7FH	Universal System Exclusive Message Realtime Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)
06H	MMC Command Message
41H	MASKED WRITE
04H	Number of Bytes follows the command
ddH	The name of the masked type writable Information Field

eeH Byte number to write in the Bit Map ffH Bit location of the bit map byte to change ggH New data to write to the specified bit map byte EOX (End of System Exclusive Message)

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 writes the data to the specified bit map byte.

The VS-1880 does not transmit the message.

●LOCATE(MCP)

OFormat 1 - LOCATE[I/F]

Status	Data Bytes	Status
F0H	7FH,Dev,06H,44H,02H,00H,nnH	F7H
Byte	Description	
F0H	Status of System Exclusive Message	
7FH	Universal System Exclusive Message	Realtime Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
06H	MMC Command Message	
44H	LOCATE(MCP)	
02H	Number of Bytes	
00H	"I/F" sub command	
nnH	Information Field (08H, 09H, 0AH, 0B	H, 0CH, 0DH, 0EH, 0FH)
F7H	EOX (End of System Exclusive Messaj	ge)
	•	-
If the device I	D on the message was as same as that of the r	ecaiving device or 75H

me as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 locates the selected time location stored to the specified information field. The VS-1880 does not transmit the message.

DFormat 2 - LOCATE[TARGET]

Siatus FOH	<u>Data Bytes</u> 7FH,Dev,06H,44H,06H,01H, hrH,mnH,scH,frH,ffH	Status F7H
Byle	Description	
FOH	Status of System Exclusi	ive Message
7FH	Universal System Exclus	sive Message Realtime Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	-
06H	MMC Command Messa	ge
44H	LOCATE(MCP)	
06H	Number of Bytes	
01H	"TARGET" sub commar	nd
hrH, mnH, scH, fr	rH, ffH Standard Time with Sub	Frame
F7H	EOX (End of System Exc	clusive Message)

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 locates the specified time location received from the command. If the efficient locate switch [LOC?] or Marker switch [PREVIOUS][NEXT] is pressed, the VS-1880 transmits as the device ID 7FH.

OMOVE

Status FOH	<u>Data Bytes</u> 7FH,Dev,06H,4CH,02H,ddH,5sH	Status F7H
<u>Byte</u>	Description	
FOH	Status of System Exclusive Message	
7FH	Universal System Exclusive Message Real	time Header
Dev	Device ID (or 7FH)	
06H	MMC Command Message	
4CH	MOVE	
02H	Number of Bytes	
ddH	Name of the Efficient Destination Information	stion Field
	(08H,09H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH)	
ssH	Name of the Efficient Source Information	Field (01H)
F7H	EOX (End of System Exclusive Message)	

If the device ID on the message was as same as that of the receiving device or 7FH, the VS-1880 transfers the data on the selected source information field to the destination Information Field, if the name of both information fields is efficient.

The VS-1880 does not transmit the message.

●The efficient Information Field

The followings are the efficient Information Field on the VS-1880.

The name of the efficient destination Information Field:

01H	SELECTED TIME CODE
08H	GP0 / LOCATE POINT
09H	GP1
0AH	GP2
0BH	GP3
0CH	GP4
0DH	GP5
0EH	CP6
0FH	GP7
4FH	TRACK RECORD READY

4. Appendices

Decimal and Hexadecimal table

(Hexadecimal number is shown with H.)

In MIDI documentation, data values and addresses/sizes of system exclusive messages etc. are expressed as hexadecimal values for each 7 bits.

The following table shows how these correspond to decimal numbers.

d	ec	hex	dec	hex	dec	hex	dec	hex
İ	0	00H	32	20H	64	40H	96	60H
1	1	OIH	33	21H	65	41H	97	61H
- 1	2	02H	34	22H	66	42H	98	62H
i	3	03H	35	23H	67	43H	99	63H
-	4	04H	36	24H	68	44H	100	64H
i i	1 2 3 4 5 6	05H	37	25H	69	45H	101	65H
		06H	38	26H	70	46H	102	66H
	7	07H	19	27H	71	47H	103	67H
	8	08H	40	28H	72	48H	104	68H
	9	09H	41	29H	73	49H	105	69H
	10	DAH	42	2AH	74	4AH	106	6AH
	13	OBH	43	28H	75	4BH	107	6BH
	12	OCH	44	2CH	76	4 CH	108	6CH
	13	ODH	45	2DH	77	4 DH	109	6DH
	14	0EH	46	ZEH	78	4 EH	110	6EH
	15	OFH	47	2FH	79	4FH	111	6FH
	1€	108	48	30H	90	50H	112	70H
	17	11H	49	31H	51	51H	113	71H
	18	12H	50	32H	82	52H	114	72H
	19	13H	51	33H	83	53H	115	73H
	20	14H	52	34H	84	54H	116	74H
	21	15H	53	35H	85	55H	117	75H
- 1	22	16H	54	36H	86	56H	118	76H
- 1	23	17H	55	37H	87	57H	119	77H
	24	188	56	38H	88	58H	120	78H
	25	19H	57	39H	89	59H	121	79H
	26	1AH	58	3AH	90	5AH	122	7AH
	27	1BH	59	3 PH	91	5BH	123	7 BH
	28	1CH	60	3CE	92	5CH	124	7CH
	29	1DH	61	3DH	93	5DH	125	7DH.
i	30	1EH	62	3EH	94	5 £ H	126	7EH
	31	1FH	63	3FH (95	5FH	127	7 FH

- Decimal values such as MIDI channel, bank select, and program change are listed as one (1) greater than the values given in the above table.
- A 7-bit byte can express data in the range of 128 steps. For data where greater precision is required, we must use two or more bytes. For example, two hexadecimal numbers aa bbH expressing two 7-bit bytes would indicate a value of aa x 128 + bb.
- In the case of values which have a Å] sign, 00H = -64, 40H = Å]0, and 7FH = +63, so that the decimal expression would be 64 less than the value given in the above chart. In the case of two types, 00 00H = -8192, 40 00H = Å J0, and 7F 7FH = +8191.
- Data marked "nibbled" is expressed in hexadecimal in 4-bit units. A value expressed as a 2-byte nibble $0a\ 0bH$ has the value of a $\times 16 + b$.

<Ex.1> What is 5AH in decimal system? 5AH = 90 according to the above table.

<Ex.ÇQ>What in decimal system is 12034H in hexadecimal of every 7 bit? 12H = 18,34H = 52 according to the above table. So $18 \times 128 + 52 = 2356$.

<Ex.3> What in decimal system is 0A 03 09 0D in nibble system? 0AH = 10,03H = 3,09H = 9,0DH = 13 according to the table. So $((10 \times 16 + 3) \times 16 + 9) \times 16 + 13 = 41885$.

<Ex. 4> What in nibble system is 1258 in decimal system?

16) 1258

16) 78 ... 10 16) 4 ... 14

0 = 00H, 4 = 04H, 14 = 0EH, 10 = 0AH According to the table. So it is 00 04 0E 0AH.

Example of system exclusive message and Checksum calculation

On Roland system exclusive message (DT1), checksum is added at the end of transmitted data (in front of F7) to check the message is received correctly. Value of checksum is defined by address and data (or size) of the system exclusive message to be transmitted.

♦How to calculate checksum (Hexadecimal number is shown with H.)

Checksum is a value which lower 7 bit of the sum of address, size and checksum itself turns to be 0.

If the address of the system exclusive message to be transmitted is aa bb ccH and data or size is dd ee ffH,

aa + bb + cc + dd + ee + ff = sum sum / 128 = quotient and odd When odd is 0, 0 = checksum When odd is other than 0, 128 - odd = checksum

■MIDI Machine Control (MMC) Command, Information Field / Response Reference

●Commands Recognized

 Command
 Action

 01H STOP
 STOP

 02H PLAY
 PLAY

 03H DEFERRED PLAY
 PLAY

 04H FAST FORWARD
 FF

 05H REWIND
 REW

06H RECORD STROBE REC / PUNCH IN 07H RECORD EXIT PUNCH OUT 0DH MMC RESET RESET

40H WRITE Write to Information Fields
41H MASKED WRITE Set Track Status Information Fields
44H 00H LOCATE 1/F
4H 01H LOCATE TARGET LOCATE (Designated Time)
4CH MOVE Move between Information fields

●Commands Transmitted

 Command
 Action

 01H STOP
 STOP

 03H DEFERRED PLAY
 PLAY

 06H RECORD STROBE
 REC / PUNCH IN

 07H RECORD EXIT
 PUNCH OUT

0DH MMC RESET RESET
44H 01H LOCATE TARGET LOCATE

●Valid Information Fields / Response

Information Field **Valid Commands** Interpret 01H SELECTED TIME CODE Current Time MOVE(FROM) MOVE(FROM), MOVE(TO), WRITE 08H GP0 / LOCATE POINT Locator 1 MOVE(FROM), MOVE(TO), WRITE 09H GP1 Locator 2 0AH GP2 MOVE(FROM), MOVE(TO), WRITE Locator 3 OBH GP3 Locator 4 MOVE(FROM), MOVE(TO), WRITE 0CH GP4 0DH GP5 Locator 5 MOVE(FROM), MOVE(TO), WRITE MOVE(FROM), MOVE(TO), WRITE Locator 6 MOVE(FROM), MOVE(TO), WRITE Locator 7 0FH GP7 Locator 8 MOVE(FROM), MOVE(TO), WRITE 4FH TRACK RECORD READY Track Status MASKED WRITE, WRITE

24-bit Digital Studio Recorder Model VS-1880 Date : Feb. 01 2000 Version : 1.00

MIDI Implementation Chart

Fı	unction	Transmitte	d	Recognized		Remarks	***************************************
Basic Channel	Default Changed	1 - 16 1 - 16	•1	1 - 16			
Mode	Default Messages Altered	Mode 3		Mode 3 x x	• •		
Note Number :	True Voice	0 - 127	*1	o 36 - 84, 36 - 60	*10		
Velocity	Note On Note Off	1 - 127 x 9n, v = 0	•1	x x			
After Touch	Key's Channel's	o x	*12	x x			
Pitch Bende	er	×		o	*10		
Control Change	0, 32 3, 35 6, 38 7, 39, 68 10, 42, 70 12, 44, 71 13, 45, 72 14, 46, 73 15, 47, 74 16, 48, 75 17, 49, 76 18, 50, 77 19, 51, 78 20, 52, 79 21, 53, 80 22, 54, 81 23, 55, 82 24, 56, 83 25, 57, 84 26, 58, 85 27, 59, 86 28, 60, 87 29, 61, 88 30, 62, 89 64 96, 97 98, 99 102 103	x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			. *	Bank Select Track Status Data Entry LSB, MSB Mix Send/Master Level Mix Send/Master Pan EO L Freq. EO L Gain EO M Freq. EO H Gain EO M Gain EO M Gain EO H Gain FX1 Sand Level FX1 Sand Level FX2 Send Level FX2 Send Level FX3 Send Level FX3 Send Pan FX3 Send Level FX4 Send Pan FX3 Send Pan FX3 Send Pan FX4 Send Pan FX3 Send Pan FX4 Send Pan FX5 Send Pan FX6 Send Pan FX7 Send Level FX8 Send Pan Mix Offset Bal Hold Data Inc, Dec NIPPN LSB, MSB Monlitor Level Monitor Bal	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Program Change :	True Number	X ****************		0 0-99 0-7	•3	Effect #0 - #99 Scene #1- #8	
System Exc		0	*4	0	*5	*6	
Common	Quarter Frame Song Position Song Select Tune	0 X X	*7 *8	0 x x x	•7		
Real	: Clock	0	*8	0	•9		
: Aux : Lc : Ai : Ai	: Commands I Sound Off seet All Controllers scal on/off I Notes Off ctive Sensing ystem Reset	0 X X X X X		O			,
Notes		*1 MIDI Metronome C 2 MID:CtrType=C.C 2 MID:CtrType=C.C 3 Effect when MIDI (I) 4 MID:SysEx.Tx=Or 5 MID:SysEx.Tx=Or 6 When MID:CtrTyp 77 Syn:Gen.=MTC Or 8 Syn:Gen.=MIDIclk 9 When Algorithm2 11 When Algorithm2 11 When Algorithm3	Only CH=1, 2, S Only Only E=Excl, Mi or SyncTr Sync Track (Voice T (Voice T	cene when MIDI CH=16. XER Set and MMC. Only	-MIDI		=16

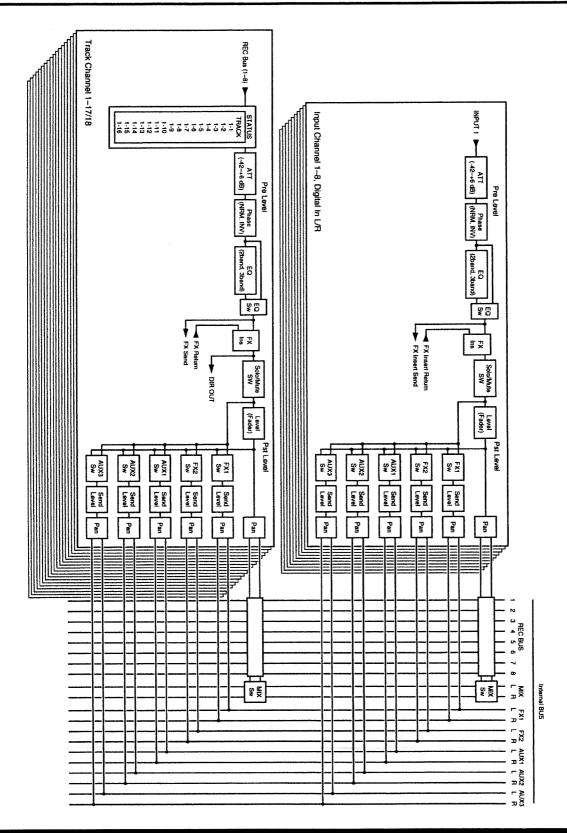
Mode 1 : OMNI ON, POLY Mode 3 : OMNI OFF, POLY Mode 2 : OMNI ON, MONO Mode 4 : OMNI OFF, MONO

x:No

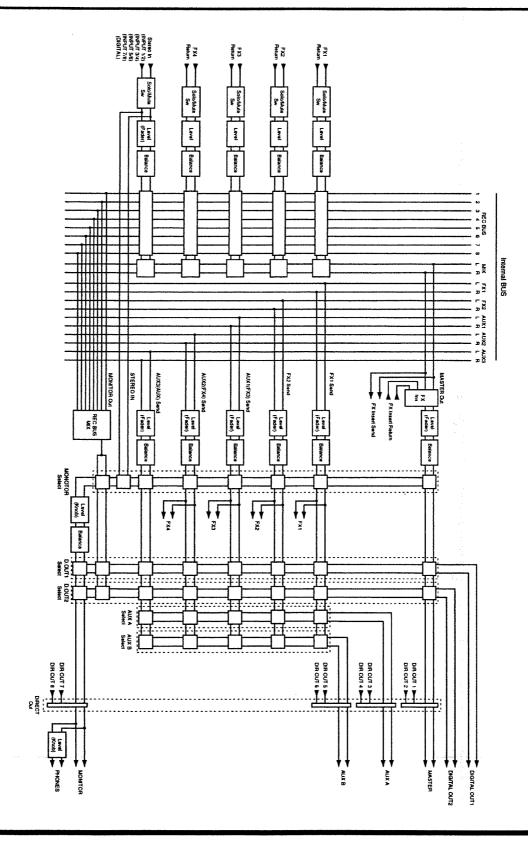
The mixer operation is transmitted and received through the MIDI Control Change. Therefore, general MIDI Sequencers can record or play the mixer operation simply. The VS-1880 uses some Control Change Number in order to original parameter controls which is different from the MIDI standard.

Mixer Section Block Diagram

Input Mixer and Track Mixer



Master Block



Track Sheet

Π								S	зск	:TT-	Λ							1		ヸ	IJ
		16	5	14	ౘ	12	==	1 0	9	8	7	တ	55	4	ω	2				ack Ck	<u> </u>
																		1		Sheet (1)	nd° VS-
	LOCATOR																	2			
																		3		Song Name _ □Internal □	Project
																		4	=]Removable	
																		5	acks	Backing up to	Artist _
	SC																	6			
	ENE																	7		Date	Client
																		8			
		LOCATOR SCENE	LOCATOR	LOCATOR	LOCATOR	LOCATOR	LOCATOR	LOCATOR	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	9 10 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 16 17 17 17 17 17 17	8	LOCATOR	6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	5	4	3	2 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 2 3 4 5 6 7 3 3 4 5 6 7 4 4 6 6 7 5 6 7 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Tracks 1	ack Sheet (1) Song Name Tracks Trac

V-Tracks Roland®VS-1880 Track Sheet (2) = | = NOTES Tracks

Specifications

VS-1880

24 bit Digital Studio Workstation

* In the interest of product improvement, the specifications and/ or appearance of this unit are subject to change without prior notice.

Tracks

Tracks:

V-Tracks: 288 (16 V-Tracks per each Track)

- * Up to 8 tracks can be recorded simultaneously, and up to 18 tracks can be played back simultaneously.
- * When set the Record Mode to "MAS" or "CDR," up to 8 tracks can be recorded simultaneously. However, up to 8 tracks can be played back simultaneously.
- When set the Record Mode to except "MAS" or "CDR," up to 18 tracks can be played back simultaneously and 8 tracks can be recorded simultaneously. However, when also set the Sample Rate to "48 kHz" or set the Vari Pitch to "On," up to 6 tracks can be recorded simultaneously.

Maximum Useful Capacity

128 G bytes:

2 G bytes (capacity) x

8 (Partition) x

8 (Disk Drive)

Internal Memory

Songs:

200 songs for each device (VS-1880, VS-880,

VS-1680, VS-880EX or VSR-880: each partition)

The total songs is limited to 500.

Channel Equalizers

3-Band (HI, MID, LOW) or 2-Band (HI, LOW) Selectable

* Up to 16 channels can be used with the 3-Band equalizers. Up to **28 channels** can be used with the 2-Band equalizers.

Recording Mode

Multitrack Pro (MTP)

CD Writing (CDR)

Mastering (MAS)

Multitrack 1 (MT1)

Multitrack 2 (MT2)

Live 1 (LIV)

Live 2 (LV2)

Signal Processing

AD Conversion:

24 bits, 64 times oversampling

DA Conversion:

24 bits, 128 times oversampling

Sample Rate

48.0 kHz, 44.1 kHz, 32.0 kHz

* Sample rate can be adjusted around 22.00-50.48 kHz (maximum) by using vari-pitch function.

Frequency Response

Sample Rate

48.0 kHz:

20 Hz-22 kHz (+0.2 dB/-0.2 dB)

44.1 kHz:

20 Hz-20 kHz (+0.2 dB/-0.2 dB)

32.0 kHz:

20 Hz-14 kHz (+0.2 dB/-0.2 dB)

Total Harmonic Distortion (INPUT SENS: 0 dBu, 1 kHz at nominal output level)

0.005 % or less (recording mode: MTP)

Recording Time (at 2 G bytes, conversion in 1 track, unit:minutes)

Recording	S	Sample Rate	
<u>Mode</u>	48.0 kHz	44.1 kHz	32.0 kHz
MTP	742	808	1,114
CDR	370	404	556
MAS	370	404	556
MT1	742	808	1,114
MT2	990	1078	1,484
LIV1	1,188	1,292	1,782
LV2	1,484	1,616	2,228

- The above-listed recording times are approximate. Times may be slightly depending on the specifications of the disk drive and on the number of songs that were created.
- * When set the Record Mode to "CDR," the unit will function as a four-pair stereo recorder, and above-listed recording times will be half.

Nominal Input Level (variable)

Input1-2:

-50- +4 dBu (maximum +26 dBu:Balanced,

maximum +20 dBu:Unbalanced)

Input3-8:

-50- +4 dBu (maximum +26 dBu:Balanced,

maximum +20 dBu:Unbalanced)

Guitar (Hi-Z): -50- +4 dBu (maximum +26 dBu:Balanced,

maximum +20 dBu:Unbalanced)

Input Impedance

Input1-2:

30 k ohm

Input3-8:

30 k ohm

Guitar (Hi-Z):

500 k ohm

Nominal Output Level

Master Out:

0 dBu

AUX A (L, R):

0 dBu

AUX B (L, R):

 $0 \, dBu$

Monitor Out:

0 dBu

Output Impedance

Master Out:

1 k ohm

AUX A (L, R):

1 k ohm

AUX B (L, R):

1 k ohm

Monitor Out:

1 k ohm

Headphones:

22 ohm

Recommended load Impedance

Master Out:

10 k ohm or greater

AUX A (L, R):

10 k ohm or greater

AUX B (L, R):

10 k ohm or greater

Monitor Out:

10 k ohm or greater

Headphones:

8-50 ohm

Residual Noise Level (input terminated with 1 k ohm, INPUT SENS = LINE, IHF-A, typ.)

Master Out:

-82 dBu or less

AUX A (L, R):

-82 dBu or less

AUX B (L, R):

-82 dBu or less

Monitor Out:

-82 dBu or less

Interface Connectors

SCSI:

DB-25 type

Digital I/O:

Coaxial, Optical (conforms to S/P DIF)

Display

320 x 240 dots, Graphic LCD (with backlit)

Connectors

SCSI Connector (DB-25 type)

MIDI Connectors (IN, OUT/THRU)

Input Jack 1-2 (XLR type, balanced, phantom power)

Input Jack 3-8 (1/4 inch phone type, TRS balanced)

Guitar (Hi-Z) Jack (1/4 inch phone type)

Digital In Connectors (Coaxial type, Optical type)

Digital Out Connectors (Coaxial type, Optical type)

Foot Switch Jack (1/4 inch phone type)

Headphones Jack (Stereo 1/4 inch phone type)

AUX A Send Jack L/R (RCA phono type)

AUX B Send Jack L/R (RCA phono type)

Master Out Jack L/R (RCA phono type)

Monitor Out Jack L/R (RCA phono type)

Power Supply

AC 117 V, AC 230 V or AC 240 V

Power Consumption

33 W (Including internal hard disk)

Dimension

554 (W) x 336 (D) x 109 (H) mm

21-13/16 (W) x 13-1/4 (D) x 4-5/16 (H) inches

Weight

6.3 kg (Excluding internal hard disk)

13 lbs 15 oz

Accessories

AC Cord

User Guide

Owner's Manual

Appendices

Options

Internal Hard Disk Drive Unit: HDP88 Series

Effect Expansion Board:VS8F-2

Roland CD Recorder

(0 dBu = 0.775 V rms)

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Information

When you need repair service, call your nearest Roland Service Center or authorized Roland distributor in your country as shown below.



EGYPT

Al Fanny Trading Office P.O. Box 2904, El Horrieh Heliopolos, Cairo, EGYPT TEL: (02) 4185531

REUNION

Maison FO - YAM Marcel 25 Rue Jules Merman, ZL Chaudron - BP79 97491 Ste Clotilde REUNION TEL: 28 29 16

SOUTH AFRICA That Other Music Shop

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Paul Bothner (PTY) Ltd. 17 Werdmuller Centre Claremon 7700 Republic of SOUTH AFRICA

P.O. Box 23032 Claremont, Cape Town SOUTH AFRICA, 7735 TEL: (021) 64 4030



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